NAME	 DATE	
INDEX NO.	 SIGNATURE	

233/3

CHEMISTRY

PRACTICAL

PAPER 3

TIME: 2¹/₄ HOURS. OCT/NOVEMBER 2021

MANGU HIGH SCHOOL TRIAL 2 MOCK 2021



Kenya Certificate of Secondary Education.

233/3 CHEMISTRY PAPER 3 PRACTICAL

TIME: 21/4 HOURS.

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES.

- **o** Write your name and index number in the spaces provided above.
- o Sign and write the date of exam in the spaces above.
- o Answer ALL the questions in the spaces provided.
- You are not allowed to start working with the apparatus for the first 15 minutes of the 2½ hours allowed time for the paper.
- o Use the 15 minutes to read through the question paper and not the chemicals you require

- o Mathematical tables and electronic calculators may be used.
- o All working MUST be clearly shown where necessary.
- o This paper consists of 6 printed pages. Candidates should check to ensure that all pages are printed as indicated and no questions are missing

FOR EXAMINER'S USE ONLY.

Question	Maximum score	Candidate's score
1	13	
2	14	
3	13	
Total score	40	

- 1. You are provided with;
- Solution A containing 6.95g of Iron II Sulphate heptahydrate R.F.M = 278 in 250cm³ of solution
- Solution B of potassium manganate (VII)
- Solution C of hydrogen peroxide.

You are required to

- (a) Standardize the potassium manganate (VII) solution C
- (b) Determine the concentration of hydrogen peroxide solution C.

PROCEDURE I

Pipette 25cm³ of solution A into a conical flask.

Fill the burette with solution B. Titrate this solution against solution A until the first permanent pink colour appears. Record your results in table I and repeat the procedure to fill the table 1 below.

Table 1

II	I	II	III
Final burette reading (cm ³)			
Initial burette reading (cm ³)			
Volume of solution B used (cm ³)			

(i)	Calculate the average volume of solution	B used			(1 marks)
(ii)	Given that the equation for the reaction $Mno_{4(aq)}^{-} + 5Fe_{(aq)}^{2+} + 8H_{(aq)}^{+}$	is —Mn ²⁺ (aq)	$+5 \mathrm{Fe}^{3+}_{(aq)} + 4 \mathrm{I}$	$H_2O_{(l)}$	
	Calculate				
a)	The number of moles of Iron II sulphate	e solution A use	d		(1mark)
b)	The number of moles of solution B that i	reacted.			(1mark)
c)	The concentration of the potassium mang	ganate (VII) solu	ntion B in mole	es per litre.	(1mark)
	PROCEDURE II				
	Pipette 25cm ³ of hydrogen peroxide, solu	ution C into a co	nical flask Fil	I the burette with s	olution B
	Titrate this solution against solution C un				
	table II.	1	1	11	
	TABLE II				
	Titre number	I	II	III	\neg
	Final burette reading cm ³				-
	Initial burette reading cm ³				-

	-			233/	3 Chemistry Paper 3
	Volume solution B used cm ³				
					(4marks)
(i)	Work out average volume of potassium r	nanganate (VII)	solution B use	d.	(1mark)
		,			
(ii)	Given that the equation for the reaction	is			
	$2MnO_{4(ag)}^{-} + 5H_2O_{(aq)} + 6H_{(aq)}^{+}$	2Mn ²⁺ aq	$+8H_2O_{(l)(aq)}$	- 5O _{2(aq)}	
	Calculate				
a)	The number of moles of Potassium Mang	ganate (VII) solu	ition B that rea	cted.	(1mark)
b)	The number of males of hydrogen percy	ide solution C th	ent ranatad		(1morts)
b)	The number of moles of hydrogen perox	ide solution C th	iai reacteu.		(1mark)
c)	The concentration of hydrogen peroxide	solution C in mo	oles per dm³(m	ol dm ⁻³)	(1mk)
2.	You are provided with 4g of Solid F.				
	You are required to determine the solubil	lity of solid F at	different tempe	eratures.	
a)	PROCEDURE Carefully transfer all solid F in a clean be	oiling test tube a	nd using a hur	ette add 15cm³ of	distilled water
u)	Heat the mixture while stirring with a the				
	the solution to cool while stirring with th	ne thermometer.			
	solid F first appear. Record this temperat	ure in Table III.			
b)	Transfer 5am ³ of distilled water to the ac	entanta in the hei	ling tube. Wem	n tha mixtura whil	a atimin a vyith

