

UNIT 1

T 1.1 The alphabet

A-B-C-D-E-F-G-H-I-J-K-L-M-N-O-P-Q-R-S-T-U-V-W-X-Y-Z

T 1.2

- A Hello. What's your first name?
- **B** My name's Bill.
- **A** And what's your surname?
- **B** Frasier.
- A How do you spell that?
- **B** F-R-A-S-I-E-R.
- **A** And where are you from, Bill?
- **B** I'm from Chicago. I'm American.
- **A** Thank you very much.

T 1.3

C = Carla, D = David

- C Hello. My name's Carla. What's your name?
- **D** David.
- **C** Where are you from, David?
- **D** I'm from Bristol. Where are you from?
- C I'm from Bristol, too!
- **D** Oh! Nice to meet you!

T 1.4

- 1 What's his surname?
 - Frasier
- **2** What's his first name?
 - Bill
- **3** Where's he from?
 - Chicago
- 4 How old is he?
- 5 What's his phone number? 312 555 0749
- **6** What's his email address?
 - bfrasier@gmail.com
- 7 Is he married? No, he isn't

T 1.5

- 1 What's her surname?
- **2** What's her first name?
- **3** Where's she from?
- 4 How old is she?
- 5 What's her phone number?
- **6** What's her email address?



7 Is she married?

T 1.6

Rick's family

Rick = 19 and from London (Notting Hill). Lively rendition of talking about his family My name's Rick Wilson and I'm from London. I'm 19 years old, and I'm a student. I go to Kingston University. I have a brother and a sister. My brother's name is Edward. He's 16 and he's at school. My sister's name is Rosie. She's 23, and she's married.

I live with my parents and my brother in a house in West London. My father, Peter, is a salesman, and my mother, Helen, is a teacher. I'm not married but I have a girlfriend. Her name's Lily. She's lovely! My family really like her!

T 1.7

- 1 I go to Kingston University.
- **2** I have a brother and a sister.
- 3 I live with my parents in a house in West London.
- 4 My family really like Lily!

T 1.8

- 1 Where are you from?
- 2 'Are you from London?' 'Yes, I am'
- 3 'How old are you?' 'I'm 15'.
- 4 'Are your sisters married?' 'No, they aren't.'
- 5 I like you. You're my friend.
- 6 Hans isn't from Germany, he's from Switzerland.
- 7 'Is your mother a doctor?' 'No, she isn't.'
- **8** I'm not Italian. I'm French.

T 1.9

- 1 She's from Italy.
- **2** What's his name?
- **3** You're English is good
- **4** Where's she from?
- 5 He's a teacher in England.
- **6** We aren't English.

T 1.10 Spelling

- 1 My name's Vanessa. That's V-A-N-E-S-A. Vanessa.
- 2 My first name's Joseph. That's J-O-S-E-P-H. My surname's Bowen. That's B-O-W-E-N. Joseph Bowen.
- 3 My name's Katie Matthews. That's Katie K-A-T-I-E. Matthews M-A-T-T-H-E-W-S.
- 4 My email address is g.hunt8@yahoo.com. That's G dot H-U-N-T eight at yahoo dot com
- 5 My email address is zac.yates@gmail.co.uk. That's Zac, Z-A-C dot Yates, Y-A-T-E-S at gmail, dot co dot UK.

T 1.11

Day 1: Welcome to my blog! It's in English! Narrator: Posted on April 5th by Annalisa



Hello! I'm an Italian student. I'm in Notting Hill, London, England! I'm here to learn English. My English family are the Wilsons. Peter (the husband) and Helen (the wife) have three children: Edward, 16, Rick, 19, and Rosie, 23. Rosie's married. They're very friendly, but they speak very fast! It's difficult to understand them.

Day 3: My first day at school!

Posted on April 8th by Annalisa

Today is my first English class at St Martin's College. It's a big school in the centre – in Covent Garden. It's near a lot of shops, cafes and theatres. It's great! My class is very international! The students are from Mexico, Japan, Egypt, Spain, Hungary, and Switzerland. Our teacher's name is Charlotte. She's very young and she's very nice. I really like her. She's a good teacher.

Day 10: I love London!

Posted on April 15th by Annalisa

Hello again! It's great here. I love London! It's big but interesting. I like shopping, but it's very expensive. I go to the parks. They are really beautiful – and I go to museums and galleries. The National Gallery is free! I go by bus or by Underground – it's very easy. The weather's OK – cold but sunny. The food is OK too! And the coffee is great! There are a lot of Italian coffee bars in London! Check out my photos!

T 1.12

- 1 Where's Annalisa from? Italy.
- 2 Where's her school? In the centre of London.
- **3** What's her teacher's name? Charlotte.
- 4 What's her family's name? Wilson.
- 5 Where's their house? In Notting Hill, in West London.
- 6 How old are the two brothers? Edward's 16 and Rick's 19.
- 7 Is the weather OK? Yes, it is. It's cold and sunny.

T 1.13 What's your name?

- 1 P Goodbye, Annalisa! Have a good day at school!
 - A Thank you, Peter. And you have a good day at work!
- **2** C Good morning, Annalisa. Where's your homework?
 - **A** It's here, Charlotte.
- **3** A Hello, Cristo. Where are you from?
 - C I'm from Mexico.
- 4 A A ticket, please.
 - **B** The National Gallery is free.
 - A Oh, good! Thank you!
- **5** A A coffee, please.
 - **D** Certainly. Here you are.

T 1.14 Joseph's family

My family isn't very big. I have a sister, Andrea, she's 18, and a brother Richard, he's 25. They're not married. I'm married, my wife's name is Isabel. We have two children, a daughter, Nancy, that's N - A - N - C - Y, she's 4, and a son, Tom, he's only six months old. We live near my parents. My dad's name is John and my mum's is Odile, that's O - D - I - L -E. She's French. My grandmother lives with them, her name's Marie. She's my mum's mum.



T 1.15

- **1** A Hello, Sally. How are you?
 - **B** OK, thank you. And you?
 - A Fine, thanks.
- **2 A** Hi, Pete. How are you?
 - **B** All right, thanks. And you?
 - A Not bad, thank you.
- 3 A Good morning, Mr Simpson. How are you?
 - **B** Very well, thank you. And you?
 - **A** Fine, thank you.
- **4 A** Hello, Mrs Brown. How are you?
 - **B** Fine, thank you. And you?
 - A Not bad.

T 1.16 Everyday conversations

- 1 A Bye, Mum! It's time for school.
 - **B** Goodbye darling. Have a good day!
 - A Thanks. See you later.
- 2 C Good morning!
 - **D** Good morning! Can I have a coffee, an espresso, please?
 - C Yes, of course! Anything else?
 - **D** No, thank you.
- 3 E Good afternoon! Can I help you?
 - F No, Thank you. We're just looking.
 - E That's OK.
- **4 G** Frank. This is Gina. She's from our New York office.
 - H Hello, Gina. Nice to meet you.
 - I Hello, Frank. Pleased to meet you, too.
- 5 J Thank goodness it's Friday!Bye, Ian.
 - **K** Bye, Derek. Have a good weekend.
 - **J** Thanks. Same to you.
 - **K** See you on Monday.
- 6 L Good night! Sleep well.
 - M Good night! See you in the morning.

UNIT 2

T 2.1 Two outdoor jobs

Engineer, Andrew Johnson

Andrew, 30, is an engineer. He comes from New Zealand, but now he lives in Scotland. He works on an oil rig 440 kms from the coast of Aberdeen. He works 12 hours a day for two weeks and then he has two weeks' holiday. He earns £200 a day. In his free time he goes to the gym and plays snooker. He isn't married.

Zoologist, Claudia Luke

Claudia, 41, is American. She's a zoologist and she teaches at a university. She lives in California and works with her husband, Jim, at the Research Centre in the Mojave Desert



where she studies snakes and other animals. She likes working in the desert. In her free time she writes songs and walks her dog, Brewer. She earns about \$60,000 a year.

T 2.2

/s/ likes works writes walks /z/comes goes earns plays teaches /Iz/

T 2.3

- 1 Andrew is an engineer. Claudia is a zoologist.
- 2 She comes from the US. He comes from New Zealand.
- 3 He lives in Scotland. She lives in California.
- 4 She works in the desert. He works on an oil rig.
- 5 He earns £200 a day. She earns \$60,000 a year.
- **6** She likes her job, and he likes his job, too.
- 7 He goes to the gym in his free time. She walks her dog. Her dog's name is Brewer.
- 8 She's married. Her husband's name is Jim. Andrew isn't married.

T 2.4 Questions and negatives

What does Andrew do? He's an engineer. Where does he come from? New Zealand. Does he live in Scotland? Yes, he does. Does he live in New Zealand? No, he doesn't. He isn't married. He doesn't have any children.

T 2.5

Does he play football? Yes, he does. No, he doesn't.

T 2.6

- 1 Where does Andrew work? On an oil rig.
- 2 Does he work hard? Yes, he does.
- 3 How much does he earn? £200 a day.
- 4 What does he do in his free time? He goes to the gym, and he plays snooker.
- 5 Does he like his job? Yes, he does.
- **6** Does he have a dog? No, he doesn't.

T 2.1 Stress and intonation

- 1 Darcey comes from London.
- **2** She lives in England.
- 3 She has two children.



- 4 She plays tennis a lot.
- **5** David's English.
- **6** He works in Paris.
- 7 His wife comes from Miami.
- **8** He writes songs in his free time.

T 2.8

- 1 A Darcey comes from London.
 - **B** Yes, that's right.
- **2** A She lives in England.
 - **B** No, she doesn't. She lives in Australia.
- **3** A She has two sons.
 - **B** No, she doesn't. She has two daughters.
- **4** A She writes stories for children.
 - **B** Yes, that's right.
- **5** A David's English.
 - **B** No, he isn't. He's French.
- **6 A** He works all over the world.
 - **B** Yes, that's right.
- 7 A His wife comes from Miami.
 - **B** No, she doesn't. She comes from Senegal.
- **8** A He writes songs in his free time.
 - **B** Yes, that's right.

T 2.9 Talking about family and friends

- 1 A My husband comes from Belgium.
 - **B** Where exactly in Belgium?
 - **A** From the capital, Brussels.
- **2** A My grandmother lives in the next town.
 - **B** Does she visit you often?
 - A Yes, she does. Every Sunday.
- **3** A My mother loves reading.
 - **B** What does she read?
 - A Detective stories.
- 4 A My father travels a lot in his job.
 - **B** Where does he go?
 - **A** He's in Berlin this week.
- 5 A My sister speaks Spanish very well. She wants to learn French too.
 - **B** Does she want to be an interpreter?
 - **A** No, she doesn't. She wants to be a teacher.
- **6** A My little brother watches TV a lot.
 - **B** What does he like watching?
 - A Sport, sport, sport and er football!
- 7 A My friend, Tom writes a blog on the Internet.
 - **B** What does he write about?
 - A Everything and everybody!

T 2.10

1 A What does your sister do?



- **B** She's a student. She wants to be a doctor so she studies a lot.
- **2** A Does Peter like his new job?
 - **B** No, he doesn't. He works very hard and he doesn't earn a lot of money.
- **3 A** Is that your dog?!
 - **B** No, he isn't. He's my mother's. He goes with her everywhere. She loves him a lot. His
- 4 A Your friend Ella speaks English very well.
 - **B** Yes, she does. She goes to England every summer.
- **5** A What does your grandfather do all the time?
 - **B** Well, he watches TV a lot but on Saturdays he plays golf with friends and on Sundays he visits us.

T 2.11

- 1 He likes his job.
- 2 She loves working.
- **3** He isn't married.
- **4** Does he have three children?
- 5 Where does he go?

T 2.12 Improving style

David Guetta – The superstar with 70-million hits on YouTube!

David Guetta is French. He lives in Paris, but he works all over the world. He's a very famous DJ. He's number 3 in the "Top 100 DJs" poll. He works with a lot of pop stars, such as Britney Spears, Celine Dion, and Madonna. He sometimes writes songs for them. He really likes Lady Gaga, and he wants to work with her. His job's very exciting, and he likes it a lot. He's married to Cathy. She comes from Senegal. She's a business woman and an actress. They often go to Ibiza. Every year, they have parties there, people love their parties. Cathy and David have two young children, and they love to spend time with them.

Babur Ali

He's 16 years old and a head teacher.

Babur Ali comes from West Bengal in India. He is 16 years old and lives in the small village of Bhabta. His village doesn't have a school, but Babur is lucky because he goes to a private school in the next village. His school costs 1,000 rupees, £12 a year. This is too expensive for many children in Babur's village but they want to learn, so Babur teaches them everything that he learns. More and more children want to learn so Babur's friends help him teach. The classes are in bamboo huts, but sometimes they sit outdoors. The school is free and now has a name, the Anand Shiksha Niketan School, and Babur is the head teacher.

Babur's days are very busy, he has no free time. He gets up at 5 o'clock in the morning and helps his mother with the housework. At 8 o'clock he goes by bus to his school 3 miles away. He studies hard all day until 4.00 in the afternoon. Then he travels back to his village and at 5.00 in the afternoon he begins the classes. He teaches English, Bengali, history, and maths until 8.00 in the evening. He says 'I love teaching. I am never tired.'

Babur's ambitions

Now the school has 650 students and 10 teachers. Babur wants to study at university but he doesn't want to stop teaching. He says, 'I always want to teach poor children.'

T 2.13 An interview



I = Interviewer, S = Student

- I Can I ask you some questions about your school?
- **S** Yes, of course.
- I How many students are in your school?
- **S** There are 650 now.
- I That's quite a lot. And how many teachers?
- S Ten teachers.
- I And what time do your classes start?
- **S** Five o'clock every day.
- I How much does it cost?
- **S** Oh, the school is free.
- I Very good. And your teacher, what's your teacher's name?
- S Babur Ali. He's only sixteen.
- I Sixteen! That's amazing. Is he a good teacher?
- **S** He is very good indeed.
- I What does he teach?
- **S** He teaches English, Bengali, history and maths.
- I That's a lot of subjects. Does he work hard?
- S Oh, yes, very hard. He studies all day and he teaches us every evening. He's the best teacher in the world.

