

My IELTS Notes

LISTENING:

Q1: CAN WE REPEAT THE AUDIO?

No. The audio is played only once, and you cannot rewind or replay any part of it. You must listen carefully the first time.

Q2. SHOULD WE INCLUDE THE SYMBOLS LIKE 40% OR ONLY TYPE 40??]

If the speaker says "forty percent," write "40%"

If unsure, write only the number (40) to be safe.

Q3. WHY WE ARE GIVEN SOME TIME TO READ THE QUESTIONS AND HOW TO USE IT EFFICIENTLY NOT WASTE THAT TIME.

ans: underline the keywords like names, dates, places, numbers and try to guess the type of answer required, think of synonyms and paraphrases. there is a chance of tricky words like they will say it is ----- but then, they will say wait actually----

Q4. I ALSO HEARD A WORD LIVE OR LIFE FARM AND I DIDNT KNOW WHAT TO CHOOSE, ALSO IT SAYS NO MORE THAN TWO WORDS, SO WHAT TO DO IF THIS THING HAPPENS]

ans: Check if live farm makes sense or is life farm logical.

check for supporting words before or after [people can go to farm to see LIVE animals [meaning ans is deff "Live Farm"]

DO NOT OVERTHINK, or YOU'LL MISS THE NEXT ANSWER.

1. FILL IN THE BLANKS WITH NO MORE THAN 2 WORDS./NUMBER

2. CHOOSE CORRECT LETTER

3. ONE WORD ANSWERS

4. MCQs [for this use elimination method]

5. PARAGRAPH AND BLANKS [PART-4 [FELT FAST]]

READING:

1. T/F/NG

- I READ THE QUESTIONS FIRST
- THEN I SKIMMED THE PARAS AND CHECKED FOR THE KEYWORDS FROM THE QUESTION OR PARAPHRASED WORDS AND ANSWERED.

NOTE: If you can't find the information, don't assume it's false. It might be Not Given!

2. CHOOSE CORRECT LETTER.

q1. DOUBT IS IS THIS ALL IN ORDER OR JUMBLED? THE LETTERS AND PARAGRAPHS I MEAN, I FOUND THE LAST QUESTION ANS IN PARA 1]:

No, the answers are NOT always in order.

3. FILL BLANKS:

DOUBT1: derived from *Ciona intestinalis*, a marine invertebrate,
ans: if the rest of the words are simple, write the simpler words.
[i.e., marine invertebrate]

DOUBT2: IS THIS ALSO IN JUMBLED OR IN ORDER
Fill-in-the-blank answers usually appear in order in the passage.

NOTE: Match the exact words from the passage, even if they seem meaningful if connected or unconnected.

eg: free linkedin courses;

----- on linkedin [ans is not free courses on linkedin, just "courses"]

DOUBT3: As a result, work has become an obsession, an identity even;

ans: here either obsession or identity can be chosen as the right answer.

Writing: part 1 [Graphs, Charts, Tables, Mixed Data]

TEMPLATE:

1] Intro: [Paraphrase the Question]:

- 1] what type of graph is it?
- 2] what does graph represent?
- 3] categories?
- 4] time frame?

2] Overview Trend – No Numbers

"Overall, [biggest change].

A noticeable change is [increase/decrease in a category].

While [one category increased], [another category declined/remained stable].

3] Body Paragraph 1 (Most Significant Trends NUMBERS needed

In [year], [largest category] accounted for [X%].

By [year], this figure had increased/decreased to [X%].

In contrast, [smallest category] represented only [X%].

4] Body Paragraph 2 (Other Trends with Numbers)

"Another notable trend is [increase/decrease in another category].

This figure remained relatively stable at [X%].

Surprisingly, [category] saw a sharp increase/drop.

5] Conclusion (Summarize Key Insights, No New Data)

To summarize, the data shows [overall trend].

This suggests a shift towards [general pattern].

EXAMPLE:

The pie chart and bar chart below show the location and the types of art classes in a Canadian town.

