PRESIDENT'S OFFICE

REGIONAL ADMINISTRATION AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT JOINT INSPIRING EXAMINATIONS FOR PRIVATE SECONDARY SCHOOLS



(JIEPSS)

FORM TWO JOINT TERMINAL EXAMINATION

CODE 011 CIVICS

Time: 2:30 Hours May/June 2025

Instructions

- 1. This paper consists of section A, B and C with a total of eleven (10) questions.
- 2. Answer all question in sections A and B and section C
- 3. Section A carries 15 marks, section B carries 70 marks and section C carries 15 marks.
- 4. Any unauthorized materials are **not** allowed in the examination room

SECTION A

- 1. For each of the items (i)-(X), choose the correct answer from the given alternatives and write its letter in the box provided.
 - i. This means the ability to process information so as to analyse, evaluate and synthesis new ideas.
 - A. Decision making
 - B. Critical thinking
 - C. Creative thinking
 - D Practical skill
 - ii. Which of the following statements accurately reflects the concept of human right as outlined in the universal declaration of human right?
 - A. Human right are privileges granted by the government to its citizens, subject to change based on political considerations and national interests
 - B. Human right are legal entitlements that individuals can claim through judicial processes,

and are not applicable in situations involving national security concerns.

- C. Human rights are inherent to all individuals, regardless of nationality, ethnicity, gender, or religion, and are essential for the dignity and freedom of every person.
- D. Human right are are conditional and can be revoked by the state during times of national emergency or conflict, as deemed necessary for the protection of the nation
- iii. Which of the following statements correctly compares parliamentary and presidential systems of

governments?

b

- A. In presidential system, the president is elected independently of the legislature, while in a parliamentary system, the prime minister is elected by the legislature.
- B. In parliamentary system, the executive is separate from the legislature, while in a presidential system, the executive is part of the legislature.
- C. A parliamentary system has a president as the head of state, while s presidential system has a prime minister
- D. In both system, the executive and legislature are combined into a single body
- iv. In united republic of Tanzania, citizenship can be acquired through various means, one such method is citizenship by descent, and this form of citizenship underscores the principle of jus sanguinis, emphasizing the importance of lineage in determining national affiliation. Which of the following statements accurately reflects citizenship by descent?
 - A. An individual acquires citizenship solely by being born within the country's territory
 - B. An individual acquires citizenship if one or both parents are Tanzanian citizens, regardless of the individual's place of birth
 - C. An individual must apply for citizenship through a legal process, demonstration a connection to the country
 - D. An individual acquires citizenship by marrying a Tanzanian citizen.

- v. Means fairness of treatment for women and men. According to their respective needs. This may include equal treatment that is different but which is considered equivalent in terms of right, benefits, obligations and opportunities.
 - A. Gender sensitivity
 - B. Gender relation
 - C. Gender equality
 - D. Gender equity
- vi. While the terms "nation" and "state" are often used interchangeably, they have distinct meanings in political science. Which of the following statements accurately distinguishes between a nation and a state?
 - A. A nation is political entity, while a state is a cultural group
 - B. A nation and a state are the same; they are interchangeable terms
 - C. A nation is a cultural group, while a state is a political entity
 - D. A nation has defined borders, while a state does not.
- vii. Rational decision-making is the process of choosing the best choices in life. It involves making logical choices aimed at achieving one's goals.it require one to follow various steps

to ensure that decisions are well- thought – out and responsible. Which of the following is the

correct sequences of steps in the rational decisions- making process?

- A. Identify the problem, gather relevant information, develop alternatives, evaluate the
 - alternatives, take action, review the decision you have made.
- B. Identify the problem, gather relevant information, develop alternatives, evaluate the
 - alternatives, review the decision you have made, take action.
- C. Identify the problem, develop alternatives, gather relevant information, evaluate the
 - alternatives, take action, review the decision you have made
- D. Gather relevant information, identify the problem, develop alternatives, evaluate the
 - alternatives, take action, review the decision you have made.
- viii. The Tanzanian general elections since 2000 are conducted by using the simple majority electoral system. Which constitutional amendment introduced such a system in the country?
 - A. The 13th amendment
 - B. The 14th amendment
 - C. The 10th amendment
 - D. The 11th amendment
- ix. Your father is working as an engineer in one among the biggest telecommunication company in our country. Many people especially his company mates' acknowledge him for what he is doing. What kind work is your father demonstrate?
 - A. Physical work

- B. Acknowledgement work
- C. Engineering work
- D. Mental work
- x. Which one of the following shows the correct composition of the district council according to the local governance system of Tanzania?
- A. Councilors from each ward within the district, there members appointed by the minister, a member of parliament representing a constituency, women not less than one third of all members
- B. Councilors from each ward within the district, village chairpersons representing their villages,
 - a member of parliament representing a constituency, women not less than one third of all members.
 - C. Councilor from each ward within the district, there member appointed by the president, women not less than one third of all members.
 - D. Councilors from each ward within the district, three members appointed by the minister, a member of parliament representing a constituency, women not less than one third of all members, the district commissioner (DC).

i	ii	iii	iv	V	vi	vii	viii	ix	X

2. Match the following chapters of the constitutions of the united republic of Tanzania in LIST A with their respective subject in LIST B by writing the letter of the correct response beside the item number in the space provided.

List a	List b					
i.Chapter one	A. The revolutionary government of Zanzibar, the Zanzibar					
ii.Chapter two	revolutionary council and the house of representatives of					
iii.Chapter four	Zanzibar					
iv.Chapter five						
v.Chapter six	B. Dispensation of justice in the United Republic, the judicial					
	service commission for mainland Tanzania, the high court of					
	Zanzibar, the court of appeal of the United Republic and the					
	special constitutional court of the United Republic.					
	C. The united republic, political parties, the people and the					
	policy of socialism and self- reliance					
	D. The commission for human rights and good governance					
	and the public leaders 'ethics secretariat					
	E. Miscellaneous provisions					
	F. The executive of the united republic.					
	G. The legislature of the united republic.					

		Н.	Provisions regardin	g the finances of the	e united republic
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	i.	ii.	iii.	iv.	V.
		SECTION	B (70 MARKS)		
			tions from this secti	on	
ma cha	jor	ment of 2000 is an	nendment made by No. 3 of 2000. Bri	the parliament intro	
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ii.					
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iv.					
V.					

soci	s in social problem – solving refer to a set of procedures which guide people in solvial problems. These steps should be observed as they enable people to develop appropriations for experienced social problems. What are the recommended steps in solving soc
	ilems?
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6. The participation of women in social, political and economic affairs in our society has been weakened mainly because of various social-cultural attitudes, beliefs, and practices. With vivid examples justify five (5) measures that can be taken to rectify controversial socio-cultural practice in your society.

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V.	
Im	agine your community is facing challenges such as poor leadership, corruption, and low voter
	nout. As a young citizen, explain how the action of good citizen is the foundation of strong
	mocracy
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In	five points show how national identification card and birth certificate are beneficial for a
ci	tizen?
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	food moral among the youth in a community are the basic foundation for national development.
	tive five points to explain the criteria for testing the degree of proper behavior among the youth
ın i.	n Tanzania.
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	SECTION C (15 MARKS)
	Answer question ten (10).
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	Non –democratic government is the type of government in which leaders come to power through the use of coercive means such as military coup. This type of government is also referred to dictatorship government which have similar characteristics but there are slight differences in the way they operate in different countries. With examples explain six (06) forms of dictatorship
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