T 2.14 Jobs

- 1 She's a hairdresser. She cuts hair.
- **2** He's a pilot. He flies from Heathrow airport.
- 3 She's a receptionist. She works in a hotel.
- 4 He's an architect. He designs buildings.
- 5 She's a lawyer. She works for a family law firm.
- **6** He's a taxi driver. He knows all the streets of London.
- 7 She's a journalist. She writes news stories.
- **8** He's a dentist. He looks after people's teeth.
- **9** She's a nurse. She works in the City Hospital.
- **10** He's an accountant. He likes working with money.

T 2.15

- **1** A What does your brother do?
 - **B** He's a journalist. He writes for The Times newspaper.
 - **A** Oh, that's a good job.
- **2 A** What does your father do?
 - **B** He's an accountant. He works for a big firm in the city.
 - **A** And your mother? What does she do?
 - **B** She's a teacher. She teaches French and Spanish.
- **3** A Does your sister work in the centre of town?
 - **B** Yes, she does. She's a receptionist. She works in the Ritz Hotel.
 - **A** Oh, that's near where I work.
- **4 A** Are you a doctor?
 - **B** No, I'm not. I'm a nurse.
 - **A** Oh, but I want to see a doctor.
- 5 A I want to be a pilot when I'm big.
 - **B** I want to be a lawyer. They earn lots of money.



A Pilots earn a lot too and they travel the world.

T 2.16 What time is it?

It's five o'clock. It's eight o'clock. It's half past five. It's half past eleven. It's quarter past five. It's quarter past two. It's quarter to six. It's quarter to nine. It's five past five. It's ten past five.

It's twenty past five. It's twenty-five past five.

It's twenty-five to six. It's twenty to six. It's ten to six. It's five to six.

T 2.17

What time is it?

- 1 It's nearly three o'clock.
- 2 It's just after five o'clock.
- **3** It's about half past two.

T 2.18

- 1 A Excuse me. Can you tell me the time, please?
 - **B** Yes, of course. It's just after six o'clock.
 - **A** Thank you very much.
- **2** C Excuse me. Can you tell me the time, please?
 - **D** I'm sorry. I don't have a watch.
 - C Never mind.
- **3** E Excuse me. What time does the bus leave?
 - **F** At ten past ten.
 - **E** Thank you. What time is it now?
 - **F** It's about five past.
 - E Five past ten?!
 - F No, no, five past nine. You're OK. No need to hurry.
- **4 G** When does this lesson end?
 - H At four o'clock.
 - **G** Oh dear! It's only quarter past three.

UNIT 3

T 3.1 Lisa's two jobs

Lisa: Hi, I'm Lisa Parsons. I'm 24 years old and I live in New York City. I'm always very busy but I'm very happy. From Monday to Friday I work in a bookstore, the Strand Bookstore in Manhattan. Then on Saturdays I have another job, I'm a singer with a band. It's great because I love books and I love singing. On week days I usually finish work at 6 o'clock, but sometimes I stay late, until 9 or 10 o'clock at night. On Saturday evenings, I sing in nightclubs in all parts of the city. I don't go to bed until 3 or 4 o'clock in the morning. On Sundays I don't do much at all. I often eat in a little restaurant near my apartment. I never cook on a Sunday. I'm too tired.



T 3.2

I = Interviewer, L = Lisa.

- 1 I Where do you live?
 - L In New York.
- **2** I Do you like your job?
 - L Yes, I do.
- **3** I Do you relax at weekends?
 - L No, I don't.
- **4** I Why don't you relax at weekends?
 - L Because I sing in nightclubs.

T 3.3

I = Interviewer, L = Lisa

- I Hi, Lisa. Nice to meet you.
- L Nice to meet you too.
- I Now, I hear you often sing in nightclubs here in New York.
- L That's right. I love singing.
- I And how old are you Lisa?
- L I'm 24.
- I And do you live in New York?
- L Yes, I do. I live downtown near the river.
- I And where do you work?
- L I work in a bookstore. The Strand Bookstore in Manhattan.
- I Mmm, what time do you finish work?
- L Well, I usually finish at 6 o'clock but sometimes I stay late, until 9 or 10 o'clock, but I always finish at 6 on Saturdays because I sing in the evening.
- I How many jobs do you have?
- L Just two! The bookstore and singing.
- I And do you like your jobs?
- L Oh, yes! I love them both.
- I Why do you like them?
- L Because I love singing and I love books. I'm lucky. I love my work.
- I What do you do on Sundays?
- L I don't do much at all. I often eat in a little restaurant near my apartment.
- I Do you sometimes cook on Sundays?
- L Never! I'm too tired.
- I I understand that! Thank you very much for your time Lisa.
- L My pleasure.

T 3.4

- 1 Lisa, why do you like your job?
- **2** Where do you live in New York?
- **3** What do you do on Tuesday evenings?
- 4 She really loves singing.
- 5 She eats a lot.
- **6** What does she do on Sundays?



T 3.5 Talking about you

- 1 What time do you get up? At about 7 o'clock on weekdays.
- 2 Where do you go on holiday? To Turkey or Egypt.
- **3** What do you do on Sundays? I always relax.
- 4 When do you do your homework? When I get home.
- 5 Who do you live with? My mother and brothers.
- **6** Why do you like your job? Because it's interesting.
- 7 How do you travel to school? Usually by bus.
- **8** Do you go out on Friday evenings? Yes, I do sometimes.

T 3.6 In my free time

- **A** I play tennis a lot. I'm no good but I like playing.
- **B** When do you play?
- **A** Oh, summer usually but sometimes in spring and autumn if it's sunny.

- C My favourite sport is skiing. I go skiing with my family every year. We all love it.
- **B** When do you go?
- C Always in January or February, after Christmas. We go to France.
- **B** And are you a good skier?
- C I'm OK. My wife's good, the kids are really good but I'm just OK.

Linda

- **B** Do you go to the gym every day?
- L Yes, I do, every day, every morning before work.
- **B** And do you go swimming there?
- L Yes. I swim every morning too. Do you go to the gym?
- **B** Well -er no, I don't. I like my bed in the morning!

Ben and Josh

- **B** You like a lot of sports, don't you?
- **B&J** Oh yeah, my favourite is windsurfing. Me and my brother go to surf school every summer and ... and we play golf and football of course.
- **B** All outdoor sports?
- **B&J** Er no, we watch sport a lot on TV and we play computer games after school.
- **B** Not a lot of time for homework then?
- **B&J** Well -er

Sandra and Brian

S In winter we love evenings at home.



- **B** What do you do? Watch TV?
- **S** Well, yes, sometimes. We like all the cookery programmes. I love cooking.
- **B** Oh, we love those programmes too, but we often play cards on winter evenings.
- **S** We like cards too but we only play when we're on holiday in summer. It's a 'holiday thing' in our family.
- **B** What do you play?
- **S** Well, usually we ...

T 3.7

- 1 Loften watch TV
- **2** I sometimes watch French films.
- 3 I always listen to music in the car.
- 4 I don't play the piano.
- 5 I sometimes play cards with friends.
- 6 I go dancing a lot.
- 7 I go shopping every Saturday.
- **8** I get up late on Sundays.
- **9** I often cook dinner for my friends.

My Perfect Weekend

JAMIE CULLUM

Song-writer and jazz pianist Jamie Cullum lives in London with his wife Sophie Dahl, the model and cookery writer. He enjoys going to markets, French films, and playing cards at weekends.

Jamie says, 'In my work I travel a lot and I stay in different hotels, so my perfect weekend is at home with my family and friends. I live in a flat in north-west London next to my brother, Ben, and at weekends I like being with him and my wife, Sophie. On Friday nights, we often go to a club, we all love dancing.

On Saturdays, we get up late and I make breakfast; that's important to me. Then I sit at my piano, it's in my kitchen, and I play for a couple of hours. I don't write songs, I just play. My cat, Luna, listens. Sometimes in the afternoon we go shopping in Portobello Market. I love old things. I have black leather cowboy boots from there. Also I look for old postcards – I like reading about people from the past. In the evening we often watch a French or Japanese film, I enjoy foreign films.

After that I like playing cards, poker, with friends, sometimes until early Sunday morning. We sleep late on Sundays but then I like cooking Sunday dinner, usually roast chicken. I really enjoy cooking. In the evening I call my parents and my nan – they like hearing about my week.'

SHILPA SHETTY

Indian film actress and model Shilpa Shetty has homes in Mumbai and England. She enjoys takeaway pizza, going to garden centres, and playing cards at weekends.

Shilpa says, 'Here in England my perfect weekend begins at my home in the countryside with my husband Raj Kundra. On Fridays we usually watch TV, but sometimes friends or family come to play cards, poker. I love poker. We get a takeaway pizza – pizza goes best with playing cards and I drink green tea. I love green tea.

On Saturdays I get up late, at about 10.45, and then I have a long bath. Sometimes I watch TV in the bath or listen to music. I like staying in the country at weekends, I love walking barefoot on the grass. We go to a pub for lunch – I like the puddings, especially



sticky toffee pudding. I prefer to have Saturday evening at home. We like watching cookery programmes; Jamie Oliver is my favourite. I like cooking Indian food, but not at weekends.

On Sundays, I love shopping and gardening. I always buy my clothes from small boutiques and I love visiting garden centres. I love flowers. My homes in Mumbai and England are always full of beautiful white lilies. I don't cook on Sunday, we prefer eating out and sometimes, if we have time, we go to a spa hotel for a swim and a massage. It's a great way to end a perfect weekend.'

T 3.8 Song: Extract from 20-something by Jamie Cullum

T 3.9 Dr Susan Hall – The work-life balance

Dr Hall: Of course, work is important for us all, it gives us money to live, it gives structure to our everyday lives. But, for a happy, balanced life it's also important to 'play' sometimes. It's important to find time to relax with friends and family. It's not good to think about work all the time. I know from my work as a doctor that it's sometimes difficult not to take your work problems home – but if you take your problems home you never relax and it's difficult for your family and bad for your health. Don't live to work, work to live! Life is more than work.

T 3.10 Social expressions

- 1 A Bye! Have a nice day.
 - H Thanks. Same to you. See you later.
- 2 H I'm sorry I'm late. The traffic's very bad this morning.
 - **B** Never mind. Come and sit down.
- **3 B** What's the matter, Hakan? Do you have a problem?
 - H Yes, I don't understand this exercise.
- 4 H Can I open the window? It's really warm in here.
 - **B** Sure. Good idea. It is hot in here, isn't it?
- **5** H Can you help me? What does bilingual mean?
 - **B** It means in two languages.
- **6** C Do you want a macchiato?
 - **H** Pardon? Can you say that again?
- **7 H** Excuse me! Is this seat free?
 - **D** Yes, it is. Do sit down if you want.
- **8** F Parlez-vous français?
 - **H** I'm sorry. I don't speak French.
- **9 A** Hi, Hakan. How was your day?
 - H Good, thanks. Really interesting. How about you?

T 3.11

- **2** H I'm sorry I'm late. The traffic's very bad this morning.
 - **B** Never mind. Come and sit down.
 - H Thanks.
 - **B** We're on page 28.
- **3 B** What's the matter, Hakan? Do you have a problem?
 - H Yes, I don't understand this exercise.
 - **B** Don't worry. I'll help you with it.
 - **H** Oh, thank you very much.
- 4 H Can I open the window? It's really warm in here.
 - **B** Sure. Good idea. It is hot in here, isn't it?



- H Very. Thanks a lot.
- **B** That's all right. I think we all need some fresh air.
- 5 H Can you help me? What does bilingual mean?
 - **B** It means in two languages.
 - **H** Oh, right, of course. I need to buy a bilingual dictionary!
 - C Yeah, that's a very good idea!
- **6 D** Do you want a macchiato?
 - H Pardon? Can you say that again?
 - **D** A macchiato. Do you want a macchiato?
 - **H** Sorry. What is a macchiato?
 - **D** It's a strong white coffee.
 - \mathbf{H} Er yes, OK. Fine. I'll try one. Thank you
- **7 H** Excuse me! Is this seat free?
 - **D** Yes, it is. Do sit down if you want.
 - H Thanks very much. That's very kind.
 - **D** Not at all. Are you a new student?
 - H Yes, I am.
 - **D** Are you having a good time?
 - H Yes. It's getting better, thanks.
- **8** E Parlez-vous français?
 - **H** I'm sorry. I don't speak French.
 - E Oh! It's OK. It doesn't matter.
 - H Can I help you?
 - E No. Don't worry. I need some help with my homework, but I can do it.
 - H All right.
- **9 A** Hi, Hakan. How was your day?
 - H Good, thanks. Really interesting. How about you?
 - **A** Oh, not bad. Just another day at work.
 - **H** Well, tomorrow's the weekend.
 - A Yes, thank goodness!

UNIT 4

T 4.1

living room

sofa DVD player armchair bookshelves mirror

kitchen

cooker fridge table oven washing machine

street

bus stop post office café pavement chemist's traffic lights

T 4.2 A flat to rent

J = Josie, E = Emily

- J Here's a flat in Queen's Road!
- E Is it nice?
- **J** There's a big living room.



- E Mmm!
- **J** And there are two bedrooms.
- E Great! What about the kitchen?
- **J** There's a new kitchen.
- E Wow! How many bathrooms are there?
- **J** Er ... there's just one bathroom.
- E Is there a garden?
- **J** No, there isn't a garden.
- E It doesn't matter. It sounds great!

T 4.3

Is there a shower? Yes, there is. Is there a fridge? Yes, there is. Is there a dining room? No, there isn't.

How many bedrooms are there? Two How many bathrooms are there? One. How many armchairs are there? Two.

Are there any pictures? No, there aren't. Are there any bookshelves? Yes, there are. Are there any carpets? No, there aren't.

T 4.4 Prepositions

- 1 The flat is in Queen's Road.
- **2** It's on the first floor.
- 3 It's above a chemist's.
- 4 The chemist's is next to a clothes shop.
- 5 There's a mobile phone shop opposite the clothes shop.
- **6** There's a post office near the flat.
- 7 The bus stop is outside the cafe.
- 8 There's a bench under a tree.

T 4.5 What's in your picture?

