## Agenda for X3D WG Call 7 Feb 2020

On Zoom: <a href="https://zoom.us/j/148206572">https://zoom.us/j/148206572</a>

Resources:

Pre-meeting x3d-public postings:

FreeWrl: http://web3d.org/pipermail/x3d-public web3d.org/2020-February/011774.html

V 3.3 Spec:

Navigation Paradigms:

https://www.web3d.org/documents/specifications/19775-1/V3.3/Part01/components/navigation.html#Navigationparadigms

NavigationInfo node, with descriptions of modes:

https://www.web3d.org/documents/specifications/19775-1/V3.3/Part01/components/navigation.html#NavigationInfo

X3DOM Turntable: <a href="https://www.x3dom.org/x3dom/example/x3dom\_turntable.html">https://www.x3dom.org/x3dom.org/x3dom.org/x3dom.org/x3dom.org/x3dom.org/x3dom.org/x3dom.org/x3dom.org/x3dom.org/x3dom/example/x3dom\_turntable.html</a>

## Preliminary outline

- 1. Current 'standard' navigation methods, how do implementations differ?
- 2. Current extensions, for example the TURNTABLE. Can they be put in spec?
- 3. What methods are usable for environments not mouse-driven, for example haptic devices; and mobile touchscreens.
- 4. Is it possible to define an interface or a programming paradigm for implementing custom navigation methods (e.g. by scripting)? example: custom gravity

May I suggest a few ideas, although I don't know whether they're new, although I will not be able to contribute to their realization?

- 1) One should be able to implement custom navigation methods, e.g. by scripting

  Can this be done by acting on the position\_changes, orientation\_changed events of the ProximitySensor?

  <a href="https://www.web3d.org/documents/specifications/19775-1/V3.3/Part01/components/envsensor.html#ProximitySensor">https://www.web3d.org/documents/specifications/19775-1/V3.3/Part01/components/envsensor.html#ProximitySensor</a>
- 2) one should be able to introduce a navigation method (or methods) as an integral part(s) of an avatar
- 3) what is an avatar: an avatar consists of one or more dynamic models that represent a virtual identity
- 4) a dynamic model is a model that can be loaded or unloaded on demand during the lifetime of a multiuser session

- 5) one virtual identity can be related to one or more real identities (users). In the latter case the virtual identity is called a "crew"
- 4a. Can a custom navigation method be interpreted as a property of an avatar? E.g. Two users form a "crew" and operate a "locomotive", where the locomotive is an avatar that "represents" the crew