1. The gene for pumpkin skin color has two alleles orange and green. The allele for orange skin is dominant and the allele for green is recessive. We use a capital letter to represent a dominant allele and a lowercase to represent a recessive allele. In the example below an orange pumpkin with the alleles GG is crossed with a green pumpkin with the alleles gg.



We draw a punnett square to work out the possible genotypes of the offspring.

	Parent 1	alleles
Parent 2 alleles		

What is the genotype for all of the offspring?\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
What phenotype will the offspring have?\_\_\_\_\_\_
What percentage of the offspring will have this phenotype?\_\_\_\_\_\_

genetic cros	sses:	
Orange Gg	X Green gg	
a.		Outcome:  What % of the offspring are orange?  What % of the offspring are green?  What is the genotype % for this cross? (hint: give me the % for each genotype that shows up)
Gg S	X Orange Gg	Outcome:  What % of the offspring are orange?  What % of the offspring are green?  What is the genotype % for this cross? (hint: give me the % for each genotype that shows up)

2. Draw a punnett square to determine the possible outcomes of the following