The flat is near the centre of town. It has four bedrooms, a lovely living room with views over the town, and two bathrooms. The kitchen is very big, and there's a dining room next to it. The flat is on the second floor. In the living room there are two sofas and an armchair. There are a lot of pictures on the wall. There's a carpet in front of the fire, and there's a TV and a DVD player. There's a table in front of the sofa.

T 4.6 A new flat

- 1 She has some plates.
- 2 She has a lot of clothes
- **3** She doesn't have any glasses.
- 4 She has some pictures.
- 5 She has a lot of CDs.
- **6** She doesn't have any mugs.
- 7 She has a lot of shoes.
- **8** She doesn't have any towels.
- 9 She has some cups.



T 4.7 this, that, these, those

J = Josie, A = Shop assistant, E = Emily

- 1 J How much is this lamp, please?
 - **A** It's £45.
- **2** J I like that picture.
 - E Yes, it's lovely!
- **3 J** How much are these glasses?
 - A They're £15.
- **4 J** I love those towels!
 - E They're fabulous!
- **5 J** Look at those flowers.
 - E They're beautiful!
- **6** E Do you like this kettle?
 - **J** Yeah! It's a great colour!
- 7 J How much are these mugs?
 - **A** Five pounds each.
- **8 J** Look at that coat!
 - E You don't need any more clothes!

T 4.8 What's in your bag?

What's in my bag? Well, there's my phone, and my purse, of course. I have some pens. I always have some pens. A blue one, and a red one. And there's my diary. I need to know what appointments I have. And I have a lipstick Oh, and keys. I have some keys, my house keys and my car keys. And that's all!

T 4.9 Describing your home

My new flat

My new flat is near the centre of town, so I often walk to work. It's not very big, but it's very comfortable! There's just one bedroom, a living room, and quite a big kitchen with a table in the centre. This is good because I love cooking and I can invite my friends to dinner. The living room has one big window. It faces south, so it's always very sunny. I have two comfortable old armchairs, but I don't have a sofa because the room is quite small.

There isn't a garden, but there's a small balcony in my bedroom. I want to put a chair there so I can sit in the sun on summer evenings.

I love my new flat for many reasons: the big kitchen, the sunny living room, but most of all I love it because it's my first home!

Inside the White House

The White House, 1600 Pennsylvania Avenue, Washington DC, is the most famous address in America. It is where the United States President works, but it is also his private home where he lives with his family. He has children's birthday parties, holiday dinners, and weddings in this world-famous building.

The building

First built in 1800, the White House is where the President of the United States governs a country of 50 states and 304 million people.



He lives with his family on the second and third floors. There are 16 bedrooms, a living room, a kitchen, and a dining room. Special guests stay in the Queen's Bedroom or the Lincoln Bedroom.

In the West Wing are the staff offices. The President's own office, the Oval Office, is also there. It has three large windows behind the President's desk, and there is a fireplace at the other end.

Each new president chooses new curtains, new furniture, and a special new carpet. There are pictures of old presidents on the wall, and there is the famous desk, a gift from the British Queen Victoria in 1880.

The White House day by day

The White House is open to visitors. It is free. About 6,000 people a day visit. The President meets special guests in the East Room, and he talks to journalists in the Press Room.

About 150 people work for the President in the West Wing and for the First Lady in the East Wing. Another 100 people look after the building day and night.

There are 132 rooms, 35 bathrooms, and five kitchens, all on six floors. There are three elevators. The State Dining Room is big enough for 140 guests.

Outside, gardeners grow fruit and vegetables. There is also a tennis court, a jogging track, and a swimming pool. Inside there is a movie theatre, a billiard room, a bowling alley,

As former President Reagan said, 'The White House is like an eight-star hotel!'

T 4.10

It's wonderful! They're awful! She's fantastic!

T 4.11

- **1** A Do you know Alice has a new boyfriend?
 - **B** Really? Is he OK?
 - A Mm! He's lovely!
 - **B** Ooh! What's his name?
 - A James.
 - **B** Good for Alice!
- 2 C Ben has a new flat
 - **D** Wow! Where is it?
 - **C** In the centre of town.
 - **D** Is it nice?
 - C Oh, yes. It's fantastic! The living room is fabulous!
- **3** E What a horrible day!
 - F Yes, it is! Rain, rain, rain. It's terrible weather at the moment.
 - **E** Oh, well! Tomorrow's another day!
- **4 G** Mmm! This is an excellent meal!
 - **H** Thank you! I'm pleased you like it.
 - **G** And the wine is wonderful! Where's it from?
 - **H** I think it's French. Yes, it is. French.
- **5** I I love your shoes! They're great!
 - **J** They're nice, aren't they? They're Italian.
 - I The colour's amazing! Red! Wow!



- **6 K** We have a new teacher. Her name's Nancy.
 - L Is she nice?
 - **K** No, she's awful! I hate her.
 - L Why?
 - **K** I don't understand her. She talks and talks and talks all the time!

T 4.12 Adverb + adjective

- 1 A Look at Angela's car! It's a Mercedes!
 - **B** Wow! They're really expensive! Is it fast?
 - A Very fast.
- **2 A** Does Tom have a lot of money?
 - **B** Well, he has a really beautiful house with a very big garden and a swimming pool.
 - **A** Mm. He's very rich, isn't he?
- **3** C Do you like my new jeans?
 - **D** Yeah! They're really nice! What make are they?
 - C They're Prada.
 - **D** How much were they?
 - C They weren't expensive. Well, not very expensive.
- 4 E Look! That's Peter's new girlfriend!
 - **F** Mmm! She's pretty. How old is she?
 - E Twenty-eight.
 - **F** Wow! That's old!
 - E Twenty-eight? That isn't very old!
- **5 G** Maria's very clever, isn't she?
 - H Oh, yes. She's really intelligent. She knows everything.
 - **G** Do you like her?
 - **H** No, not really. She isn't very nice to talk to.
 - **G** No, I don't like her either.

T 4.13

eight ten twelve fifteen twenty thirty-two forty-five sixty seventy-six ninety-nine a hundred and eighty-seven two hundred and fifty three hundred a thousand a million

T 4.14

one and a half two and a quarter six point eight seventeen point five oh two oh seven four eight one six four nine oh oh seven eight six one five double six seven eight

T 4.15

- 1 There are thirty students in my class seventeen boys and thirteen girls.
- 2 I live at number 62, Station Road. My mobile number is 07 629 34480.
- 3 My father works in a big hotel. There are 460 rooms on sixteen floors.
- 4 The population of my town is 280,000.



T 4.16 Numbers and prices

- 1 'How much is this book?' 'Six pounds fifty.'
- 2 'How much are these pictures?' 'Twenty-four pounds each.'
- 3 I only earn £18,000 a year.
- 4 'How much is this car?' '£9,500.'
- 5 'Just this postcard, please.' 'That's 60p, please.'
- 6 'Can I have these jeans, please.' 'Sure, that's \$49.'
- 7 'How much is a return ticket from Paris to Madrid?' '€150.'
- **8** There are about 1.4 dollars to the euro

UNIT 5

T 5.1

Superman! Superman comes from the Planet Krypton. He can fly at the speed of light; he can see through walls; he can jump 250 metres; he can speak every language; he can turn back time. There's nothing Superman can't do!

T 5.2 Superman is fantastic!

A = Alfie, I = Ivv

- A Superman's fantastic!
- I Hmm! What can he do?
- **A** He can do everything!
- I No, he can't!
- A Yes, he can. He can fly at the speed of light, he can see through buildings, and he can speak every language in the world!

T 5.3

A = Alfie, I = Ivy

- A He can speak every language in the world!
- I Really? I don't believe that.
- A Well, he can! Can you speak any languages?
- I Yes, I can. I can speak French and Spanish a little bit. We learn them at school.
- **A** Well, I can speak French too.
- I Oh, yes?!
- A I can say 'Bonjour' and 'Merci'.
- I That's nothing! You can't speak French at all!
- A Well. I can skateboard! You can't!
- I I don't want to skateboard. I like other things. What about skiing? Can you ski?
- A Yeah, I can ski a bit, but my mum and dad can ski brilliantly!
- I I love skiing. I can ski really well.
- A OK, OK, we can do some things, but Superman can do everything. There's nothing superman can't do.
- I Oh, you and Superman! Remember he's not real, he's only a ...

T 5.4

1 'Can you speak any languages?'



'Yes, I can. I can speak French and Spanish.'

- 2 You can't speak French at all!
- 3 I can skateboard! You can't!
- 4 'Can you ski?'
 - 'I can ski a bit, but my mum and dad can ski brilliantly!'
- 5 Superman can do everything. There's nothing Superman can't do.

T 5.5 Grammar and pronunciation

Listen and repeat

I can speak French. Can you speak French? Yes, I can. No, I can't.

T 5.6 Ivy can't cook. Can you?

Ivy: So what can I do? Speak a foreign language ... Hmm. Well, yes, I can speak French and Spanish a little bit, but just holiday Spanish! Cooking? No, I can't cook at all. My mum can, she's a fantastic cook. Hmm. sports – well, I think I'm quite good at sports – my cousin Alfie says I'm not because I can't skateboard but skateboarding's not a sport. I can swim of course. Everyone can swim, can't they? I can swim very well, I like swimming and I like tennis. I can play tennis quite well. But skiing is my best sport, I love it and I can ski really well, really fast. Musical instruments? Er ... well, no, I can't play any musical instruments. My dad can play the guitar brilliantly and my mum can play the piano a bit, but I can't play anything at all.

T 5.7

- 1 She can speak Spanish a little bit.
- 2 She can't cook at all.
- 3 She can swim very well.
- 4 She can play tennis quite well.
- 5 She can ski really well.
- 6 Her dad can play the guitar brilliantly.
- 7 Her mum can play the piano a bit.
- **8** She can't play anything at all.

T 5.8 can or can't

- 1 She can cook.
- 2 I can't hear you.
- 3 They can't come to the party.
- 4 Can you see my glasses anywhere?
- 5 You can't always get what you want.
- **6** Can you do the homework?

T 5.9 Listen and repeat

- 1 What day is it today? What day was it yesterday?
- **2** What month is it now? What month was it last month?
- **3** Is it sunny today? Was it sunny yesterday?
- 4 Where are you now? Where were you yesterday?



- 5 Where are your parents now? Where were they yesterday?
- **6** Are you in England now? Were you in England last year?
- 7 Can you ski? Could you ski when you were five?
- 8 Can your teacher speak a lot of languages? Could your teacher speak English when she was seven?

T 5.10 Pronunciation

- 1 It was Monday.
- **2** We were at school.
- **3** Was it sunny? Yes, it was.
- 4 Was it cold? No, it wasn't.
- 5 Were you at school? Yes, we were.
- **6** Were they at school? No, they weren't.

T 5.11 Marc Yu

Marc Yu is a pianist and a child prodigy. He was born on January 5, 1999, in California, USA. He can play the piano and the cello. He could play the piano when he was three. He could play the cello when he was four. Last year he played with Lang Lang, the famous Chinese pianist, in New York. They were a big success.

T 5.12 Cleopatra Stratan

Cleopatra Stratan is a singer. She was born on October 7th, 2002 in Moldova near Romania. She could sing beautifully when she was just two years old. When she was three she made an album, La vârsta de trei ani. Her album was a big success. 150,000 were sold round the world.

T 5.13 Pablo Picasso October 25th 1881 – April 8th 1973

- A Hey, look at that painting! It's a Picasso!
- **B** Oh yes! Fantastic!
- A Where was Picasso born?
- **B** In Málaga.
- **A** Ah! So he was Spanish?
- **B** Yes, he was.
- **A** Were his parents rich?
- **B** Well, they weren't rich and they weren't poor. His father, Don José, was a painter and a professor of art. His mother, Doña Maria was a housewife.
- **A** So was Picasso good at drawing when he was young?
- **B** Oh, yes. He was a child prodigy. He could draw before he could speak. His first word was lápiz, which is Spanish for pencil.
- **A** Wow! What a story!

A passion for success

Nicola Benedetti is a world-famous violinist. She was the BBC Young Musician of the Year in 2004 when she was 16. She lives in Chiswick, west London, near her sister Stephanie, who is also a violinist. Their father, Gio Benedetti, is a businessman. He lives with his wife, Francesca, in Scotland.

Nicola Benedetti – A passion for music



When I was young, music wasn't very important in our house. Then, when I was four, I started playing the violin. In my first lesson, I was so happy, I couldn't stop crying.

My dad, Gio, was always busy. He was very hard-working. His parents were poor, so he wanted to give me and my sister everything. I like hard work too, and I know what I want. If someone says to me 'You can't do that', I think 'Oh yes I can!' – that's very like my dad.

But my dad's a businessman, and I'm an artist. Money is very important to him, for me, success isn't the same as earning lots of money. He likes the music I play, but he doesn't like classical music very much. I teach him about music, and he tells me about business.

My sister and I are very close. We sometimes play together – not professionally, but at family occasions like weddings and at Christmas.

I live for my work. I never want to stop. Music is my life.

Gio Benedetti – A passion for business

I was born in a small village near Lucca in Italy. We were poor but happy. When I was ten I came to Scotland to live with my uncle. It was very difficult.

When I was 16, there was a beautiful car – a Jaguar – in the shops, but I couldn't afford it. It was too expensive. So I started a business to make money, a dry cleaning business. Soon there were fifteen shops. By the time I was 19, I could afford the Jaguar. That was a very good day!

Nicola was always independent, like me. She could play the violin when she was four. Now she plays concerts all over the world. I am so proud of her. Scotland is proud of her. Everybody knows her now.

I can't play any musical instruments. I like country and western music, but not classical. Nicola knows what she wants. She has a passion to succeed, like me, and she works very hard to get it. When she plays the violin, she's passionate – that's the Italian in her. When I see her play, I often cry. I can't help it. I'm very sentimental.

T 5.14 Noun + noun

- 1 A Excuse me! Is there a post office near here?
 - **B** Yes. Can you see the bus stop over there?
 - A Yes, I can.
 - **B** Well, it's next to the bus stop. Near the traffic lights.
 - A Thanks.
- 2 A I can't find my sunglasses.
 - **B** Not again! Look in your handbag!
 - **A** Where's my handbag?
 - **B** It's in the living room.
 - A Oh yes! There it is and there they are!
- **3** A Excuse me! Is there a petrol station near here?
 - **B** A petrol station? Yeah, go past the railway station and the car park. It's just before the motorway.
 - A That's very kind. Thank you.

