## What about Carl?

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Adapted from the work of Jason Gulya

## Procedure:

Step 1: Get students in pairs or groups and give them the following scenario

You're taking a class. You're about to complete a group assignment, with 3-4 other people. You get assigned Carl. Now, here's some information about Carl.

Carl is a genius. But he's a specific kind of genius. He spends almost all of his time on the internet, looking for information. Now, he doesn't read much. But he does remember a lot of it, because he has a photographic memory.

When you ask him questions, there's a 50% chance he'll regurgitate something he saw online. Sometimes, it's Wikipedia. Sometimes, it's another source. Sometimes, he's not even sure. It just comes to him. Now, about 25% of the time, he says something absolutely brilliant. He combines different sets of information or he says something that really resonates with you. The other 25% of the time? He makes it up. He puts in random pieces of information, or he says something that's inaccurate. Or he says something that shows his bias.

One good thing about Carl: whatever you'll ask him to do, he'll do.

Oh, and remember: Carl is kind of a weird dude. Every time you ask him a question, he has a strange tick. In order to think, Carl needs to flick a light switch and dump out a bottle of water. The ritual helps him concentrate.

<u>Step 2</u>: Ask students to think and write on their own: What are you going to do with Carl? What will you talk about and do in your group based on what you know about Carl?

<u>Step 3</u>: Ask students to share their answers with their partner/others in their group. Talk about what answers are similar and what are different and discuss their rationale. Ask them to come up with a consensus answer.

<u>Step 4</u>: Ask pairs/groups to report out and record important parts of those answers on the board/screen. Discuss implications - walk students through the connections between the Carl scenario and Large Language Models. The person who originated this scenario got these results from the group discussion:

Some students wanted to assign a fact-checker.

Some students wanted to give Carl a careful set of instructions.

Some students wanted to give Carl a "handler." They watch over him.

Some students wanted to ignore Carl, and not let him touch anything.

Some students wanted to have Carl complete the entire group project.

<u>EXTENSION ACTIVITY</u>: students could read this <u>NYT article</u> (and/or <u>this writer's experience</u>) about the prevalence of "hallucinations" (errors) and discuss implications re: whether teachers and students should use LLMs, and for what purpose.

REFERENCE: this document includes references contrasting the ways humans think and how LLMs process language. 
Whatever AI is, it sure ain't human