- Transfer 5cm³ of distilled water to the contents in the boiling tube. Warm the mixture while stirring with the thermometer until the solid dissolve. Allow the mixture to cool while stirring. Note and record the temperature at which crystals first appear.
- c) Repeat procedure (b) two or more times and record the temperatures in table III.
- d) Complete table III by calculating the solubility of solid F at the different temperatures.

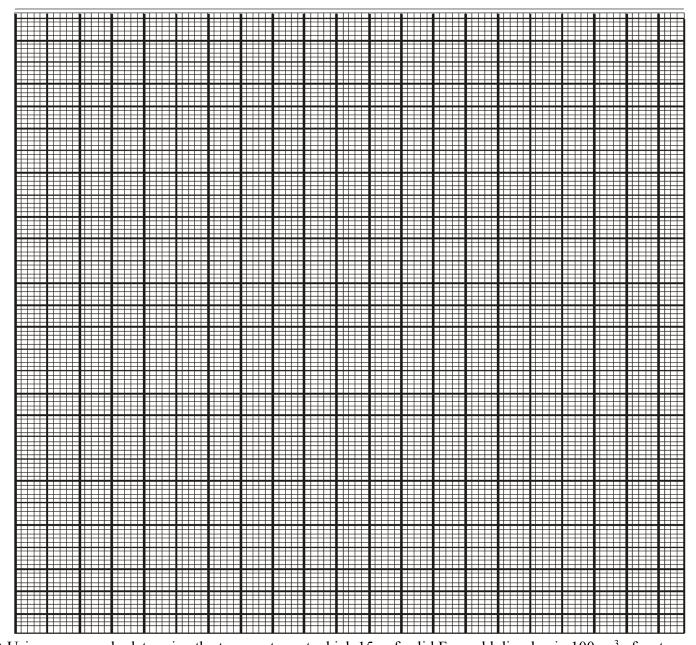
TABLE III

Volume of water in the	Temperature at which crystals of solid F	Solubility of solid F in g / 100g
boiling tube (cm ³)	first appear.	of water.

	233/3 Chemistry Paper 3
15	
20	
25	
35	
40	

(6marks)

(i) On the grid provided plot a graph of solubility of solid F (vertical axis) against temperature (horizontal axis). (3marks)



1)	(1mark)	water.
		• • • • • • •

You are provided with solid D. carry out the fand inferences.	following tests and write down all the observation
	st tube. Heat gently then strongly until there is no fu
change.	
Observations	inferences
(4. 1)	
(1mark)	(1mark)
Divide the mixture into four portions. To the 1 st portion, add 2M sodium hydroxide so	lution drop wise until in excess.
Observations	inferences
(1mark)	(1mark)
	rise till in excess.
Fo the 2^{nd} portion, add ammonia solution drop w	
To the 2 nd portion, add ammonia solution drop work Observations	inferences

i.

ii.

	233/3 Chemistry Pa			
(1mark)	(1mark)			
You are provided with liquid E, Carry out the	following tests on it.			
Place about one spatula end full of liquid E on a	Place about one spatula end full of liquid E on a metallic spatula and ignite it in a Bunsen burner flame			
Observations	inferences			
(1mark)	(1mark)			
To 2cm³ of liquid E add 3 drops of acidified KMı Observations	inferences			
(1mark)	(1mark)			
,	(IIIIaik)			
	(Tillark)			
To 2cm ³ of liquid E add 3 drops of acidified K ₂ C				
To 2cm ³ of liquid E add 3 drops of acidified K ₂ C	$r_2O_{7.}$			
To 2cm ³ of liquid E add 3 drops of acidified K ₂ C	$r_2O_{7.}$			
To 2cm ³ of liquid E add 3 drops of acidified K ₂ C	$r_2O_{7.}$			