T 5.15 Verb + noun

- 1 A You send a lot of text messages!
 - **B** I know. My mobile phone is my best friend!
- **2** A Do you earn a lot of money?
 - **B** What a question! Mind your own business!
- **3** A Do you live on the third floor?



- **B** Yes, I have a great view. I can see right over the town.
- **4** A Do you wear a suit and tie when you go to work?
 - **B** No, no. Where I work is very casual. I wear jeans and a T-shirt.
- **5** A Can you play the guitar?
 - **B** Yes, I can. And the piano. And the violin.
- **6** A Can you ride a motorbike?
 - **B** I can. Do you want to come for a ride? You can sit on the back.
- 7 A Can you drive a car?
 - **B** Of course not! I'm only 16!
- **8** A You have a full-time job! Who looks after your children.
 - **B** They go to playschool.
- **9** A Do you watch TV a lot?
 - **B** No, not really, just in the morning, and in the evening, and sometimes in the afternoon.
- 10 A I can't speak any foreign languages.
 - **B** I can. German and Spanish.

T 5.16 Prepositions

- 1 A Do you like listening to music?
 - **B** Yes, of course. I have it all on my ipod.
- **2 A** What sort of music do you like?
 - **B** All sorts but especially jazz.
- **3** A Where's your girlfriend from? Is she Mexican?
 - **B** No, she isn't. She's from Brazil. She speaks Portuguese.
- **4 A** Is Paula married to Mike?
 - **B** That's right. Do you know her?
- **5** A Do you want to come shopping with me?
 - **B** Oh, yes. Can you wait a minute? I'll get my coat.
- **6** A Were there any good programmes on television last night?
 - **B** I don't know. I was on the Internet all evening.
- 7 A What do you want for your birthday?
 - **B** Can I have an i-phone? Or is that too expensive?
- **8** A Can I speak to Dave? Is he at work today?
 - **B** Sorry, he's on holiday all this week. He's back next week.

T 5.17 Polite requests

- 1 A Can I have a coffee, please?
 - **B** Yes, of course.
- **2** C Can you open the door for me, please?
 - **D** Sure. No problem.
 - C Thanks.
- **3** E Could I have the menu, please?
 - F Certainly, Madam.
- **4 G** Could you tell me the time, please?
 - **H** It's 10.30.
 - **G** Thanks a lot.

T 5.18

Can I ...? Can I have a ...? Can I have a coffee, please? Could you ...? Could you tell me ...? Could you tell me the time, please?



T 5.19

- 1 A Can I have a cheese sandwich, please?
 - **B** In white or brown bread?
- 2 A Could you post this letter for me, please?
 - **B** Yes, of course. No problem.
- **3** A Can you give me your email address?
 - **B** I think you have it already.
- **4 A** Can I speak to you for a moment?
 - **B** Can it wait? I'm a bit busy.
- **5** A Could you lend me £20 till tomorrow?
 - **B** I can lend you ten but not twenty.
- **6** A Can you give me a hand with this box?
 - **B** Of course. Do you want it upstairs?

UNIT 6

T 6.1 Oprah – TV star and billionaire

A The woman

Oprah Winfrey is a famous American TV star. She lives in California, but she also has an apartment in Chicago, where she works. Oprah is one of the richest women in America. She earns millions of dollars every year. She gives a lot of money to charity.

T 6.2

B Her childhood

Oprah was born on January 29th, 1954 in Kosciusko, Mississippi. Her parents were very poor. Her father, Vernon, worked in a coal mine and her mother, Vernita, cleaned houses. They couldn't look after Oprah so she lived with her grandmother, Hattie Mae. Oprah was clever. She could read before she was three. When she was 17, she received a scholarship to Tennessee State University, where she studied drama. She also started reading the news at the local radio station.

T 6.3

watched interviewed studied talked moved started earned opened

T 6.4

C Her success

In 1984 Oprah moved to Chicago to work on a TV talk show called A.M. Chicago. She talked to lots of interesting people about their problems. Oprah says, 'People's problems are my problems'. The show was very successful, so in 1985 it was renamed The Oprah Winfrey Show. 49 million people in 134 countries watched it every week. In 1993, she interviewed Michael Jackson and 100 million people watched the program. Last year she earned \$260,000,000.

Her charity work

In 1998 Oprah started the charity Oprah's Angel Network to help poor children all over the world. In 2007, she opened a special school in Johannesburg, the Oprah Winfrey Academy for Girls. She says, 'When I was a kid, we were poor and we didn't have much money. So what



did I do? I studied hard.' There are 152 girls at the school, Oprah calls them her daughters – the children she didn't have in real life.

T 6.5

- 1 'Where did her father work?'
 - 'In a coal mine.'
- 2 'What did her mother do?'
 - 'She cleaned houses.'
- **3** 'Who did Oprah live with?'
 - 'Her grandmother.'
- 4 'What did she study?'
 - 'Drama.'
- 5 'When did she interview Michael Jackson?'
 - 'In 1993'
- **6** 'How much did she earn last year?'
 - '\$260 million.'
- 7 'When did she open the girls' school?'
 - 'In 2007.'
- 8 'Did her parents earn much money?'
 - 'No, they didn't.'

T 6.6 Pronunciation

/t/ worked

/d/ lived

/Id/ started

T 6.7

cleaned received studied wanted moved talked watched interviewed opened decided

T 6.8 Interview with Ben Way

I = Interviewer, B = Ben Way

- I Hi Ben. Nice to meet you. Can you tell us a bit about your life?
- **B** Well, I was born on September 28th 1980 in Devon in the south-west of England.
- I And what did your parents do?
- **B** My dad was an accountant and my mum was an artist.
- I Did you go to school in Devon?
- **B** Yes, I did. I went to a small village school.
- I Did you enjoy school?
- **B** No, I didn't enjoy it at all. I had problems because I was dyslexic and couldn't read and write ...
- I Ah that's difficult ...
- **B** Yes, but when I was nine my dad gave me a computer and it changed my life. I loved it, I took it everywhere with me. I helped my friends and my parents' friends with their computers.
- I Very good and then ...?
- **B** Then, I wrote my first software programme when I was just 11 and when I was 15 I began my own computer company.



- I That's fantastic! Was it successful?
- **B** Yes, very successful so successful that I left school at 16 and ...
- I Yes, I know ... you were a millionaire at 17!
- **B** Yes, I made my first million at 17 and at 19 I had £18.5 million.
- I And at 20 you won 'Young Entrepreneur of the Year'.
- **B** Yes, I did. I often went on TV and radio and talked about it. It was amazing!
- I And then one year later ...?
- **B** Yes, and then just a year later when I was 21 I lost everything. Disaster! Dot com. businesses everywhere went down.
- I Yeah, but now you're up again! Another company, another £1 million!
- **B** I know. I work hard but I'm also very lucky!

T 6.9 Regular and irregular verbs

- 1 My granddad was born in 1932. He died in 2009.
- 2 My parents met in London in 1983. They got married in 1985.
- **3** I arrived late for the lesson. It began at 2 o'clock.
- 4 I caught the bus to school today. It took just 40 minutes.
- 5 I had a very busy morning. I sent 30 emails before 10 o'clock.
- **6** Our football team won the match 3–0. Your team lost again.
- 7 My brother earned a lot of money in his last job but he left because he didn't like it.
- 8 I studied Chinese for four years but when I went to Shanghai I couldn't understand a word.

T 6.10 A biography

The multi-millionaire Ben Way

Ben Way is 35 years old and he runs a company called Rainmakers. Ben's a computer millionaire. However, he wasn't always so successful. As a child he was dyslexic so he didn't do well at school. He didn't read or write until he was nine and his father gave him a computer. He wrote his first software program when he was 11. He didn't go to university because at 15 he started his own company. He first became a millionaire when he was just 17. He continued to be very successful until he was 21. He won a business award in 2000, but then in 2001 he lost it all. One year later he started Rainmakers and now he's a millionaire again.

The businessman and the fisherman

An American businessman was on holiday in a fishing village in the south of Mexico. One morning he met a young fisherman with a small boat full of lovely, yellowfin tuna fish. 'What beautiful tuna!' the American exclaimed.

- 'How long did it take to catch them?' the American asked.
- 'Oh, about two hours,' said the fisherman.
- 'Why didn't you fish for longer and catch more?'
- 'The Mexican replied, 'I don't want to fish for longer.

With this I have enough fish for my family.'

'But what do you do with the rest of your day? Aren't you bored?'

The fisherman smiled, 'I'm never bored. I get up late, play with my children, watch football, and take a siesta with my wife. Sometimes in the evenings I walk to the village to see my friends, play the guitar, and sing some songs.'

The American couldn't understand, 'Look, I am a very successful businessman. I went to Harvard University and I studied business. I can help you. Fish for four hours every day and sell the extra fish you catch. Then, you can buy a bigger boat, catch more and make more



money. Then buy a second boat, a third, and so on, until you have a big fleet of fishing boats. You can export the fish and leave this village and move to Mexico City, or LA or New York City, and open a fishing business.'

The fisherman smiled, 'But how long will all this take?'

The businessman thought about it for a bit, 'Probably about 15–20 years.' He said 'And then what, señor?' asked the fisherman.

'Why, that's the exciting part!' laughed the businessman. 'You can sell your business and become very rich, a millionaire.'

'A millionaire? Really? But what do I do with all the money?' the young fisherman didn't look excited.

The businessman could not understand this young man, 'Well, you can stop work and move to a lovely, old fishing village where you can sleep late, play with your grandchildren, watch football, take a siesta with your wife, and walk to the village in the evenings where you can play the guitar and sing with your friends all you want.'

The fisherman's wife and children came running to meet him. 'Papa, papa, did you catch many fish?'

'I caught enough for us today and tomorrow and some for this gentleman,' said their father. He gave the businessman some fish, thanked him for his advice and went home with his family.

T 6.11 The businessman and the fisherman

B = Businessman, F = Fisherman

- **B** Good morning. What beautiful tuna! How long did it take to catch them?"
- **F** Oh, about two hours.
- **B** Only two hours! Amazing! Why didn't you fish for longer and catch more?
- **F** I didn't want to fish for longer. With this I have enough fish for my family.
- **B** But what do you do with the rest of your day? Aren't you bored?
- F I'm never bored. I get up late, play with my children, watch football, and take a siesta with my wife. Sometimes in the evenings I walk to the village to see my friends, play the guitar, and sing some songs.
- **B** Really? That's all you do? Look, I am a very successful businessman. I went to Harvard University and I studied business. I can help you. Fish for four hours every day and sell the extra fish you catch ...
- **F** But ...
- **B** ... then, you can buy a bigger boat, catch more and earn more money.
- **B** ... then buy a second boat, a third, and so on, until you have a big fleet of fishing boats.
- **F** But ...
- **B** and you can export the fish and leave this village and move to Mexico City, or LA or New York, and open a fishing business.
- F OK, OK, OK, but how long will all this take?
- **B** Erm let me think –erm probably about 15 to 20 years.
- **F** 15 to 20 years! And then what, Señor?
- **B** Why, that's the exciting part. You can sell your business and become very rich, a millionaire.
- **F** A millionaire? Really? But what do I do with all the money?
- **B** Well, let me think. Erm, I know, you can stop work and -er move to a lovely, old fishing village where you can sleep late, play with your grandchildren, watch football, take a



siesta with your wife, and walk to the village in the evenings where you can play the guitar and sing with your friends all you want.

F Mmmm – well ...

Fisherman's children Papa, Papa, did you catch many fish?

F I caught enough for us today and tomorrow and also some for this gentleman. Please, Señor, have some of my beautiful fish. Goodbye Señor. Come on children, let's go home. Come on!

T 6.12 Describing feelings

- 1 I went to bed late last night so I'm very tired today.
- 2 My football team lost again. I'm really annoyed!
- 3 I won £20,000 in the lottery! I'm so excited!
- 4 I can't find my house keys. I'm really worried.
- 5 I have nothing to do and nowhere to go. I am so bored.
- **6** The professor gave a great lecture. I was really interested.

T 6.13 Describing feelings

- 1 A Did you enjoy the film?
 - **B** No, I didn't. It was boring.
 - **A** Oh, I loved it. It was really interesting and very funny.
 - **B** I didn't laugh once!
- **2 A** How was your exam?
 - **B** Awful. I'm very worried.
 - **A** But you worked really hard.
 - **B** I know, I studied until two in the morning, but then I was so tired today, I couldn't read the questions.
 - A Don't worry. I'm sure you'll be OK.
- **3** A That was a great match! Really exciting!
 - **B** Only because your team won. I was bored.
 - **A** But it wasn't boring at all. It was a fantastic game.
 - **B** Well, I didn't enjoy it and now I'm annoyed because I paid £45 for my ticket!
- **4 A** When's Nina's birthday?
 - **B** You mean 'when was her birthday'. It was last Friday, March 24th.
 - **A** Oh no! Was she annoyed that I forgot?
 - **B** No, no, she was just worried that you didn't like her any more.

T 6.14

first

second

third

fourth

fifth

sixth

tenth

twelfth thirteenth

sixteenth

seventeenth

twentieth



twenty-second thirtieth thirty-first

T 6.15 What's the date?

- 1 The first of April. April the first.
- **2** The second of March. March the second.
- 3 The seventeenth of September. September the seventeenth.
- 4 The ninth of November. November the ninth.
- 5 The twenty-ninth of February, 1976
- 6 December the nineteenth, 1983
- 7 The third of October 1999
- **8** May the thirty-first 2005
- **9** July the fifteenth 2015

T 6.16

- 1 October the thirty-first
- 2 the twenty-third of June
- 3 July the fifteenth
- 4 March the fourth twenty-twelve
- 5 the eighteenth of February twenty-twenty.
- 6 the seventeenth of September nineteen-sixty

UNIT 7

T 7.1 20th Century quiz

- 1 Henry Ford sold the first Model-T in 1908.
- 2 The first talking movie, The Jazz Singer, was in 1927.
- 3 Einstein published his theory of relativity about 100 years ago.
- 4 The Russian Revolution was in 1917.
- 5 The first non-stop flight around the world was about 60 years ago.
- 6 About 60 million people died in the Second World War.
- 7 The Berlin Wall came down in 1989.
- 8 Man first landed on the moon on July 20, 1969.
- **9** The Beatles had 17 number 1 hits in the UK.
- 10 The twentieth century ended at midnight on 31st December, 2000.

