OER PROJECT: WORLD HISTORY 1750

UNIT 7 VOCAB GUIDE

Lesson 7.1

authoritarian

Definition	of, pertaining to, or advocating complete obedience or subjugation to authority, especially political authority, without concern for individual rights
Part of speech	adjective/noun
Use in sentence	The European monarchs had been authoritarian rulers for centuries.

eugenics

Definition	the study of or belief in the genetic improvement of the human race through control of breeding
Part of speech	noun
Use in sentence	Eugenics is a dangerous philosophy because it leads to extreme discrimination and cruelty, like in the Holocaust.

fascism

Definition	a system of government characterized by strong, often dictatorial control of political and economic affairs, and often by warlike nationalism and brutal suppression of political dissidents and ethnic minorities
Part of speech	noun
Use in sentence	The Nazi's wanted to spread fascism and rule the world.

genocide

Definition	the intentional attempt to exterminate all members of a certain race, nationality, or ethnic group
Part of speech	noun
Use in sentence	In Rwanda, there was a mass genocide against a minority group.

Great Depression

Definition	the decade of the 1930s in the United States and other countries,
	characterized by the extreme economic hardship; the Depression

Part of speech	proper noun
Use in sentence	The Great Depression was a time of bankruptcy and hardships for the citizens of many countries trying to recover from World War I.

nationalism

Definition	the idea that citizens of a country are part of something bigger than themselves and that they are loyal to a set of national ideals and practices
Part of speech	noun
Use in sentence	A wave of nationalism swept the country after its citizens were attacked.

totalitarian

Definition	designating a system of government in which power and authority are highly centralized and intrusive into the lives of private citizens, and in which neither opposing parties nor individual differences in opinion are allowed
Part of speech	adjective/noun
Use in sentence	A totalitarian government was established under the dictator.

Lesson 7.2

authoritarian

Definition	of, pertaining to, or advocating complete obedience or subjugation to authority, especially political authority, without concern for individual rights
Part of speech	adjective/noun
Use in sentence	The European monarchs had been authoritarian rulers for centuries.

collectivization

Definition	the act or process of organizing or reorganizing an economy, business,
	or industry based on collective ownership and joint control of the
	means of production and distribution

Part of speech	noun
Use in sentence	The collectivization of factories in the Soviet Union theoretically put industry in the hands of the workers.

dictator

Definition	a ruler who has supreme and total authority, especially one who has seized power or who uses it harshly or selfishly
Part of speech	noun
Use in sentence	The dictator ruled the country with an iron fist for decades.

fascism

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Part of speech	noun
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Use in sentence	The Great Depression was a time of bankruptcy and hardships for the citizens of many countries trying to recover from World War I.

Nazi

Definition	a member of the National Socialist German Workers' Party which controlled Germany under Hitler from 1933 to 1945; fascist
Part of speech	proper noun
Use in sentence	Under Hitler's leadership, the Nazis took control of the German government and rebuilt the military, in violation of the Treaty of Versailles.

sterilization

Definition	the act of rendering unable to reproduce, as by removing or damaging the reproductive organs
Part of speech	noun
Use in sentence	The involuntary sterilization of people of color was a cruel and oppressive act.

Lesson 7.3

antisemitism

Definition	prejudice, discrimination, or hostility toward Jews
Part of speech	noun
Use in sentence	The genocide of the Holocaust was largely motivated by the Nazi's antisemitism.

appeasement

Definition	a political strategy or policy that favors conflict avoidance, attempting to bring about a state of peace, quiet, ease, or calm
Part of speech	noun
Use in sentence	After World War I, many citizens approved of Chamberlain's acts of appeasement, hoping to satisfy Hitler and prevent another war.

authoritarian

Definition	of, pertaining to, or advocating complete obedience or subjugation to authority, especially political authority, without concern for individual rights
Part of speech	adjective/noun
Use in sentence	The European monarchs had been authoritarian rulers for centuries.

concentration camp

Definition	a prison camp in which large numbers of political prisoners, aliens, or
	those considered undesirable are confined and sometimes executed

Part of speech	noun
Use in sentence	During the 1940s, Japanese Americans on the West coast were forced into concentration camps by the US military.

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internationalism

Definition	the principle or policy of international cooperation, especially economic and governmental
Part of speech	noun
Use in sentence	Internationalism ideas were key to the success of the Allies.

Nazi

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Part of speech	proper noun
Use in sentence	Under Hitler's leadership, the Nazis took control of the German government and rebuilt the military, in violation of the Treaty of Versailles.

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Part of speech	noun
Use in sentence	The collectivization of factories in the Soviet Union theoretically put industry in the hands of the workers.

communism

Definition	the theory of a classless social system in which all property and means of production are owned in common; socialist theory deriving from the works of Karl Marx and Friedrich Engels and adopted by the Soviet Union
Part of speech	noun
Use in sentence	China adopted communism as their political and economic system in 1949.

fascism

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Part of speech	noun
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ideology

Definition	the body of beliefs, symbols, and political and social aims that characterizes a particular group or institution
Part of speech	noun
Use in sentence	All aspects of our lives were influenced by Catholic ideology.

militarism

Definition	a policy that emphasizes military strength and preparedness
Part of speech	noun
Use in sentence	The administration has been criticized for the militarism of its foreign policy.

totalitarian

Definition	designating a system of government in which power and authority are highly centralized and intrusive into the lives of private citizens, and in which neither opposing parties nor individual differences in opinion are allowed
Part of speech	adjective/noun
Use in sentence	A totalitarian government was established under the dictator.

Lesson 7.5

embargo

Definition	to place a government injunction or other legal restriction on trade or the shipment of goods
Part of speech	verb/noun
Use in sentence	The government embargoed imports of beef temporarily.

fascism

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	nationalism and brutal suppression of political dissidents and ethnic minorities
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genocide

Definition	the intentional attempt to exterminate all members of a certain race, nationality, or ethnic group
Part of speech	noun
Use in sentence	In Rwanda, there was a mass genocide against a minority group.

infrastructure

Definition	the physical assets and systems that enable our daily lives, including transportation, energy, buildings, and sanitation
Part of speech	noun
Use in sentence	Extreme weather events like floods, hurricanes, and wildfires can damage or destroy infrastructure.

neutrality

Definition	the foreign policy of a nation that refuses to take sides in an international dispute
Part of speech	noun
Use in sentence	Sweden adopted neutrality in the early 1800s, and its military did not participate in either of the two world wars.

regime

Definition	a system of rule, government, or administration
Part of speech	noun
Use in sentence	The people suffered under the dictator's oppressive regime.

total war

Definition	global war in which all warring nations mobilize for the war effort including soldier and civilian populations, who are both participants and targets; usually defined as meeting four criteria: mobilization, blurring of lines between citizen and civilian, total control of society, and rejection of a compromise peace
Part of speech	noun
Use in sentence	World War I was an example of total war.

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nuclear

Definition	of or having atomic or hydrogen bombs
Part of speech	adjective
Use in sentence	The threat of nuclear war terrified people across the world during the 1960s.

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