



The Title of Articles in English Should Describe The Main Content of Manuscripts, be Informative, Concise, and not too Wordy (12-15 words only), and does not Contain Formulas, Place, or Years

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ABSTRACT

Use Garamond 10pt with one space between the lines. The left indent is 2.5 cm and the right indent is 0 cm Written briefly in English in one paragraph of 150-200 words. The abstract contains a clear elaboration of research purpose, result, and conclusion. The abstract should be written separately from the article. Reference should not be written in the abstract, but if it is indispensable, the authors' name and publication year should be cited. The nonstandard abbreviation should be avoided, but if it is indispensable, the full name should be specified in its initial mention.

Keywords: use Garamond, 10pt, lower case; within 3 - 5 words/phrases. Keyword should describe about the topic, subtopic, theme, research design and research context.

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INTRODUCTION

In the heading section, use Garamond, 12 pt, thick, with a distance of 6 pt spacing to the body of the text. Next, for content, use Garamond, 12 pt, normal using one space between lines and 6 pt spacing for paragraphs. The introduction is presented in the form of paragraphs of approximately 1000 words. Make sure your article template fits the style used by Journal of Natural Science and Integration.

As for the content, in the introduction must contain: First, presenting the main research topic and research urgency. Second, include the research novelty by citing the latest research literature related to the reviewed article. Third, it must cover research gaps that have not been filled by research/literature, inconsistencies and controversies between existing literature and the actual situation that is seen in the practical fields. Fourth, it contains the problems, the purpose of the study, research context, and the unit of analysis used. Fifth, displays what is discussed in the

structure of the article. *"If you use quotation (direct quotation), you should write it by using italic (italic) and quotation marks at the beginning and end of the quotation"*.

METHODOLOGY

The methodology is written in at least five paragraphs. The procedure must contain: (1) A detailed description of the research methods should be emphasized to literature review article and research stages should be clearly stated, (2) Explanation of the research objectives, research subjects, and research objects as well as research populations and samples by describing in detail their characteristics; (3) explanation of the main and supporting data is used as well as an explanation of why the data is essential to be used in the research; (4) explanation related to the research instrument used in the form of validity, reliability, and how the instrument was developed and used as a data collection tool; (5) Explanation of the data collection and analysis techniques used.

RESULT AND DISCUSSION

The main provisions in writing research findings are as follows: (1) Present the findings briefly but provide sufficient detail to support the conclusions. (2) Can use tables or figures but not repeat the data collection. (3) Each finding must be interpreted properly.

This discussion section should be written between 1000 - 1500 words. This section is the most crucial part of a scientific article. Therefore, this section must: (1) Restate the main objectives of the study; (2) Reaffirming the importance of research by stating its main contribution; (3) Summarize the findings related to the research objectives or hypotheses; (4) Reconnecting findings with literature and results found by other researchers; (5) Provide possible explanations for unexpected findings; (6) Discuss the implications of the study; (7) Addressing the limitations of research; (8) Discuss the continuation of research (Kotzé, 2007).

Writing rules for formulas, must use Equation with indent 1.27 pt, and numbers begin with (1).

Equation writing style:

$$(x + a)^n = \sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{k} x^k a^{n-k} \quad (1)$$

The description:

x : variable

k : index

Image and table

All images must be centred and numbered consecutively.



Image 1. Type image title here

All tables must be centred and numbered consecutively.

Table 1. Type table title here

No	Development Value	Cycle I		Cycle II	
		The number of students	Percentage	The number of students	Percentage
1	5	12	30	6	15
2	10	6	15	3	7,5
3	20	8	20	11	27,5
4	30	14	35	20	50
Total		40	100	40	100

Writing the verses of the Qur'an and the hadith are written in full with the meaning.

The length of the article is between 10-15 pages including pictures, tables, nomenclature, references and others.

CONCLUSION

Conclusions are answers from the problem formulation. The research conclusion is presented briefly, narrative and conceptual which describes the answer of research problems. Please avoid using bullets. This section also contains suggestions based on research results. Writing conclusions and suggestions consists of one paragraph.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

You can add appreciation to this section to express gratitude to those who have sponsored your research or those who have contributed to your research.

CITATION AND REFERENCES

Writing is recommended to use Mendeley for citation and APA 6 (American Psychological Association version 6) as a reference style ("APA Format – 6 th Edition," n.d.).

Examples of citation:

citation 1 (Rahman, et.al., 2012)

citation 2 (Ahmad, 2012)

citation 3 (Hanapi, 2013)

REFERENCES

Minimum number of references in articles is 20 which consists of 80% of journal articles and 20% of books and others. Maximum reference of the last 10 years.

Ahmad, F. A. (2012). Philosophical Underpinnings of Islamic Management Method: Worldview , Epistemology and Ontology. *International Journal of Humanities and Social Science*, 2(20), 150–161.

APA Format – 6 th Edition. (n.d.).

Hanapi, M. S. (2013). The Conceptual Elements of the Development Worldview in the Qur'an: A Study of Thematic Exegesis. *American International Journal of Social Science*, 2(3), 40–55.

Kotzé, T. (2007). *Guidelines on Writing a First Quantitative Academic Article*. Pretoria: University of Pretoria.

Rahman, R.A., Yusof, Y.M., Kashefi, H., & Baharum, S. (2012). Developing mathematical communication skills of engineering students. *Procedia-Social and Behavioral Sciences*, 46, 5541–5547. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.sbspro.2012.06.472>.