T 7.2The good old days

T = Tommy, 10, B = Bill

- T Granddad, when you were a boy did you have television?
- G Of course we had television! But it wasn't a colour TV like now, it was black and white.
- T And were there lots and lots of channels? How many TV channels were there?
- G Only two. But that was enough! We loved it! And there weren't programmes all day long. Nothing in the morning and nothing in the afternoon!
- T Oh, no! What time did programmes begin?
- **G** At 4.30 when children's TV started. There were some great programmes for us children, I can tell you! We had real stories in those days!



- T Did your mum and dad give you pocket money?
- G Yes, but I worked for it! I cleaned the kitchen and did the washing-up. We didn't have dishwashers in those days!
- T That's terrible! How much pocket money did you get?
- **G** My dad gave me sixpence a week. That's two and a half p these days! He didn't give me much, did he? But we bought comics and sweets.
- T What sort of comics did you buy?
- **G** Well, I bought a comic called the Eagle, and it was full of adventure stories. And Superman! That was really exciting!
- T Did you have holidays?
- G Yes, but not like nowadays. People didn't go abroad. I never took a plane like people do now! It was too expensive!
- T Where did you go on holiday?
- **G** To the seaside in England.
- T How did you get there?
- G My father drove. We had a Ford car, a Ford Prefect it was. We went to the same place every year.
- T Why did you go to the same place? Why didn't you go somewhere different?
- **G** Because we all liked it there!
- T I'm pleased I wasn't alive then! It sounds really boring!
- **G** Oh, no! That's where you're wrong! It was the best fun ever!

T 7.3

- 1 How many TV channels were there?
- 2 What time did programmes begin?
- 3 How much pocket money did you get?
- 4 What sort of comics did you buy?
- 5 Where did you go on holiday?
- **6** How did you get there?
- 7 Why did you go to the same place?

T 7.4

- 1 Where did you go? To the shops.
- **2** When did you go? Yesterday.
- **3** Who did you go with? A friend from work.
- 4 How did you get there? By bus.
- **5** Why did you go? Because I wanted to.
- **6** What did you buy? A shirt.
- 7 How many did you buy? Only one.
- 8 How much did you pay? £29.



T 7.5 Listening and pronunciation

- 1 Where do you want to go?
- 2 I didn't go to college.
- 3 Where was he?
- 4 Do you like it?
- 5 Why did he come?
- **6** She doesn't work there.

T 7.6 Alisa's life

F = Freddy, A = Alisa

- F You aren't English, are you, Alisa? Where are you from?
- A No, I'm Russian. I was born in St Petersburg.
- **F** Is that where you grew up?
- A Yes, I lived with my parents and two sisters in a house near the university. My father worked at the university.
- **F** Oh, how interesting! What was his job? Was he a teacher?
- **A** Yes, he was a professor of psychology.
- **F** Really? And what did your mother do?
- **A** She was a doctor. She worked in a hospital.
- **F** So, where did you go to school?
- A I went to a Catholic High School. I was there for ten years, then, when I was 18, I went to university.
- **F** What did you study?
- A I studied philosophy and education at university in Moscow. I was there for four years.
- **F** Wow! And did you start work after that?
- A No, I travelled in the States for six months. I worked in a summer camp near Yellowstone National Park. It was amazing!
- **F** It sounds great! And what's your job now?
- **A** I work in a junior high school in Paris. I teach Russian and English.
- F You're English is really good! Well, it was very nice to meet you, Alisa!
- A Nice to meet you too. Bye!

Planes to rockets in sixty years

There are just 60 years between the first flight and the first man on the moon. In the 20th century, progress in aviation was phenomenal.

The first air journey

On July 25 1909, a Frenchman, Louis Blériot, became the first man to complete an air journey when he flew from Calais in the north of France to Dover in the south of England.

Blériot's flight amazed the whole of Europe. People thought that such a journey was impossible.

The flight wasn't easy. Mr Blériot, a 37-year-old engineer, couldn't swim, so he didn't want to come down in the Channel. He couldn't walk very well because of an injury to his leg, and he didn't have a compass.

On the morning of the 25th, he took off at 4.30 in the morning from a field at the edge of a cliff. It took 37 minutes to complete the 22-mile journey. The plane flew at 40 miles per



hour at an altitude of 250 feet. Everything went well until he flew into fog. 'I continued flying for ten minutes, but I couldn't see the land, only the sky and the sea. It was the most dangerous part of the flight. I wasn't worried about the machine. It flew beautifully. Finally I saw the land,' he told reporters.

Landing in England

When he got to Dover, he saw a French journalist waving a flag. He cut the engine at 60 feet and crashed into a field.

The news quickly went round the world, and Mr Blériot's flight was celebrated in London and Paris. He won a prize of £1,000.

'The crossing was the start of modern aviation,' said Louis Blériot, the grandson of the pioneer.

The first man on the moon

On 16 July 1969, at 9.30 in the morning, Apollo 11 lifted off from the Kennedy Space Centre in Florida. There were three astronauts – Neil Armstrong, Buzz Aldrin, and Michael Collins. The enormous rocket took three days to complete the 250,000 miles to the moon, travelling at six miles per second (21,600 miles an hour). Then it circled the moon 30 times, giving time to prepare for the landing.

The lunar landing

The lunar module landed on a part of the moon called the Sea of Tranquility at 8.17 in the evening on 20 July.

It was time for the astronauts to rest, but they were too excited to sleep. At 3.00 in the morning on July 21, Neil Armstrong became the first man to walk on the moon. Six hundred million people all over the world watched on TV. As Armstrong took his first steps, he said the famous words 'That's one small step for a man, one giant leap for mankind.'

Walking on the moon

Armstrong and Aldrin spent two and a half hours walking on the moon. They collected samples and set up scientific equipment. Finally they put up a US flag.

After 22 hours on the moon, the lunar module lifted off and flew up to join the rocket that took them back to earth.

They left an inscription:

Here Men From The Planet Earth First Set Foot Upon the Moon, July 1969. We Came in Peace For All Mankind.

This flight was the beginning of man's exploration of space.

T 7.7

In 1909 Blériot made the first air journey from Calais to Dover.

- 1 Blériot was just 37 years old when he flew across the Channel. It took him just 37 minutes.
- 2 He took off from France at 4.30 in the morning.
- 3 He flew his plane at 40 miles per hour.
- 4 He flew at 250 feet above the sea.
- 5 He won a prize of £1000.

In 1969 Neil Armstrong became the first man to walk on the moon.

- **6** Three astronauts flew in Apollo 11. The rocket took three days to get to the moon.
- 7 It circled the moon 30 times.
- 8 It landed at 8.17 a.m. on 20 July, 1969.



- 9 Six hundred million people watched on TV.
- 10 Neil Armstrong said, 'That's one small step for man, one giant leap for mankind.'
- 11 The astronauts spent 22 hours on the moon.

T 7.8 Noises in the night

It was about two o'clock in the morning, and ... suddenly I woke up. I heard a noise. I got out of bed and went slowly downstairs. There was a light on in the living room. I listened carefully. I could hear two men speaking very quietly. 'Burglars!' I thought. Immediately I ran back upstairs and phoned the police. I was really frightened. Fortunately the police arrived quickly. They opened the front door and went into the living room. Then they came upstairs to see me. 'It's all right now, sir,' they explained. 'We turned the television off for you!'

T 7.9 Special occasions

- 1 Happy birthday to you, Happy birthday to you, Happy birthday, dear Grandma, Happy birthday to you.
- 2 A Did you get any Valentine cards?
 - **B** Yes, I did. Listen to this. Roses are red, violets are blue, You are my Valentine, And I love you.
 - **A** Wow! Do you know who it's from?
 - **B** No idea.
- 3 C Mummy! Daddy! Wake up! It's Christmas!
 - **D** Mm? What time is it?
 - C It's morning! Look. Father Christmas gave me this present!
 - E Oh, that's lovely! Merry Christmas, darling!
- **4 F** Congratulations! It's great news!
 - **G** Thank you very much. We're both very happy.
 - **F** So when's the big day?
 - H Pardon?
 - **F** Your wedding day! When is it?
 - H December the 12th. You'll get an invitation!
- 5 I It's midnight! Happy New Year, everyone!
 - **JKL** Happy New Year!
- **6** C Wake up, Mummy! Happy Mother's Day!
 - **D** Thank you, darling. Oh, what beautiful flowers! And a cup of tea! Well, aren't I lucky!
 - C And we made you a card! Look!
 - **D** It's beautiful! What clever children you are!
- 7 M Thank goodness it's Friday!
 - N Yeah! Have a good weekend!
 - M Same to you.

UNIT 8

T 8.1 Starter

List A



tea

coffee

wine

cheese

yoghurt

pasta

ice cream

apple juice

bread

milk

chocolate

broccoli

List B

bananas

apples

strawberries

potatoes

carrots

peas

onions

tomatoes

eggs

biscuits

crisps

chips

T 8.2 Who's a fussy eater?

D = Duncan, N = Nick

- **N** Oh, good, we have some tomatoes.
- **D** Sorry Nick. I don't like them.
- N Come on Duncan! Tomatoes are good for you. I didn't like them much when I was a child, but I love them now.
- **D** Hmm I didn't like a lot of things when I was a kid.
- **N** Ah you were a fussy eater! What didn't you like?
- **D** I didn't like any green vegetables.
- N Did you like any vegetables at all?
- **D** Only potatoes. I loved chips.
- **N** What about fruit? Did you like fruit?
- **D** I liked some fruit, but not all. I didn't like bananas. I liked fruit juice. I drank a lot of apple
- N And now you drink beer and wine!
- **D** Yeah and coffee. But I didn't like coffee or tea when I was a kid.
- **N** So what were your favourite foods?
- **D** I liked ice-cream, chocolate, crisps, biscuits, especially chocolate biscuits.-er- you know, I liked all the usual things kids like.
- N All the unhealthy things!
- **D** I liked pasta too. Pasta with tomato sauce. I love that!
- N Tomato sauce!? But you don't like tomatoes.



- **D** Tomato sauce is different. Hey, let's not eat in tonight. Let's go out to Romano's.
- N Romano's a great idea! It's my favourite Italian restaurant.

T 8.3 I like and I'd like

D = Duncan, N = Nick, W = Waitress

- **W** Good evening guys. Are you ready to order?
- **D** I think we are. What would you like, Nick?
- N Pasta, of course. I love pasta. I'd like the spaghetti Bolognese.
- **D** Same for me, please. I really like spaghetti.
- **W** Great! And would you like the wine list?
- **D** No, thanks. Just a glass of red for me. Would you like some wine, Nick?
- N Yes, but I don't like red wine. I'd like a glass of dry, white, if that's OK
- W That's fine.
- N Oh, and can we have some water too, please?
- **W** Of course. Would you like sparkling or still?
- **D** Just some tap water, thanks.
- W No problem.

T 8.4 Would/Do you like ...?

- **1 A** Excuse me, are you ready to order?
 - **B** Yes. I'd like a steak, please.
- **2 A** Would you like a sandwich?
 - **B** No, thanks. I'm not hungry.
- **3 A** Do you like Ella?
 - **B** Yes. She's very nice.
- **4 A** Would you like a cold drink?
 - **B** Yes, please. Do you have any apple juice?
- **5 A** Can I help you?
 - **B** Yes. I'd like some stamps, please.
- **6 A** What sports do you do?
 - **B** Well, I like skiing very much.

T 8.5 see p64

- 1 What kind of wine do you like?
- 2 Would you like a cheese and ham sandwich?
- **3** Who's your favourite author?
- **4** What do you want for your birthday?
- 5 Do you have any pets?
- **6** Do you want some ice-cream for dessert?

T 8.6

- 1 A What kind of wine do you like?
 - **B** I like French wine, especially red wine.
- **2** A Would you like a cheese and ham sandwich?
 - **B** Just cheese, please. I don't like ham.
- **3** A Who's your favourite author?
 - **B** I like books by Patricia Cornwell.
- **4 A** What do you want for your birthday?



- **B** I'd like a new computer.
- **5 A** Do you have any pets?
 - **B** No, but I'd like a dog.
- **6** A Do you want some ice-cream for dessert?
 - **B** No, thanks. I don't like ice-cream.

T 8.7 Eating in

N = Nick, D = Duncan

- N This recipe for Cottage Pie looks easy.
- **D** But I can't cook at all.
- N Don't worry. I really like cooking. Now, vegetables do we have any onions? Are there any carrots or potatoes?
- **D** Well, there are some onions, but there aren't any carrots, and we don't have many potatoes. How many do we need?
- N Four big ones.
- **D** OK, put potatoes on your list.
- **N** And how many tomatoes are there?
- **D** Only two small ones. Put them on the list too.
- **N** OK. How much milk is there?
- **D** There's a lot, but there isn't much cheese or butter.
- N OK, cheese and butter. What about herbs? Do we have any thyme?
- **D** Yeah, that's fine. But don't forget the minced beef. How much do we need?
- **N** 500 grams. Now, is that everything?
- **D** Er- I think so. Do we have oil? Oh, yeah, there's some left in the bottle.
- N OK, first shopping, then I'll give you a cooking lesson!
- **D** I'd like that. I hope the girls like Cottage Pie.
- N Everyone likes Cottage Pie!

T 8.8 much or many?

- 1 A How much toast would you like?
 - **B** Just one slice, please.
- **2** A How much yoghurt do we have left?
 - **B** Not a lot. It's nearly all gone!
- **3** A How many people were at the wedding?
 - **B** About 150.
- **4 A** How much money do you have in your pocket?
 - **B** Just fifty p
- 5 A How much petrol is there in the car?
 - **B** It's full.
- **6** A How many children does your brother have?
 - **B** Two. A boy and a girl.
- 7 A How many days is it until your birthday?
 - **B** It's tomorrow!
- **8** A How much time do you need for this exercise?
 - **B** Two more minutes.

