

In Kansas of 1954, Oliver Brown sued the local school board for denial of his daughter into an all white school. After the initial claims were made, the NAACP assisted Brown in a the law suit and brought it all the way to the supreme court. Thurgood Marshall, the lawyer, claimed the schools violated the 14th amendment. This event was important to American history as it overturned the Plessy vs. Ferguson case where buildings were regulated, but not inspected. Brown vs. Board impacted society as the Supreme Court desegregated all schools letting all colored citizens into all schools.