

Part 1: Basic Concept of DBMS (Chapter 1) updatable

- ✓ Terminologies: DB, DBMS, DBA
- ✓ DB vs DBMS vs DBA
- ✓ Characteristics of DBMS
- ✓ DB admin functions
- ✓ DBMS Architecture: 3 tier architecture
- ✓ Database Schema
 - Physical, Logical, view Schema
 - 3 Layers of Schema
- ✓ Database Instance
- ✓ Schema vs Instance
- ✓ Data Independence
 - Logical DI
 - Physical DI

Part 2: Entity Relationship Model (Chapter-7,8)

- ✓ Entity Relationship Model
 - Entity (Regular/Strong entity and weak entity)
 - Entity vs Entity types
 - Attributes, type of Attributes
 - Relationship, relationship set
 - Entity set and Keys (Super Key, Candidate key, primary key, foreign key)
 - Degree of Relationship
 - Types of Relationship (Mapping Cardinalities)
 - Participations
 - ERM representation
 - Generalization, Specialization, Inheritance
- ✓ ERD Construction
 - Constructing ERD for a given problem
 - Generating Table/schema from ERD
 - Drawing schema from ERD or generated table

Part 3: Normalization and FD (Chapter 8)

- ✓ Functional dependency (FD)
 - Basic
 - Trivial and non-trivial dependency
 - Super key, candidate key, prime attribute, non-prime attribute
 - Finding functional dependency
 - Equivalence of FD
- ✓ Closure set of Attributes
- ✓ Canonical Cover
- ✓ Finding Candidate keys, prime and non-prime attributes based on FD
- ✓ Normalization
 - Why normalization? What problems solve it?
 - Prime and non-prime attribute
 - Dependencies needed in Normalization
 - 1NF, 2NF, 3NF, BCNF (3.5NF)

Part 4: Transaction and Indexing (Chapter-10,11,14)

- ✓ ACID properties,
- ✓ Transaction States,
- ✓ Concurrency problems,
- ✓ Schedules,
- ✓ serializability,
- ✓ Exercises and
- ✓ other topic discuss in the class.
- ✓ Indexing basic,
- ✓ Dense and sparse indexing,
- ✓ Primary, Secondary and clustering indexing
- ✓ Multilevel indexing: B+ tree and their operations (like-insertion, deletion)—Self study

Part 5: SQL and Relational Algebra (References: Chapter-2,3,4)

- ✓ See chapter 2 for Relational algebra
- ✓ Chapter 3 and 4 for SQL