

## **UNIVERSITY OF LAMPUNG**

## FACULTY OF TEACHER TRAINING AND EDUCATION

**Department of Physics Education** 

Jl. Prof. Dr. Soemantri Brodjonegoro No. 1 Bandar Lampung 35145

## **MODULE HANDBOOK**

Bachelor in Physics education

Module name	History of Physics Development
Module level	Undergraduate
Code	KFI620106
Courses	History of Physics Development
Description	This course provides knowledge and insight into the development of physics as a discipline. After completing this lecture, students are expected to be able to understand the development of physics as a discipline and the problems and thoughts behind it. The scope of the lecture includes: Physics in Ancient Babylon and Egypt, Ancient Greek Physics, the Islamic Period, and the development of Classical Physics and Modern Physics. Development of Classical Physics and Modern Physics. This course also reviews literature on topics concerning an aspect of physics or the contribution of a nation to the development of physics. Physics or the contribution of a nation to the development of physics, which includes the contribution of China, India, Japan, and Indonesia. Development of Mechanics in Each Period, Development of Heat Science in Each Period, in this lecture also discussed development of branches of physics in various periods.
Semester	Odd
Lecturer	Dr. Chandra Ertikanto, M.Pd Dr. Viyanti, M.Pd.
Contact Person	+62 852-7969-5511
Language	Indonesian
Relation to curriculum	Undergraduate degree program, Mandatory, 2rd semester
Type of teaching, contact hours	Presentations, discussions, and Q&As.
Workload	Contact hours: 14 weeks x 100 minutes Structured learning: 14 weeks x 120 minutes Independent study: 14 weeks x 120 minutes

Credit points	
Credit politis	2 (2-0) CP or 3.2 (ECTS)
	((14 weeks x 100 minutes) + (14 weeks x 120 minutes) + (14
	weeks x 120 minutes) : 60 minutes/hour = 80 hours : 25 hours
	study/ECTS = 3.2 (ECTS)
Requirements	A student must have attended at least 80% of the lectures to sit in
according to the	the exams.
Examination	
regulations	
Learning	After completing this module, a student is expected to:
outcomes (course	1. KNO-1: Demonstrate knowledge of classical physics
outcomes) and	(mechanics, electrodynamics, thermodynamics, oscillations,
their	waves and optics) and are familiar with the fundamentals of
corresponding	quantum, atomic and molecular, nuclear, elementary particle
PLOs Compotonsios/	and solid state physics.
Competencies/ Course Learning	Students are able to analyze the relationship between force
Outcomes	and vibration in everyday life.
Outcomes	Students are able to understand the concepts of physics
	during the Babylonian period.
	3. Students are able to understand the concepts of physics in
	ancient Egypt.
	4. Students are able to understand the concept of physics in ancient Greece.
	5. Students are able to understand the concept of physics during the Islamic period.
	6. Students are able to understand the development of classical physics.
	7. Students are able to understand the development of modern
	physics.
	Students are able to understand China's contribution to the development of physics.
	Students are able to understand India's contribution to the development of physics.
	10. Students are able to understand Japan's contribution to the
	development of physics.
	11. Students are able to understand Indonesia's contribution to
	the development of physics.
	12. Students are able to understand the development of
	mechanics in each period.
	13. Students are able to understand the development of heat
	science in each period.

Contents	1. The concept of physics in the babylonian period.
	2. Introduction to the concept of physics in ancient Egypt.
	3. Ancient Greek physics
	4. Physics in Islamic Times
	5. The development of classical physics
	6. The development of modern physics
	7. China's contribution to the development of physics
	8. India's contribution to the development of physics
	9. Japan's contribution to the development of physics
	10. Indonesia's contribution to the development of physics
	11. development of mechanics in each period
	12. The development of heat science in each period
Study and	participants are evaluated based on ;
examination	1. Participation Activities (10%)
requirements and	2. Quizzes (20%)
forms of	3. Assignment (30%)
examination	4. Final Semester Exam (20%)
	5. Midterm exams (20%)
Media employed	LCD, whiteboard, and online resources
Assessments and	Written tests, assignments and quizzes.
Evaluation	
Reading list	1. Cajori F. 1968. A History of Physics. New York: Duver
	Publication Inc.
	2. <a href="http://hyperphysics.phy-astr.edu">http://hyperphysics.phy-astr.edu</a>
	3. <a href="http://www.aip.org/history/syllabi/index.html">http://www.aip.org/history/syllabi/index.html</a>
	4. <u>http://www.astr.ucla.edu/wright</u>
	5. <u>http://www.iptek.net.id</u>
	6. <u>http://www.wikipedia-encyclopedia</u>
	7. Jacoubs, BourL. 1960. History of Physics.
	8. Physics 5th Ed. New York: McGraw-Hill Book Company Inc.