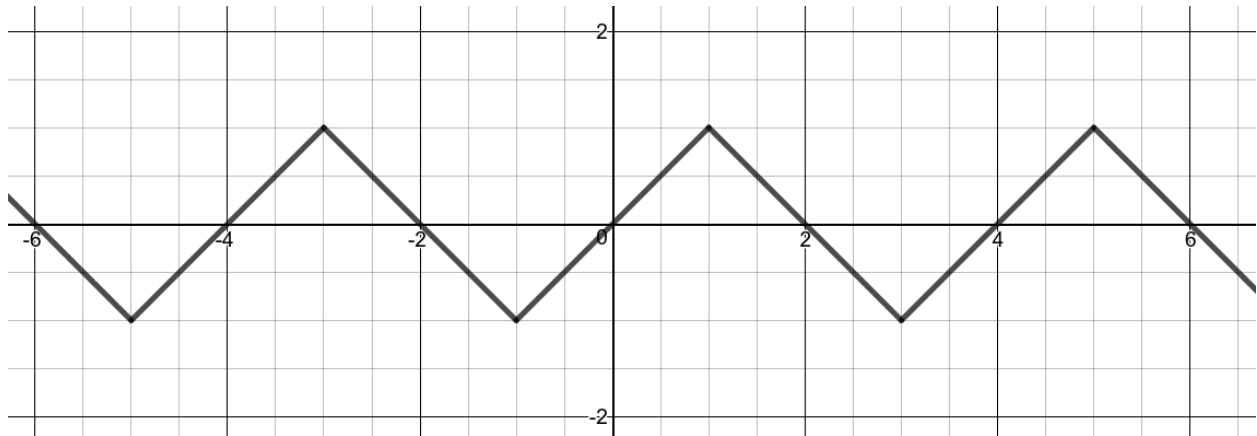


6.1 Periodic Functions

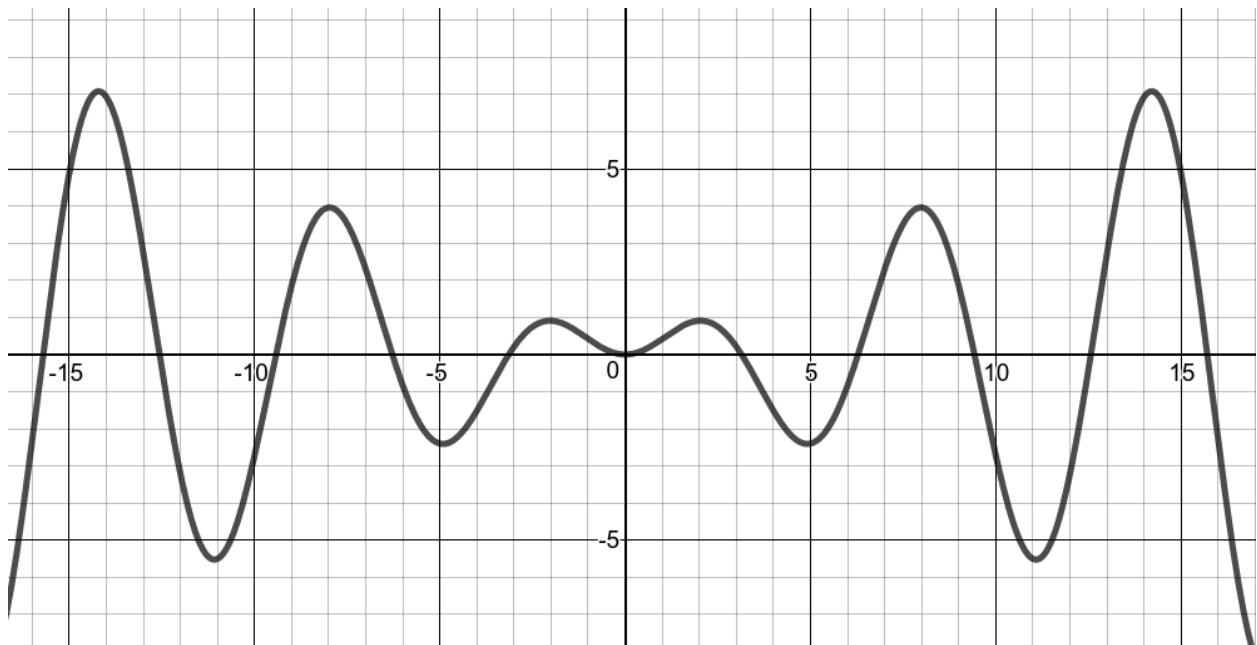
A function is called **periodic** if it has a set of y-values that repeat exactly on a set interval of x-values.

This is a periodic function:



The interval (on the x-axis) where it repeats is called the period. What is this function's period?

Is this function periodic?



Functions that are periodic have other features:

- Axis: the middle of the curve, with respect to y-values.
- Amplitude: the distance from the axis to either of the max/min values