T 8.1 The history of the sandwich

1st Century BC



A famous rabbi, Hillel the Elder, made the first recorded sandwich. He mixed some nuts, apples and spices with some wine and put it between two matzons (pieces of flat bread).

6th to the 16th century

People used Bread as plates. They put meat and vegetables on to some bread and ate with their fingers. These were the first open sandwiches and they called them 'Trenchers'.

18th Century

The name 'sandwich' first appeared. An English man, John Montague, (1718–1792) the Fourth Earl of *Sandwich, liked to eat and gamble at London's Beef Steak Club. Sometimes he stayed 24 hours at the gaming-table. He was hungry but he didn't want to stop gambling, so the chefs from the club put some beef between two pieces of bread and he ate while he gambled. This new meal became very fashionable with other men in the club and they called it the 'sandwich' after the Earl.

19th Century

An American writer, Eliza Leslie introduced sandwiches to America. In 1837 she wrote a cookbook, 'Directions for Cookery'; in it she had a recipe for ham sandwiches: 'Cut some thin slices of bread and ham. Butter the bread and put the ham between two slices with some mustard. Eat for lunch or supper.' Americans loved them.

20th to the 21st century

Sandwiches became very popular indeed. They were easy to make and they were a wonderful, cheap, portable meal for workers and school children.

Did you know...?

The 'Dagwood' sandwich is the sandwich to top all sandwiches. It is enormous! Named after the American cartoon character Dagwood Bumstead, it is made with a great many layers of meat, cheese, tomatoes, egg, salad and vegetables.

T 8.9 What's your favourite sandwich?

Angus 'I come from the north of England and we often call sandwiches 'butties'. My favourite butty is made with thick slices of white bread and thick slices of warm ham with hot mustard? Yes, warm ham! Mmmm, delicious. Would you like to try one?'

Ulla 'I'm from Denmark so for me it's the open sandwich – of course, and my favourite is with beef – thin slices of beef, rare beef, with some crispy fried onions on the top. I love this.'

Tom 'Oh, the best sandwich in the world is definitely a bacon sandwich. Hot bacon between thin slices of white bread and with lots of tomato ketchup. Simple, and very, very tasty. There's a cafe near where I work in London, I sometimes buy one for breakfast – mmmm I'd like one right now.'

Marianne 'I live in Italy so my best is Italian – a ciabatta with chopped tomatoes. mozzarella cheese – with black olives and basil. Mozzarella's my favourite cheese and I like cooking with it, I make my own pizza.'

John 'I was in Turkey by the sea, and a fisherman called to me 'Come, try a *Balik Ekmek*. I think this means fish in bread. He gave me a sandwich – it was fresh mackerel grilled and in a bread roll with raw onions. Fabulous.'



T 8.10 Daily needs

aspirin

chocolate

notebook

scissors

adaptor

envelopes

plasters

sellotape

toothpaste

shampoo

batteries

screwdriver

magazine

newspaper

T 8.11 Shopping in the High Street

- 1 A I'd like some batteries, please.
 - **B** What sort do you want?
 - A AA, please.
 - **B** Would you like a packet of four or six?
 - A Six is too many. Four is enough.
 - **B** Anything else?
 - **A** That's all, thanks.
- **2** C Can I have some toothpaste, please?
 - **D** Small or large?
 - **C** The large is too big. The small is fine.
 - **D** Anything else?
 - C No, thanks. How much is that?
- **3** E I'm looking for a nice pen.
 - **F** What about this one? It's £25.
 - E No, that's too much. I don't want to spend that much.
 - F Well, this one is £12.
 - E That's better. And I need some pencils as well.
 - **F** There are ten pencils in this packet.
 - **E** But I only want two!
 - F I'm afraid I only have packets of ten. Sorry.

T 8.12 Sounding polite

I'd like a coffee, please.

I want a latte.

Give me some cake with that!

Can I have a sandwich?

A cup of tea.

Could you bring me a smoothie?

T 8.13



- A Hi! What can I get you?
- **B** I'd like a latte, please.
- A Sure. Have in or take away?
- **B** Have in.
- A And what size do you want? Small, medium, or large?
- **B** Large, please.
- **A** Would you like anything to eat? A croissant? Some toast?
- **B** I'd like some toast, please.
- **A** No problem.
- **B** Can I have some honey with the toast?
- **A** Sure. Take a seat, and I'll bring it over.

UNIT 9

T 9.1

- 1 This city is in the south-east of the country. It's very big, and very old. It's about 50 kilometres from the sea and it's on a famous river, the River Thames.
- 2 This city is in the north and centre of the country. It's about 200 kilometres from the sea and it's on the River Seine. It's one of the most popular tourist destinations in the world.

T 9.2

- **A** Which do you prefer, London or Paris?
- **B** Well, I'm from Paris, so of course I love Paris.
- **A** London's a lot bigger than Paris.
- **B** It's true. Paris is much smaller, but it's more romantic!
- **A** Yes, this is what people say.
- **B** And the food is better.
- **A** Well, I'm not so sure about that ...

T 9.3

- 1 The Eiffel Tower is taller than the Gherkin.
- 2 The Underground is more expensive than the Metro.
- **3** Paris is warmer than London.
- **4** Paris is wetter than London.
- 5 I think the buildings in Paris are more beautiful.
- 4 I think the people in London are nicer.

T 9.4

Rob: Well, I like both London and Paris. But they are very different cities. Take transport for example. The Metro is cheaper and easier to use than the Underground. And the weather ... well, Paris is certainly hotter than London. And Paris in fact is wetter than London, but in London there are more wet days. What about the buildings? Well, ... people say that the architecture in Paris is more beautiful, but the buildings in London are more interesting. And living in the two cities? Well ... life is faster in London. And the people? ... Mmm, Londoners are generally more polite than Parisians. People in London work harder and they earn more. In Paris, having a good time is more important.



T 9.5 Comparing cities

- **1** A New York is older than London.
 - **B** No, it isn't! New York is much more modern!
- **2** A Tokyo is cheaper than Bangkok.
 - **B** No, it isn't! Tokyo's much more expensive!
- **3** A Seoul is bigger than Beijing.
 - **B** No, it isn't! Seoul is much smaller!
- **4** A Johannesburg is safer than Cape Town.
 - **B** No, it isn't! It's much more dangerous!
- 5 A Taxi drivers in New York are better than taxi drivers in London.
 - **B** No, they aren't. They're much worse!

T 9.6 A Parisian in London

C = Chantal, I = Interviewer

- I Hello Chantal!
- C Hi!
- I Now, you're French, but you live in London. Is that right?
- C Yes, that's right.
- I And are you ... on your own here in London?
- C No, no! I'm here with my husband, André.
- I Ah, ok. Do you work in London?
- C Yes, I do. I've got a good job. I work in a bank.
- I And ... Where do you live in London? Have you got a flat?
- C Yes. We've got a nice flat in Camden.
- I Oh, great! Has André got a job?
- C Yes, he has. He's got a shop in Camden. He sells French cheese!
- I Wow, that's good! And tell me, have you got a car here?
- C No, I haven't got a car. I go everywhere on public transport. It's much easier.
- I OK! Thank you very much! I hope you enjoy your stay here!

T 9.7

- 1 We've got a nice flat.
- 2 I've got a French husband.
- 3 He's got a business in Camden.
- 4 Have you got a lot of friends?
- 5 How many brothers and sisters have you got?
- 6 I haven't got any brothers. I've got a sister called Natalie.
- 7 Natalie's got a big house.
- **8** You've got a good English accent.

T 9.8

It's got the largest street market in the UK.

The market's busiest at the weekend

The food is the cheapest in north London.

It's got the most amazing clothes.

The Electric Ballroom is the oldest nightclub in Camden.

Proud is one of the coolest clubs in Camden.



T 9.9

- 1 The tallest building in London is Canary Wharf it's 235 metres.
- 2 The most expensive hotel is the Lanesborough it costs £7,000 per night!
- 3 The biggest park in central London is Hyde Park It's 142 hectares.
- 4 The most popular tourist attraction is the London Eye it has 10,000 visitors a day.
- 5 The most famous building is Buckingham Palace everyone knows who lives there.
- **6** The best restaurant for spotting celebrities is The Ivy. They all go there.

T 9.10 Megacities

A megacity is a city with more than ten million inhabitants.

The largest megacity is in fact Tokyo. The next biggest is Mexico City. Third is Mumbai. Fourth is New York, with about 22 million people. And last, the smallest is Shanghai, which has about 18.4 million.

Some time in 2008, for the first time in the history of the world, more people on earth lived in cities than in rural areas.

High-Speed Tokyo

Tokyo has a population of 35 million people. It is the largest city in the world. It is also one of the most exciting. Everything moves fast here. It has one of the biggest and busiest railway systems in the world. Every day 11 million commuters use it to get to and from work. People earn the highest salaries, and they spend the most money. They wear the latest fashions and have the most up-to-date phones. It is the world's most expensive city.

Old and new

Tokyo was originally a small fishing village called Edo. The name changed in 1868 when the Emperor moved there. The architecture is very modern. There aren't many old buildings because of the 1923 earthquake and the Second World War. But traditional Japan is always near, with many Shinto shrines and public baths around the city.

Visiting Tokyo

Tokyo is on the east coast of Japan. The summers are hot and humid. The most beautiful time of year is spring, when the famous cherry blossom is on the trees. The city is huge but it is one of the safest cities in the world. Japan is mysterious. It is difficult for foreigners to understand.

Mumbai, a city of extremes

Mumbai is India's largest city with a population of 22.8 million. It is also India's most important commercial centre. Mumbai was part of the British Empire until independence in 1947. It was called Bombay until 1995, when it was renamed Mumbai after a Hindu Goddess, Mumba Devi.

Rich and poor

Mumbai is both old and modern, rich and poor. The streets are full of people doing business, selling snacks and clothes, or just living there.

Money is everywhere in modern Mumbai. India's most important businesses and banks have their headquarters there. The Bollywood film industry produces more films than Hollywood in Los Angeles.

Modern skyscrapers and new shopping malls are right next to slums. 60% of the population live with no running water, no electricity, and no sanitation.



Visiting Mumbai

Mumbai is on the west coast. The wet season is from June to September. Between November and February it is a little cooler and dryer.

The city is best at sunrise and sunset, when the colour of the stone buildings changes from gold to orange and pink. The cheapest and easiest transport is by bus. Trains can be crowded and dangerous.

Because of its poverty, Mumbai can be a difficult place to live, but the experience is unique.

Multicultural Mexico City

Mexico City has a population of 23.4 million. It is the largest city in both North and South America.

The Aztecs called it Tenochtitlan, and it was already an important city when the Spanish invaded in 1521. The country became independent in 1821.

Indian and European

Mexico City offers a variety of experiences. In the Zócalo, the main square, you can see the Spanish cathedral, an Aztec temple, and a modern skyscraper. The city has a lot of museums and theatres. European squares and colonial houses sit next to busy markets selling Mexican food and Indian handicrafts. It is the richest city in Latin American. There are elegant shops selling high-class goods, expensive restaurants, and supercool bars. There are also many people who live in poor houses.

Visiting Mexico City

Mexico City is in a valley in the south central area of the country. It is surrounded by mountains. The rainy season is from June to October. The warmest months are April and May. It has the largest and cheapest subway system in Latin America. Traffic moves so slowly that it is often faster to walk. The air quality is not good, and visitors need to be careful, but the city offers a rich cultural mix.

T 9.11

Makiko from Tokyo

The first thing to say about Tokyo is that it is very safe. Women can walk everywhere anytime day or night. Little children walk to school. You can leave something on the table in a restaurant while you go out for a minute and nobody will take it.

Tokyo is also very clean, and it is very easy to travel around. All the trains and buses run on time.

Personally, my favourite time of year is spring, when it's dry and the cherry blossom is out.

Tokyo is a very exciting city, because there are always new things to do, new places to go, new things to eat. It changes very quickly!

Vimal from Mumbai

I have two strong impressions of Mumbai. First, it is a city that is so full of activity! It is busy busy busy all day long and all night long! It's a city that doesn't sleep much. The day begins early because it is so hot. It's a noisy place. There are cars going beep beep, auto rickshaws by the thousand, fast trains rushing past, vendors shouting and trying to get you to buy their food, their drinks, their clothes. And people, people everywhere trying to get to work.



The second thing to say is that the people are very, very enthusiastic. Life isn't easy in Mumbai for a lot of people, but we really work hard and we really want to do our best. Every new day brings new possibilities! The future is exciting for us!

Lourdes from Mexico City

There are three things I like about living in Mexico City. First, the weather. It is warm and sunny most of the year. The second is the fresh fruit and vegetables – the markets are wonderful, the colours and smells are great! And the third is that I'm never bored because there is so much to see and do! We have museums, theatres, art exhibitions, parks, restaurants, bars ... everything!

My favourite time of year in Mexico City is the end of December, from the 16th to the 31st. The city is full of lights, there are parties everywhere, and we eat and drink and give presents. Everyone's really happy! I love it!

T 9.12 Directions

Go along George Street, past the Bristol Hotel on your left, and over the bridge. At the roundabout turn left and go up Park Avenue.

Go round the corner, through the wood, and down the hill. Then go under the railway bridge and you are on the A312 to Dorchester.

T 9.13

- 1 Go along George Street, past the hotel and over the River Sherwell. Go straight over the roundabout and it's in front of you on the hill to your left.
- 2 Go straight past the hotel and over the bridge until you get to a roundabout. At the roundabout follow signs to the Town Centre. Go past a petrol station on your left, over a pedestrian crossing, and past a set of traffic lights. At the roundabout turn right. You're in ... Street.
- 3 Go over the bridge, the River Sherwell, and turn right into the town centre. Go straight on, past the traffic lights, and over a roundabout. When you are in the square, it's on the left-hand side next to the museum, opposite the Town Hall.

UNIT 10

T 10.1

- 1 I'm cooking.
- 2 I'm reading the paper.
- **3** I'm watching the football.
- 4 I'm working on my laptop.

T 10.2 I'm sitting on the train

Tony Hello?

Nina Hi, Tony! It's Nina. Where are you?

Tony We're on the train. We're going to Birmingham for the weekend.

Nina Oh, great! How's the journey?

