Atomic Structure/History - Mixed Practice Answers

1.) The removal (A) Na	of an electron fro (B) Cl	m which gaseous (C) K	s atom requires the greate (D) Br	st amount of energy?
2.) How many valence electrons are in a persulfate ion, SO_5^{2-} ? (A) 32 (B) 34 (C) 36 (D) 38				
3.) Which has the (A) F	e highest ionizati (B) Ne	on energy for the (C) Na	e removal of the <i>second</i> ele (D) Mg	ectron?
4.) What is the w (A) 3.05×10^{-5} m		noton with an energy 1.000 1.00 1.00	ergy of 6.51 x 10 ⁻²¹ J? (C) 4.61 x 10 ²⁸ m	(D) 2.17 x 10 ⁻²⁹ m
5.) What is the m (A) 6	naximum number (B) 8	of electrons that (C) 10	t occupy the n=3 level? (D) 18	
6.) Which atoms (A) Li	has the largest a (B) K	tomic radius? (C) As	(D) Br	
7.) Which quantum numbers represent the orbitals being filled in the ground state for the elements Sc (21) to Zn (30)? (A) $n=3$, $l=1$ (B) $n=3$, $l=2$ (C) $n=4$, $l=1$ (D) $n=4$, $l=2$				
8.) Which pair consists of species that are isoelectronic (Same number of electrons)? (A) Na ⁺ , K ⁺ (B) Cl, Cl ⁻ (C) Fe ²⁺ , Mn ²⁺ (D) Ar, Ca ²⁺				
 9.) Which properties of electromagnetic radiation are inversely related? (A) amplitude and frequency (B) frequency and wavelength (C) energy and frequency (D) wavelength and amplitude 				