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SPIRITUAL HEALING
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Title
(Times New Roman, Bold, 12)

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ABSTRACT (Times New Roman 12, ditebalkan)

Abstract is written concisely and factually, includes the purpose of research, the method of research, the result and conclusion of research. Abstract is written in English and Indonesian language, max. 300 words in one paragraph, font Times New Roman 12.

Keywords: word 1, ...etc
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INTRODUCTION

This section should include the background or context of the research, the research problem, the proposed solution to the research problem, the research objectives, a summary of the theoretical framework related to the research problem, and hypotheses (if applicable).

Subheadings should be centered and written in Title Case, except for conjunctions (Times New Roman, 12 pt, bold). Sub-subheadings should be left-aligned and written in Title Case, except for conjunctions. Third-level subheadings should be written in sentence case and bold, with only the first letter of the first word capitalized, and so forth.

RESEARCH METHOD

This section should describe the type and research design, research variables, population and sample, data collection methods, and data analysis methods. The method may be adjusted according to the research approach employed, whether quantitative or qualitative.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

The results and discussion should be presented according to the research approach. For quantitative research, this section should include descriptive statistics, the results of assumption tests, and hypothesis testing, followed by a critical analysis of the findings. For qualitative research, this section should

present the themes generated from the qualitative data analysis.

Tables, Figures, and Equations

Each table or figure should be assigned a sequential number and a title corresponding to its content, along with the source of the citation, if applicable. The source should be placed below the table or figure and written in Times New Roman, 10 pt. Table titles should be placed above the tables, while figure titles should be placed below the figures. Equations should be created using the Equation feature in Microsoft Word.

Table Example:

Table 1 (Table Number)

Validity and Reliability of the Measurement Instrument

(Table description, Title Case, italicized)

Variabel	F	Signifikansi
Religiusitas*Efikasi Diri	79.698	p<0.01
Religiusitas*Efikasi Diri	37.700	p<0.01

Figure Example:



[Insert figure here]

Figure 1 (Figure Number). Figure caption (Sentence case).

CONCLUSION

The conclusion should provide answers to the research objectives rather than merely summarize the research findings. The conclusion and recommendations should be presented concisely, clearly, and precisely, based on the results and discussion.

REFERENCES

The reference list should be arranged alphabetically and chronologically. The References section should contain references cited in the article, rather than a bibliography. It should include all sources cited in the article, consisting of 80% primary and up-to-date references (from journals and research studies) and 20% references from books, media, or institutions/departments (published within a maximum of the past 10 years). Sources that are not cited in the article should not be included. The use of Mendeley is recommended for preparing the reference list.

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Example of a Magazine Article

Chamberlin, J., Novotney, A., Packard, E., & Price, M. (2008, May). Enhancing worker wellbeing: Occupational health psychologists convene to share their research on work, stress,

and health. *Monitor on Psychology, 39*(5), 26–29.

Example of an Online Magazine Article

Clay, R. (2008, June). Science vs. ideology: Psychologists fight back about the misuse of research. *Monitor on Psychology, 39*(6). Retrieved from http://www.apa.org/monitor/ on August 10, 2012.

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Six sites meet for comprehensive antigang initiative conference. (2006, November/December). *OJJDP News @ a Glance*. Retrieved from http://www.ncjrs.gov/htmllojjdp/news_acglance/216684/topstory.htm on August 10, 2012.

Example of a Book

Azwar, S. (2012). *Penyusunan skala psikologi* (2nd ed.). Yogyakarta: Pustaka Pelajar.

Shotton, M. A. (1989). *Computer addiction? A study of computer dependency*. London, England: Taylor & Francis.

Example of a Book Chapter With Editors

Cone, J. D. (1999). Observational assessment: Measure development and research issues. In P. C. Kendall, J. N. Butcher, & G. N. Holmbeck (Eds.), *Handbook of research methods in clinical psychology* (pp. 183–223). New York: Wiley.

Sutopo, A. S., & Pranajati, R. A. (1993). Mengolah data kuantitatif. In D. Hastjarjo & A. F. Helmi (Eds.), *Metode penelitian psikologi* (pp. 215–235). Yogyakarta: Wijaya Press.

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