Tony Fine. I'm reading the paper, and Alice is doing something on her laptop.

2



Fiona Hello?

Pete Fiona, hi! It's Pete. How are you? What are you doing?

Fiona Fine. We're at home. I'm just cooking some dinner.

Pete What's Tim doing?

Fiona He's watching the football. Can't you hear?

Pete Ah, right!

T 10.3

1 What's Tony doing? He's reading the paper.

2 What's Alice doing?

She's doing something on her laptop.

3 Where are Tony and Alice going?

They're going to Birmingham.

4 What's Fiona cooking? She's cooking dinner.

5 What's Tim watching? He's watching the football.

T 10.4

B = Beth, 14, D = Dad

- **B** Oh, hi Dad! You OK?
- **D** Yes. Fine. Are you all right? Where are you?
- **B** Yeah, great! I'm ... at Ellie's house. We're sitting in her bedroom.
- **D** Ah, OK. And what are you doing at Ellie's house?
- **B** We're, -er ... working on the Internet.
- **D** Oh, right. Is this school work?
- **B** Yeah, I'm doing my homework.
- **D** Who's that shouting?
- **B** That's ... Ellie's sister. We're looking after her.
- **D** Hm. Really! OK. Well, see you later, then. Bye!
- **B** I'll be home about 6.00, Dad. Bye!

T 10.5

- 1 Alice is sleeping.
- 2 Alice and Tony are going to Manchester.
- **3** Fiona's cooking lunch.
- 4 Tim's watching a film.
- 5 Beth's doing her homework.
- **6** Beth and Ellie are sitting in Ellie's bedroom.

T 10.6 Who's who?

- A Oh, dear! I don't know anybody. Who are they all?
- **B** Don't worry. They're all very nice, I'll tell you who everybody is. Can you see that man over there?
- **A** The man near the window?
- **B** Yes. That's Paul. He's talking to Sophie. He's a banker. Very rich. And very funny. He works in New York.



- A Wow! So he's Paul. OK. And that's Sophie next to him?
- **B** Yes. She's laughing at Paul's jokes. She's lovely. She's a professor at Bristol university. She teaches business studies.
- **A** And who's that woman on the left?
- **B** That's Helena. She's drinking champagne. She's a writer. She writes stories for children. They're excellent. A very nice lady.
- **A** And who's that man she's talking to?
- **B** Helena's talking to Roger. Roger's eating crisps. He's an interesting man. He's an art dealer. He works for the British Museum.
- A Really? Wow! What a job! So that's Paul and Sophie ... Helena and Roger ... Now there are two more. Who are they?
- **B** They're Sam and Penny. They're looking at a photo on Sam's phone.
- **A** And what do they do?
- **B** They're designers. They make clothes for children.
- **A** OK. So that's everybody. Thanks.
- **B** That's all right.

T 10.7 Everything was too expensive!

- 1 A Did you buy anything at the shops?
 - **B** No. Nothing.
 - **A** Why not?
 - **B** Everything was too expensive.
 - **A** What a pity!
 - **B** But I bought something for you. Happy Birthday!
- **2** C Did you talk to anybody interesting at the party?
 - **D** No. Nobody.
 - **C** Why not?
 - **D** Everybody was dancing and the music was really loud!

 - **D** But I danced with somebody beautiful a girl called Kate.
- **3** E Did you go anywhere on Saturday night?
 - F No. Nowhere.
 - E Why not?
 - **F** Everywhere was closed. There wasn't one club open.
 - E That's incredible!
 - **F** So next weekend I'm going somewhere more interesting.

The International Space Station

LIVING IN SPACE

A science laboratory 360 kilometres from Earth? A preparation for a flight to Mars? A cathedral in the sky? The International Space Station, or ISS is all of these.

At this very moment the ISS is orbiting the Earth at a distance of 360 kilometres. It is flying at 28,000 km/hr. It goes round the earth 16 times a day. It took more than \$100 billion and fourteen years to develop. It is the most expensive thing ever built.

The station

The first part of the station went into space in 1998. Astronauts started to live on it in November 2000. There are usually three astronauts on board, and they stay for about six



months at a time. Over the years there have been over 200 visitors from 15 different countries. Supply ships arrive about eight times a year.

Aims

Space agencies in the United States, Russia, Japan, Canada, and Europe are working together. They are using the zero gravity of space to do experiments in biology, physics, and astronomy. They are learning about living in space over a long time, and the effects of this on the human body. The astronauts are growing plants to make oxygen. They are studying the earth's weather and geography. And they are looking at planets and stars to understand the origin of the universe.

An astronaut's day

Astronauts work for ten hours a day during the week and five hours on Saturday. The rest of the time they are free.

They wake up at 6.00 and have breakfast. There is a meeting, and they decide the day's plans. They have an hour for lunch, then more work till dinner at 7.00. Lights out is at 9.30. They do two hours' exercise every day, because weightlessness affects the body's muscles and bones.

Food

There isn't a real kitchen but there is a kitchen table. All food comes in tins or packets. There is fresh fruit only when a supply ship comes.

Astronauts eat with a spoon. It is a good idea to have food with a sauce so that it stays on the spoon and doesn't float away! They like spicy food because in space the sense of taste isn't very strong.

Personal lives

They have their own sleeping compartment. They sleep in bags attached to the wall. Because there is no up or down in space, they sleep 'standing up'. They have their own clothes and books and laptops. The temperature is always 72 degrees, so astronauts usually wear shorts and a T-shirt. There isn't a shower, but there are two toilets. In their free time they send emails home, read, and play games. But what they like to do best is look out of the windows at Earth below.

Future of the ISS

The ISS is the first of many space stations. There isn't a date yet for a manned trip to Mars, but space agencies are already talking about it. One thing is sure – at some time in the 21st century it will certainly happen.

T 10.8 An interview with an astronaut

I = Interviewer, S = Soichi

- I Soichi, what exactly is your job?
- **S** I'm an aeronautical engineer, and I'm a JAXA astronaut.
- I What is JAXA?
- S JAXA is the Japan Aerospace Exploration Agency.
- I What did you study at university?
- S Well, I studied engineering, of course! Aeronautical engineering.
- I Where did you study? Which university?
- **S** I studied at the University of Tokyo, and I graduated in 1991.
- I Which part of Japan are you from?



- S I'm from Yokohama, Kanagawa, which is part of Tokyo.
- I Are you married?
- **S** Yes, and I have three children.
- I What do you like doing when you're on earth?
- S Well, I guess my hobbies are jogging and basketball. And I like skiing and camping with my kids.
- I What are you doing on the Space Station at the moment?
- S I'm doing quite a few space walks. I'm going out into space, and I'm checking the instruments on the outside of the space station, to make sure they're working properly.
- I You're part of the Russian crew. What does this mean?
- S It means that my commander is Oleg Kotov, from Roscosmos, and I'm working in his team. We're studying weather conditions in space, and we're doing experiments with plants to see how they grow in zero gravity.
- I What do you do when you aren't working?
- S Well, I spend a lot of time just looking down at you on earth! And I think how lucky I am to be here. And I wish that everyone could see the earth from space. Maybe people would stop fighting if they could see how beautiful our planet is.

T 10.9 Who is it?

- 1 She's got dark brown hair and she's quite pretty. She's wearing boots and a hat and a red scarf and she's jumping in the air. She looks really happy!
- 2 He's got short dark hair. He's wearing trainers and a purple T shirt and he's carrying a ball. He isn't very tall.
- 3 She's wearing a scarf. She's pretty and she's got long, blond hair and blue eyes. She isn't smiling. She doesn't look very friendly.
- 4 He doesn't look very happy. Perhaps he's a businessman. He's wearing a white shirt and a striped tie. He's also wearing black glasses.

T 10.10 Social expressions

- 1 A Patrick and I are getting married.
 - **B** Wow! That's fantastic! Congratulations!
 - **A** Thanks. We're both very excited. And a bit nervous.
- **2** C Can I help you?
 - **D** No, I'm just looking, thanks.
 - C Just tell me if you need anything.
 - **D** That's very kind.
- **3** E Don't forget it's a bank holiday on Monday.
 - **F** Sorry, what does that mean?
 - E It means it a national holiday. The garage is closed most places are closed.
- **4 G** We're going to the cinema tonight.
 - H Oh, lovely! Well, I hope you enjoy the film!
 - **G** Thanks. I'll tell you all about it.
 - H Great!
- 5 I Excuse me! This machine isn't working!
 - J I'm sorry. Let me have a look. Ah! It isn't switched on. That's why.
 - I Oh, great! Thank you very much.
 - J No problem.
- **6 K** Hi. Can I speak to Dave, please?
 - L I'm afraid he isn't here at the moment. Can I take a message?



- **K** Yes. Could you ask him to phone Kevin?
- L Sure. I'll do that.
- 7 M Thanks for the invitation to your party, but I'm afraid I can't come.
 - **N** What a pity! Never mind!
 - **M** I'm going away that weekend.
 - N It's OK. Another time.
- **8 Q** Bye! Have a safe journey!
 - **R** Thanks. We'll see you in a couple of days.
 - **Q** I hope you have a good time.
 - **R** We'll try!

UNIT 11

T 11.1 Planning my future

- 1 When I get home I'm going to relax with my wife.
- 2 When I grow up I'm going to be a racing driver.
- 3 When the kids are in bed I'm going to sit down and have a glass of wine.
- 4 When I get a pay rise I'm going to buy my girlfriend a ring.
- 5 When I arrive on Koh Samui Island I'm going to lie on the beach.
- **6** When I retire I'm going to learn to play golf.
- 7 When this lesson ends I'm going to meet my friends for coffee.

T 11.2 Listen and repeat

- **A** What's Alan going to do?
- **B** He's going to relax.
- **A** What's Jason going to do?
- **B** He's going to be a racing driver.

T 11.3

- 1 When I get home I'm going to relax with my wife. I'm not going to talk about work.
- 2 When I grow up I'm going to be a racing driver. I'm not going to work in an office like my
- 3 When the kids are in bed I'm going to sit down and have a glass of wine. I'm not going to do the washing.
- 4 When I get a pay rise I'm going to buy my girlfriend a ring. I'm not going to buy a new
- 5 When I arrive on Koh Samui Island I'm going to lie on the beach. I'm not going to check emails for a week.
- 6 When I retire I'm going to learn to play golf. I'm not going to stay home and do nothing.
- 7 When this lesson ends I'm going to meet my friends for coffee. I'm not going to do my homework

T 11.4 Careful! You're going to drop it!

- 1 What a pity! It's going to rain. He can't play tennis.
- 2 Look at the time. He's going to be late for his meeting.
- 3 Come on! Come on! She's going to win. Fantastic!
- 4 Oh no! Jack's on top of the wall! He's going to fall.
- 5 Careful! She's going to drop the vase. Too late!



- 6 They're so excited. They're going to have a baby. It's due in July.
- 7 There's my sister and her boyfriend! Yuk! They're going to kiss.
- 8 He's going to sneeze. 'Aaattishooo!' 'Bless you!'

T 11.5 We're off to see the world!

R = Rob, F = Friend, B = Becky

- **R** First we're going to Egypt.
- **F** Why? To see the pyramids?
- **B** Well, yes, but also we want to take a cruise down the Nile.
- **F** Fantastic! Where are you going after that?
- **R** Well, then we're going to Tanzania to climb Kilimanjaro.

T 11.6

- **R** First we're going to Egypt.
- **F** Why? To see the pyramids?
- **B** Well, yes, but also we want to take a cruise down the Nile.
- **F** Fantastic! Where are you going after that?
- **R** Well, then we're going to Tanzania to ...
- F Wow! You're going to climb Kilimanjaro.
- **R** Yes, and then we're flying to India.
- **F** Are you going to visit the Taj Mahal?
- **B** Of course, but we're also going on a tiger safari.
- **F** You're going to see tigers!
- R Well, we hope so. Then we're going to Cambodia to visit the temples of Angkor Wat and
- **B** ... then to Australia to see Ayers Rock. We want to take photographs of it at sunset. Did you know it turns from pink to purple at sunset?
- F Really! And are you going to Sydney?
- **R** Oh, yes we're taking a flight from Sydney to Antarctica.
- **B** Yeah, it's a day trip to see the coldest place on earth.
- **F** I can't believe this. How many more places.
- **R** Two. We're flying from Sydney to Peru to ...
- **F** ... to see Machu Picchu of course.
- R Yes and then from Peru to the US to Yellowstone Park to see the supervolcano and perhaps some grizzly bears.
- **B** Then home!
- **F** Amazing! What a trip! How long is it going to take?
- **R** Nine months to a year we think.

T 11.7 Describing a holiday

- 1 A Where are they going?
 - **B** To the South of France.
- **2** A When are they going?
 - **B** On May the 21st.
- **3** A How are they travelling?
 - **B** By plane and hired car.
- **4 A** How long are they staying?
 - **B** For ten days.



- **5** A Where are they staying?
 - **B** In a house in a village.
- **6 A** What are they going to do?
 - **B** They're going to swim, go shopping in the markets, read and relax, and eat in good restaurants.

T 11.8 Song: Ed, Will, and Ginger: Oats and beans

Oats and beans and barley grow As you and I and everyone knows, Oats and beans and barley grows As you and I and everyone knows, A-waiting for a partner. First the farmer sows his seeds. Then he stands and takes his ease, Stamps his feet and claps his hands And turns around to view his lands A-waiting for a partner Now you're married you must obey, Must be true in all you say, Must be kind and must be good And help your wife to chop the wood, A-waiting for a partner Oats and beans and barley grow As you and I and everyone knows, Oats and beans and barley grows As you and I and everyone knows, A-waiting for a partner.

READING AND SPEAKING

Meet Ed, Will and Ginger Singing for their supper

It's a sunny Saturday afternoon in the small market town of Petersfield. Three young men arrive in the High Street with backpacks and walking sticks. They're wearing green and brown jackets, hats, and boots. Is it Robin Hood with his merry men? Passers-by are interested. Who are these young people? What are they going to do? One of the young men puts his hat down on the pavement and puts up a sign:

'We're walking to Wales – singing for our supper'

And they start singing. People stop to listen and smile. They are singing in perfect harmony, not pop songs, but traditional folk songs. The hat is soon full, and the people of Petersfield look and feel happier.