Write at least 150 words.

The pie chart and table provide an overview of art class locations and student participation in various types of art lessons in Canadian town. The pie chart illustrates where these classes take place, while the table categorizes students by age group and their preferred art forms.

It is clear that nearly half (48%) of the art classes are conducted in private studios, making them the most common venue. School halls account for nearly a quarter (24%) of the classes, while community halls and other locations host 18%. College-based studios represent the smallest proportion at only 10%.

The table indicates that younger students (under 11) show a stronger preference for watercolor painting, with 600 students enrolled, compared to 300 in the 11-16 age group. On the other hand, mixed media painting is more popular among older students (525) than younger ones (300). Pencil sketching maintains relatively similar participation levels across both groups, with 450 students under 11 and 425 students aged 11-16.

In summary, private studios dominate as the primary venue for art classes, while school halls and community halls also play a significant role. Additionally, younger students favor watercolor painting, whereas older students show greater interest in mixed media painting.

Writing part 2: [Maps]

TEMPLATE:

1] Introduction (Paraphrase the Question)

The given map(s) illustrate(s) [what the maps represent].

It compares [time period(s)] / [different locations] and highlights major changes.

Example:

The given maps illustrate the development of Porth Harbour between 1990 and 2020. It highlights significant changes in

infrastructure, recreational facilities, and transport systems over time.

2] Overview (Key Trends – No Specific Details)

Overall, the most noticeable change is [main transformation].

The area has experienced [urbanization/modernization/natural changes, etc.].

While some features remained unchanged, others underwent major modifications/replacements.

Example:

Overall, Porth Harbour has undergone significant modernization over the past three decades. While the port facilities and residential areas remained intact, new recreational amenities and transport links have been introduced.

3] Body Paragraph 1 (Describe the First Set of Changes)

In [year 1], the area featured [describe original state].

However, by [year 2], this was replaced/transformed into [describe the change].

Additionally, [mention another major transformation].

For instance, [specific example of change].

Example:

In 1990, Porth Harbour had a large industrial port surrounded by warehouses. However, by 2020, these warehouses had been demolished and replaced with a modern shopping complex and restaurants, catering to tourists. Additionally, a new pedestrian promenade was built along the waterfront.

4] Body Paragraph 2 (Describe Further Changes/Comparisons)

Another significant change is [describe additional transformation].

Previously, [describe the old state].

By [year], this had been converted into [new feature].

Surprisingly, some elements remained unchanged, such as [mention what stayed the same].

Example:

Another significant change is the expansion of transport infrastructure. Previously, there was only a small road connecting the harbour to the town. By 2020, a modern highway and a railway station had been introduced to accommodate increasing visitors. Surprisingly, the lighthouse and the old docks remained untouched, preserving the area's maritime heritage.

5] Conclusion (Summarize Key Insights, No New Details)

To summarize, the maps show that [area] has undergone [main transformation].

These changes indicate a shift toward [urbanization/tourism/modernization/sustainability].

Example:

To summarize, the maps show that Porth Harbour has evolved from an industrial port into a modern tourist-friendly area. These developments reflect a shift towards commercial expansion and improved accessibility.

EXAMPLE:

The diagram below shows how ethanol is made.

Summarise the information by selecting and reporting the main features and make comparisons where relevant.

1] Introduction (Paraphrase the Question)

The given diagram illustrates the process of ethanol production from plant-based materials. It highlights the various stages involved, from plant growth and harvesting to ethanol processing and distribution, while also indicating the role of carbon dioxide emissions at different steps.

2] Overview (Key Trends – No Specific Details)

Overall, the most noticeable aspect is the cyclical nature of the ethanol production process. The process begins with plants absorbing sunlight and carbon dioxide, and continues through

harvesting, pre-processing, fermentation, and fuel consumption. While carbon dioxide is released at various stages, the cycle ensures its reuse in plant growth, indicating a partially sustainable system.

