JURNAL PHARMA BHAKTA

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ABSTRACT

Abstracts are written in Indonesian with a maximum of 200-250 words with the type. Fonts used are Times New Roman size 11 and 1 space and italicized, consisting of **Background:** describing briefly the introduction of the study. **Objective:** briefly describe the purpose of the study. **Method:** Describe the series of methods used. Results: Brief results of the study. **Conclusions:** Conclusion of research. Avoid abbreviations and references in the abstract.

ABSTRAK

Abstrak ditulis dalam Bahasa Indonesia dengan maksimum 200 kata dengan jenis Font huruf yang digunakan adalah Times New Roman ukuran 11 dan 1 spasi, yang terdiri dari **Latar belakang:** menggambarkan secara ringkas pendahuluan penelitian. **Tujuan:** menggambarkan secara singkat tujuan penelitian. **Metode:** Menjelaskan rangkaian metode yang digunakan. **Hasil:** Hasil penelitian secara singkat. **Simpulan:** Simpulan penelitian. Hindari singkatan dan referensi di dalam abstrak.

INTRODUCTION

The introduction should present the background, discuss relevant previous studies, identify the research gap, highlight the novelty, and state the objectives of the study. The article format follows the provided template, created in Microsoft Word using Times New Roman, 12-pt font size, 1.15 line spacing, and 2.7 cm margins. The manuscript must contain a minimum of 3000 words, not including the abstract and references. References should be managed using reference management software (such as Mendeley or Zotero) and follow APA style for in-text citations. The maximum similarity allowed is 30%, verified through Turnitin. Authors are encouraged to prepare their manuscript using this template and ensure that their submission adheres to the formatting standards of *Jurnal Pharma Bhakta*.

METHOD

The research methods section explains in detail the technical procedures carried out in the study. It includes the type of research, the research setting and period, the population and sample, the steps or procedures followed, descriptions of the research instruments, and the data analysis techniques employed to address the research questions or test the hypotheses.

RESULT

Illustrations of research results may be presented in paragraph form or organized into sub-sections. Graphs, tables, or figures may be used. Only findings that are meaningful and relevant to the research objectives should be reported. Figure or graph titles should be written in 11-pt font and placed below the figure or graph, accompanied by the reference. Tables should be written in Times New Roman, 11-pt font, single spacing, with a 0.5-pt space below the table title. Table titles should be written in 12-pt bold font and placed above the table. Tables should not use vertical lines. Table numbering uses Arabic numerals (1, 2, …) placed below the table, along with table notes if applicable.

Table 1. Sample of Two-Column Table

Variable	n	*x*		y	
		a	b	a	b
Gender					
Male	20 (62,5%)	2 (40,0%)	18 (66,7%)	1 (50,0%)	8 (72,7%)
Female	12 (37,5%)	3 (60,0%)	9 (33,3%)	1 (50,0%)	3 (27,3%)

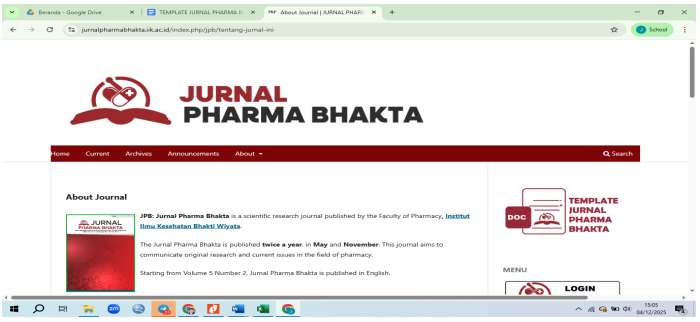


Figure 1. Sample picture

DISCUSSION

The discussion presents the relationship or alignment between the research findings and existing theories, as well as a comparison of the results with previously published studies. It also explains the implications of the findings for scientific knowledge and their potential applications.

CONCLUSION

The conclusion includes summary of results, a clear study discussion, implications and limitations of research.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Acknowledgments should be directed primarily to research funders or donors. Appreciation may also be expressed to parties who contributed to the implementation of the community service activity.

REFERENCES

This section includes a list of references cited within the publication text, prepared using reference management software (such as Mendeley or Zotero) and formatted according to APA citation style. References must be single-spaced with right alignment, consisting of a minimum of 15 sources, including at least 5 articles from *Jurnal Pharma Bhakta*. Additionally, 80% of the references should be primary sources (research articles) published within the last 10 years. An example is provided below. The article template is prepared in Microsoft Word using Times New Roman, 12-pt font size, single spacing, and 2.7 cm margins.

Research Journal

Shofi, M. (2021). Uji In Silico Aktivitas Sitotoksik dan Toksisitas Senyawa Bioaktif Biji Trembesi (*Samanea Saman* (Jacq.) Merr) sebagai Kandidat Obat Diabetes Mellitus. *Jurnal Pharma Bhakta,* 1(2), 1-10. https://doi.org/10.56710/jpb.v5i2

Book

Nugroho, L.H., & Hartini, Y.S. (2021). Farmakognosi Tumbuhan Obat: Kajian Spesifik Genus Piper. Yogyakarta : UGM PRESS.

Thesis or Dissertation

Nunung, R. (2025). *Kajian Senyawa Flavonoid SEbagai Bahan Sedian Gel.* Skripsi, Kediri : Program Studi S1 Farmasi Institut Ilmu Kesehatan Bhakti Wiyata Kediri

Article from website

Tuti, K.H. (2012). *Senyawa Antioksidan*. Online. http://bukufarmasi.com/fitokimia