Meet the singers

Ed, 27, his brother Ginger, 25, and their friend Will, 26, are three young men who decided to leave their comfortable homes without any money or mobile phones and walk round the whole of Britain, in all seasons, in good and bad weather. They are singing for their supper and sleeping anywhere they can find, in woods, fields, and sometimes houses – when people offer hospitality.



Ed and Ginger started singing with Will when they were all at school together in Canterbury. After school, Ed went to study art in Paris and London and became an artist; Ginger became a gardener and Will a bookseller. They were still friends and liked walking together but weren't very happy with their lives. One day they had an idea 'Why don't we start walking and just not stop?' And so they did.

They love the freedom and the simple life. Walking and singing are simple human activities in a busy, stressful world. They sing in streets, pubs, and market squares. Sometimes people they meet teach them new songs.

Why are they doing this?

'People ask us why we're doing this, and we don't really have an answer,' says Will. 'It's a great life and we're learning so much on our journey.'

Their families worry about their futures, but they don't. Last year they started a website, www.awalkaroundbritain.com, and they made a CD of 16 of their songs. This year they are going to make podcasts to tell more stories of their walks, and they're going to make another CD. They also plan to start a charity to help traditional country activities. The future looks good.

T 11.9 What's the weather like?

Presenter: Here's Fiona with the weather for Europe for the next 24 hours.

Fiona: Hello there. Here's the forecast for Europe today. At the moment there's some wet and windy weather over the UK and Scandinavia and this is going to move south and east over Poland and Germany. Temperatures in Berlin and Warsaw are now about 20 degrees celcius, but it's cooler in London, 19 degrees, and cooler still in Oslo, 17 degrees. To the south it's a bit warmer, in Budapest, 23 degrees but to the east, cool and cloudy in Moscow, where the temperature is a welcome 15 degrees after all that extreme summer heat. Moving south it's getting warmer, 24 degrees in Rome, but it's going to be cloudy and showery across much of Italy, and also over northern Turkey, with heavy rain in Istanbul and a temperature of 21 degrees. Most other Mediterranean countries are going to be warm and dry. Greece will be hot and sunny with a lot of late summer sunshine, 28 degrees in Athens and warmer still in Portugal and Spain with temperatures up to 32 degrees. France is going to be cool and cloudy in the north, 20 degrees in Paris, and hot and stormy in the south with a high of 29 degrees in Nice. And that's your European weather for today. I'll be back at lunchtime with an update.

Presenter: Thank you Fiona and now ...

T 11.10

What's the weather like?

T 11.11

- **A** What's the weather like today?
- **B** It's cool and cloudy.
- **A** What was it like yesterday?
- **B** Oh, it was wet and windy.
- **A** And what's it going to be like tomorrow?
- **B** I think it's going to be warm and sunny.

T 11.12 Making suggestions

- **1 A** What a lovely day?
 - **B** Yeah! It's really warm and sunny. What shall we do?



- A Let's go for a walk.
- 2 A What an awful day! It's raining again.
 - **B** I know. It's so cold and wet! What shall we do?
 - **A** Let's stay in and watch a DVD.

T 11.13

- **1 A** What a lovely day!
 - **B** Yeah! It's really warm and sunny. What shall we do?
 - **A** Let's go for a walk!
 - **B** Oh no! It's too hot to walk.
 - A OK, let's go to the beach.
 - **B** Good idea! Why don't we take a picnic?
- 2 A What an awful day! It's raining again.
 - **B** I know. It's so cold and wet! What shall we do?
 - **A** Let's stay in and watch a DVD.
 - **B** Oh no that's boring! We did that last night.
 - **A** OK then, shall we go out for a coffee?
 - **B** Great! I'll get my coat and an umbrella!

UNIT 12

T 12.1 Been there! Done that!

- **K** Hi Lara! Are you and Mel ready for your trip?
- L Yeah, nearly, we leave next Monday for Rome.
- **K** Ah, Rome, I've been to Rome many times.
- L Well, I've never been there. It's my first time in Europe.
- **K** Really? What about your friend Mel?
- L She's been to London and Paris, but she hasn't been to Rome.
- K Ah, London and Paris. I've been there too. I studied in Paris for a year before I went to work in New York. Have you ever been to the US?
- L No, I haven't, I haven't travelled much at all so I'm really excited.
- **K** Oh, I've been to North and South America so many times and I've ...
- L I'm sure you have, Kyle. Oh dear, look at the time! Mel's waiting for me. We've got so much to do. Bye Kyle, we'll send you a postcard.

T 12.2

- 1 I've been to Rome many times.
- **2** I've never been there.
- 3 She's been to London and Paris.
- 4 She hasn't been to Rome.
- 5 I haven't travelled much at all.
- **6** I've been to North and South America.

T 12.3

- A Have you ever been to Greece?
- **B** No, I haven't.
- **A** Have you ever been to Italy?
- **B** Yes, I have.



- **A** When did you go?
- **B** Two years ago.
- **A** Where did you go?
- **B** Rome, Florence and Venice.
- **A** Fantastic! Did you have a good time?
- **B** Yes, I did. It was great!

T 12.4 Getting ready to go!

L = Lara, M = Mel

- L Where's the list?
- M I've got it. ... OK let's check through. Er- we've bought new backpacks, we did that a while ago.
- L They look quite big. I hope we can carry them.
- M No worries. I haven't finished packing mine yet. Have you?
- L Not yet, just one or two more things to go in. Oh, have you collected the euros from the
- M Yup. I've just collected five hundred for you and five hundred for me.
- L All our savings. I hope it's enough!
- **M** No worries. We can stay with my aunt in London.
- L Have you emailed her yet?
- M Yes, She's just emailed back. She's going to meet us at the airport when we fly in to London from Rome.
- L Fantastic. Hey, look, I've just found out the weather in Rome for next week. Hot and
- M Yeah, it's going to be so good. We're going to leave winter here and arrive in the middle of summer in Europe.
- L What about the tickets?
- M I think we only need passports but I've printed e-tickets just in case but I haven't checked in online yet. You can only do that 24 hours before the flight.
- L Oh Mel! I am so excited. I can't wait.

T 12.5 Tense revision

Lara: 'I'm really excited about my trip to Europe. I haven't travelled much outside Australia before. Just once, two years ago I went on holiday to Bali with my family, but I've never been to Europe or the US. I often travel inside Australia. Last year I flew to Perth to visit my cousin, who lives there. It's a five-hour flight from Sydney, where I live. Australia's a big country! Also, I've been up to Cairns in the north three times. I learned to scuba dive there on the Great Barrier Reef.

We've just finished packing and now we're waiting for the taxi to take us to the airport. I've never flown on a 747 before. It's a very long flight. It takes 20 hours to get to Rome. I'm going to watch films all the way. I can't wait!'

T 12.6 No, not yet!

- 1 A Have you checked your emails yet?
 - **B** Yes, I've just checked them but there wasn't one from you.
- **2** A Have you done the shopping?
 - **B** No, I haven't. I'm too tired to go out.
- **3** A Have you washed your hair?



- **B** Yes, I've just washed it.
- **4** A Have you cleaned the car yet?
 - **B** Yes, I've just cleaned your car and mine!
- **5 A** Mum, have you made the dinner yet?
 - **B** Yes, dinner's ready. Go and wash your hands.
- **6** A Have you done the washing-up yet?
 - **B** No. I did it last night. It's your turn.
- 7 **A** Have you met the new student yet?
 - **B** Yes, I have. I met her on the way to school this morning.
- **8** A Have you finished the exercise?
 - **B** Yes, I've just finished it. Thank goodness!

T 12.7 Song: Turin Brakes: Extract from They can't buy the sunshine

T 12.1 I've been to Glastonbury! The world's biggest open-air music festival!

The festival covers 1,000 acres of farmland in SW England. It takes place in June and lasts four days.

About 700 acts play on over 80 stages. There is continual music from 9 o'clock in the morning until 6 o'clock the next morning.

1,500 people attended the first festival in September 1970. They paid £1 a ticket. Last year 190,000 people attended. They paid £200 for a ticket.

Hundreds of famous names have performed at Glastonbury – singers such as Paul McCartney, Bruce Springsteen, Robbie Williams, Jay Z, and Amy Winehouse; and bands such as REM, Radiohead, Coldplay, and Arctic Monkeys.

In 2009, news of Michael Jackson's death hit in the middle of the festival. Immediately T-shirts with the slogan 'I was at Glastonbury when Michael Jackson died' were on sale. The festival is famous for its rain! In 1997, 1998, and 2005, it rained every day and the festival-goers danced in the mud.

Glastonbury – some experiences

Marina M, Scotland

"My first Glastonbury was 2005. The year of rain and MUD! We took off our shoes and danced in it up to our knees! I loved it! I've now been six times! It's always great fun, even though you don't sleep much! This year's festival was fantastic – I didn't want to go home. A definite highlight for me was an Icelandic band called Sigur Ros. I've never heard of them, but I loved their music. And well-done for all the toilets this year! Much better!"

Dave Chow, London

'Well, I don't know what to say – my first time and it was the most amazing experience! I'm now sitting at work thinking about the best four days of my life. We didn't see any rubbish bands, and the DJs rocked all night. We saw the sun rise at 5:15 on Sunday morning, an amazing experience.' Only one complaint – there were so many mobile phones. Why? I thought Glasto was about getting away from it all.'

Len Ferris, Gloucester

I've taken my kids to Glastonbury twice. It really is an education for kids. The atmosphere is amazing. I think this is because of the mix of people of all ages. It's great to see them – from babies, toddlers, and teenagers to people my parents' age and older. Everyone gets on so well.



On Saturday night we watched Radiohead with my 11 year old son, and the crowd moved back so he could see better. We loved everything.

Narrator Izzi, Christchurch, New Zealand

This was my first year at Glastonbury. I travelled 10,000 miles to be there. I've been to other festivals in Australia and Europe – I went to the Sonar Festival in Barcelona two years ago – it was brilliant, but I've always wanted to come to Glastonbury. It was amazing. Radiohead was the best thing I have ever seen at a festival ever and I'm going to come next year if I can. Long live Glastonbury!!

T 12.8 At the Glastonbury festival

1 Elsa from Birmingham England

OK, I've been to Glastonbury five times now. My highlights this year were: pear cider to drink and the American diner van with the best sausages and chips ever. However, I was very disappointed with the music on Saturday night. DJs played House music all night. I love House but this was rubbish. I got really bored so I went back to my tent to finish a bottle of pear cider with friends!

2 Daniel Evans from Wales

Last Wednesday at 2.30 in the afternoon, I decided that I wanted to go to Glastonbury. I was lucky! I found a ticket on the Glastonbury message boards. I'm so glad I went. The music was brilliant. Sometimes it took a long time to get to the stages. The queues were long but always friendly. In the busy "real world" it's difficult to have good conversations with people. At Glastonbury you can do this. It's a great festival, with a great crowd of people. What more could you want? 100,000 friendly people. I wish the rest of life was the same: four days out of 365 is a good start!!!!

T 12.1 take and get

- 1 A It's really hot in here.
 - **B** Why don't you take off your jumper?
- **2** A Is your office near where you live?
 - **B** No, it takes a long time to get to work.
- **3 A** What are your work colleagues like?
 - **B** Great! We all get on really well.
- **4** A How often are there exhibitions in the museum?
 - **B** They take place regularly, every two months.
- **5 A** Do you like learning English?
 - **B** It's OK but sometimes I get really bored!

T 12.10

- 1 The best way to get to the airport is to take a taxi.
- 2 How long does it take if you go by train?
- 3 I haven't got a camera. I take photos with my iPhone.
- 4 Sue has taken her driving test three times and she's failed every time.
- 5 Are you still getting ready! We're going to be so late!
- 6 The doctor told me to take it easy, if I want to get better soon.
- 7 It rained on the day we got married. We got very wet, but still had a great day.
- 8 You can't get on the bus with that big dog. Please, get off!



T 12.11 Travel announcements

- 1 The 11.55 for Newcastle stopping at Peterborough, York, and Darlington is now ready to board on Platform 10. There is a buffet car on this train. Please check that you have all your luggage with you.
- 2 This is the number 22 for Piccadilly Circus. Next stop Green Park. Stand back from the doors, please.
- 3 Flight BA 1536 to New York is now ready for boarding at Gate 58. Will passengers in rows 12 to 20 please board first. Passengers are reminded to keep their hand luggage with them at all times

T 12.12

Conversation 1

- A Next please!
- **B** A day return to Oxford, please.
- **A** That's £12.70.
- **B** Thank you. What time does the next train leave?
- **A** At 9.55. The platform number has just gone up on the departures board.
- **B** Oh, yes. I can see. Thank you very much.
- A Have a good journey.

Conversation 2

- **A** Excuse me, does the number 24 go to the Natural History Museum?
- **B** No, it doesn't. You need the 360.
- **A** Where can I get it?
- **B** From that bus stop over there.
- **A** Oh, thanks for your help.
- **B** Don't mention it!

T 12.13

- A Have you checked in online?
- M Yes, we have.
- A Fine. How many suitcases have you got?
- L We haven't got suitcases just backpacks.
- **A** Oh, yes. Can you put them on the scales?
- M Here you are ...
- A They're fine. And how many pieces of hand luggage?
- L Just these bags.
- **A** They're fine too. You board from Gate 9 at 10.20.
- L Err, where do we go now?
- A To the departure gate and security check. They're over there. Have a nice flight!
- M Thanks very much. Goodbye.

T 12.14 A poem

WHY DID YOU LEAVE?

When did you leave?

I left at four in the morning.



When did you leave?

When the house was asleep.

Where have you gone?

To a huge, crowded city.

Where have you gone?

To a place where no one knows me.

What did you take?

Some money. Not my mobile phone.

What did you take?

Not much. Just memories.

How did you travel?

By taxi. By plane.

How did you travel?

I travelled alone. I have always travelled alone.

Why did you leave?

Because I wanted to see the world.

Why did you leave?

Because nobody listened. No one has ever listened to me.

Why don't they listen?

I don't know. I have never known.

Why don't they listen?

Because I have very little to say.

When are you coming home?

When I have become somebody. Do not wait.

Anon.