

**PRESIDENT'S OFFICE
REGIONAL ADMINISTRATION AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT
KIBAHATC, BAGAMOYO DC AND KINONDONI MC.
(KIBAKI)**



FORM FOUR JOINT PRE-NATIONAL EXAMINATION, 2023

CODE:012

HISTORY

Time: 3 Hours

Year:2023

Instructions

1. This paper consists of section A, B and C with total of eleven (11) questions
2. Answer all questions in section A, B and any two (2) question in section C
3. Section A carries 16 marks, section B carries 54 marks and section C carries 30 marks
4. All answers must be written in blue or black pen except diagrams which should be in pencil
5. All answers must be written in the spaces provided
6. Write your examination number at the top right corner of every page

SECTION A (16 MARKS)

1. For each of the item (i)-(x) choose the correct answer among the given alternatives and write its letter besides the item number in the answer booklet provided
- i) The new stone age technology in the evolution of man is sometimes referred as
 - A. Oldwan technology
 - B. Microlithic technology
 - C. Acheulian technology
 - D. Traditional technology
 - ii) In history common Era (CE) means
 - A. The period used to differentiate time
 - B. The period from year zero on wards
 - C. Is the period of historian to work hard
 - D. The period of reformations
 - iii) Why is 19th century most of European nation direct their focus in Africa?
 - A. Improvement of marine technology
 - B. Growth of industrial revolution
 - C. The opening of Suez canal
 - D. Development of mercantilism
 - iv) Migration of people from one place to another is always inevitable. The northward movement of Ngoni was not due to;
 - A. Land shortage
 - B. Shaka's expansion
 - C. Population pressure
 - D. British occupation of the cape
 - v) One of the national building campaign taken to change the past colonial economic system in Africa was
 - A. Feed yourself in Tanganyika
 - B. Feed yourself in Ghana
 - C. Harambee in Kenya
 - D. Capitalism and self-reliance in Tanganyika
 - vi) Who resisted French invasion in Guinea in 1890 – 1898?
 - A. Chief Witbooi
 - B. Samori Toure
 - C. King menelick II
 - D. King Lobengula
 - vii) One of the effect of Portuguese conquest on the coast East Africa was
 - A. The decline of Indian ocean trade
 - B. The people of East Africa become rich
 - C. Trade between East Africa and Asia expanded
 - D. The people of East Africa became expert on fishing
 - viii) The new deal and open door policy both changed the status of the United state in the world. The open door policy uplifted the status of sir Franklin Roosevelt while the Versailles peace treaty did so to
 - A. V.I lenin
 - B. George Bush
 - C. Woodrow Willson
 - D. Ronald Reagan
 - ix) It is the international organ that deal with the children education fund
 - A. UNESCO
 - B. UNICEFU
 - C. UNICEF
 - D. UNHCR
 - x) The following are not characteristics of commercial capitalism EXCEPT

- A. Free market
- B. Primitive accumulation of capital

- C. Enclosure system
- D. Land expropriation

2. Match the items in List A with the correct response from List B by writing the letter of the corresponding beside the item number in the answer sheet provided

LIST A	LIST B
i) The Fashoda incidence in sudan during the scramble for colonies in the 19 th century	A. Al haj Ummar
ii) Tukolor empire opposition against the French	B. Shaka senzengakona
iii) Itsekiri resistance against the British in Nigeria	C. Captain Hammaton
iv) The collaboration between Tigre and Italian against Ethiopia	D. King menelick II
v) Zulu resistance against British colonialism	E. Cetshwayo kampande
vi) An ex-slave who become a king	F. Jean Baptish merchand
	G. Ras seyoum mangasha
	H. Jaja of opobo
	I. Nanna oloumu
	J. Samori Toure

SECTION B (54 MARKS)

Answer all the questions from this section

3. (a) John was a colonial worker at Amboni sisal estate in Tanga, after five months he shifted to Morogoro sisal estate. Identify the type of labour system and state why it was preferred by the colonialists (Three points)
- (b) In three points show why it was so difficult for the white to impose their political control in Africa?
- (c) In what ways did the great economic depression affect the people of Africa, especially Tanganyika (three points)
4. (a) People who are not able to read and write cannot be able to use for any purpose; which source is that? Evaluate any three of its merits when it is used to reconstruct history.
- (b) Amina is a form one student who in her whole life time, she has never been taught about the former East Africa community. As a form four student use three hints to explain to her on why the organization collapsed in 1977
- (c) The First World War was likely to occur in 1880's but didn't, in three points show how the Berlin conference avoided the occurrence of such a war.
5. (a) How did the environmental factors contribute to the rise and consolidation of states in pre- colonial Africa (Three points)
- (b) How did technological transformation stimulate the emergence of centralized political system in Africa (Three points)
- (c) How would you prove that the formation of entangling military alliance

- culminated the occurrence of the two global wars (Three points)
6. (a) The need for potential minerals gained great momentum after the discovery of diamond at Kimberley in 1867 and gold at Witwatersrand in 1886. Analyse three features of colonial mining sector.
 - (b) In three points, show the relationship between the collapse of communalism and the advancement of science and technology
 - (c) Why the education provided during colonial period was considered to be weak to the Africans? Give three facts to prove this argument.
 7. Rearrange the following historical events in chronological order by writing number 1 to 6 beside the item number in the answer sheet provided
 - i) The impact of the war led to the decline of their economy and later the great economic depression occurred
 - ii) In 1960's most African countries attained and gained their lost independence
 - iii) Development of capitalism into monopoly stage led to the first world war
 - iv) Increasing exploitation of African countries through the introduction of agricultural schemes, taxation and land alienation
 - v) Because during the first world war some of the European nations were not satisfied they therefore had to take the world into the second world war
 - vi) Africans started to react against colonialism or get rid from colonialism
 8. Draw a sketch map of Africa and locate the following on it by using roman number
 - i) The country which is the cradle of mankind
 - ii) A French colony which gained its independence in 1962 under the movement called FNL
 - iii) A country in which Sir Frederick Lugard introduced indirect rule for the first time
 - iv) A country in which there existed a nationalist political party called FNLA
 - v) A country in which is the head quarter of SADC
 - vi) A country whose first president Ahmed Ben Bella ruled from 1963 to 1965

SECTION C (30 MARKS)

Answer two questions from this section

9. Why African governments have failed to achieve social economic and political development despite of formulating various plans and policies? (six points)
10. Tulinagwe is a Kenyan student who has never visited any of the East African historical sites. In six points reveal to her how useful are historical sites to the people of East Africa.
11. From 1945 onwards, most of the African countries engaged themselves in mass struggle for liberation. In six points discuss the inevitability of such an incident.