3] Body Paragraph 1 (Describe the First Set of Stages)

Initially, plants and trees grow by absorbing energy from sunlight and carbon dioxide. Once matured, they undergo harvesting, where the biomass is collected. The harvested material then undergoes pre-processing, where cellulose is extracted, leading to the release of carbon dioxide as a byproduct.

4] Body Paragraph 2 (Describe Further Stages in the Process)

Following pre-processing, the extracted cellulose is converted into sugars through processing. At this stage, microbes are added to ferment the sugars, producing ethanol. The final product is then transported for use in vehicles, trucks, and airplanes, all of which release carbon dioxide back into the atmosphere, completing the cycle.

5] Conclusion (Summarize Key Insights, No New Details)

To summarize, the diagram shows that ethanol production is a continuous cycle, where plants absorb carbon dioxide, undergo biomass conversion, and fuel combustion releases emissions back into the environment. This process highlights the renewable nature of biofuel production compared to fossil fuels.

writing: [Opinion-Based Essays] Agree/Disagree, Advantages/Disadvantages, Positive/Negative Development

TEMPLATE:

1] Introduction (Paraphrase the Question)

General statement about the topic,

While some believe that [opposing view], I firmly believe that [your stance].

This essay will discuss [Main Argument 1] and [Main Argument 2] to justify my position.

2] Body Paragraph 1 (Main Argument 1 – First Strong Reason)

One of the primary benefits of [topic] is its ability to [main benefit].

[Explain why this is beneficial].

For instance, [Provide an example to support your argument].

Therefore, [Link back to the main idea and reinforce the argument].

3] Body Paragraph 2 (Main Argument 2 – Second Strong Reason)

Additionally, [topic] plays a crucial role in [second benefit].

[Explain why this is significant].

For example, [Provide an example that supports this idea].

As a result, [Link back to the argument and emphasize its importance].

4] Counterargument + Rebuttal (Address a Concern & Refute It)

However, some critics argue that [mention the opposing argument].

[Explain why this concern is valid].

While this concern holds some truth, [counter it with a rebuttal].

Thus, [Conclude why your stance remains stronger].

5] Conclusion (Summarize Key Points + Restate Opinion)

In conclusion, [Paraphrase the overall argument].

Although some concerns exist, [reaffirm why your opinion is valid].

Moving forward, [Provide a final thought or suggestion].

EXAMPLE: The Advantages and Disadvantages of Remote Work

With advancements in technology, remote work has become increasingly popular, allowing employees to work from home instead of traditional office settings. While this trend improves flexibility and reduces commuting stress, it also presents challenges such as reduced teamwork and potential distractions. Although concerns exist, I believe the benefits of remote work outweigh the drawbacks.

Body Paragraph 1 (Advantages)

One key advantage of remote work is improved work-life balance.

Employees can structure their schedules more effectively, allowing for greater productivity. For example, remote workers save time by

avoiding long commutes, which enables them to focus better on tasks. Additionally, remote work reduces operational costs for companies, as businesses can downsize office spaces and cut expenses on utilities. Moreover, employees experience fewer workplace distractions, leading to better efficiency and job satisfaction.

Body Paragraph 2 (Disadvantages)

Despite these benefits, remote work also has limitations. One major drawback is the lack of in-person collaboration, which can hinder teamwork and innovation. This is especially problematic in creative fields where brainstorming sessions and spontaneous discussions contribute to productivity. Another significant concern is the challenge of maintaining discipline. Without a structured office environment, employees may struggle with time management and motivation. Additionally, remote workers often face blurred boundaries between personal and professional life, leading to increased stress and burnout.

Conclusion

While remote work presents challenges such as decreased collaboration and potential distractions, its benefits in terms of flexibility, cost savings, and work-life balance make it a favorable option. Rather than eliminating office-based work entirely, companies should adopt a hybrid model, combining both remote and in-office work to maximize efficiency and employee well-being.

EXAMPLE 2: Working from home is a popular way for professionals to work these days because it is convenient.

What are the benefits and drawbacks of this trend?

