

Review Sheet Chapter 23

Politics in the Gilded Age, 1869-1896

Identify and state the historical significance of the following

1. Ulysses S. Grant
2. Horatio Seymour
3. Jim Fisk
4. Jay Gould
5. "Boss" Tweed
6. Thomas Nast
7. Horace Greeley
8. William Belknap
9. Roscoe Conkling
10. James G. Blaine
11. Rutherford B. Hayes
12. Denis Kearney
13. Winfield Scott Hancock
14. Samuel Tilden
15. James A. Garfield
16. Chester A. Arthur
17. Winfield S. Hancock
18. Charles J. Guiteau
19. Grover Cleveland
20. Benjamin Harrison
21. Thomas Reed
22. William McKinley
23. James B. Weaver
24. Tom Watson
25. Andrew Carnegie
26. Adlai E. Stevenson
27. William Jennings Bryan
28. J. P. Morgan

Define and state the historical significance of the following:

29. soft/cheap money
30. hard/sound money
31. contraction
32. the "bloody shirt"
33. Gilded Age
34. spoils system
35. crop-lien system
36. pork-barrel bills
37. populism
38. grandfather clause

Describe and state the historical significance of the following:

39. "Ohio Idea"
40. Black Friday

41. Tweed Ring
42. Crédit Mobilier
43. Whiskey Ring
44. Freedmen's Savings and Trust Company
45. Liberal Republicans
46. "Crime of '73"
47. Bland-Allison Act
48. Greenback Labor party
49. Grand Army of the Republic (GAR)
50. Stalwart
51. Half-Breed
52. Compromise of 1877
53. *Civil Rights Cases*
54. Civil Rights Act of 1875
55. Pendleton Act
56. Mugwumps
57. "Redeemers"
58. *Plessy v. Ferguson*
59. Jim Crow
60. Chinese Exclusion Act
61. "Mulligan letters"
62. *United States vs. Wong Kim Ark*
63. "Rum, Romanism, and Rebellion"
64. Billion-Dollar Congress
65. People's Party (Populists)
66. Sherman Silver Purchase Act
67. Colored Farmers' National Alliance
68. Farmers' Alliance
69. Wilson-Gorman Tariff
70. McKinley Tariff