Give reasons for your answer and include any relevant examples from your own knowledge

ans:

Remote work has become increasingly popular among professionals due to its convenience and flexibility. While some argue that working from home can lead to distractions and reduced productivity, I firmly believe that its advantages outweigh the drawbacks.

One of the primary benefits of working from home is its ability to improve work-life balance. Employees can save time by eliminating daily commutes, allowing them to spend more time with family or engage in personal activities. For instance, parents working remotely can better manage their children's schedules while still fulfilling their professional responsibilities. Therefore, remote work enables individuals to achieve a healthier balance between personal and professional life.

Additionally, working from home significantly boosts efficiency and productivity. Many employees find they can focus better without workplace distractions such as unnecessary meetings or office noise. For example, studies have shown that remote workers often complete tasks faster and produce higher-quality work compared to their office-based counterparts. As a result, businesses benefit from increased employee performance and overall efficiency.

However, some critics argue that working remotely can lead to social isolation and hinder teamwork. Without face-to-face interactions, employees may struggle with communication and collaboration. While this concern holds some truth, advancements in technology, such as video conferencing and instant messaging, have made virtual teamwork seamless. Thus, as long as companies encourage regular communication, remote work remains a highly effective model.

In conclusion, the shift towards remote work offers numerous benefits, including better work-life balance and increased efficiency. Although concerns about isolation exist, modern technology ensures that teams can stay connected and productive. Moving forward, companies should embrace hybrid models to maximize the benefits of both remote and in-office work.

Speaking Part-1 [common questions]

- 1] My name is X
- 2] Where do you live?
- 2] what do you like about your home?
- 3] are you a student? or Do you work or study?
- 4] Why did you decide to study abroad?
- 5] Do you like your hometown? Why?
- 6] What do you like/dislike about your neighborhood?
- 7] How has your hometown changed over time?
- 8] Do you prefer living in a city or the countryside?
- 9] Why did you choose your field of study?

speaking part-2

- 1] A restaurant you really enjoyed?
- 2] Describe a Time When You Helped Someone

speaking part-3

- 1] Why did you decide to study abroad?
I chose to study abroad BECAUSE it offers better education and career opportunities.
MOREOVER, international universities have advanced research facilities and global exposure, which can help me grow professionally.
FOR EXAMPLE, many companies prefer hiring graduates from

top-ranking universities.

BESIDES THAT, studying abroad also allows me to experience a new culture and improve my communication skills.

OVERALL, I believe this decision will have a positive impact on my future career.

2] Do you like cooking?

NO, I don't REALLY like cooking

BECAUSE it takes too much time and effort.

FOR EXAMPLE, I have to plan the ingredients, buy them, and then follow the recipe, which I find tiring.

BESIDES THAT, I prefer ordering food or eating at restaurants.

HOWEVER, I do enjoy simple cooking like making sandwiches or instant noodles when I'm in a hurry.

OVERALL, I'd rather eat than cook!"

3] What is an important job for society?

I think teachers are one of the most important professionals in society

BECAUSE they shape the future by educating students.

FOR EXAMPLE, they help young people develop knowledge and skills, which prepare them for successful careers.

MOREOVER, teachers also teach moral values, which makes students responsible citizens.

WITHOUT GOOD TEACHERS, there wouldn't be doctors, engineers, or scientists. *That's why I believe teaching is one of the most important jobs.

1] What is an important job for society?

i] One of the most important jobs in society is teaching. Teachers help students learn and prepare for the future. Without them, no other profession would exist.

ii] Teachers don't just teach subjects; they also help students think better and build confidence. For example, doctors, engineers, and scientists all need teachers to learn their skills.

iii] If there were no teachers, society would struggle because people wouldn't have proper knowledge or skills. The economy would also

slow down without educated workers.

iv] People can show appreciation by respecting teachers, valuing education, and supporting better pay. Parents and students can also express gratitude by learning with interest.

v] Overall, teachers shape the future, and society depends on them. That's why their role is so important.