بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم

State of Palestine Ministry of Education & Higher Education Irtah Secondary Boys' School



دوله فلسطين وزارة التربية والتعليم العالي مدرسة دارتاح الثانوية

Name:	. 7 th grade, Section (A + B) Mid -Term Exam, 2 nd semester
Question 1:Read the following passage then answer is the property of the passage that again is the property of the passage that again is the passage that the p	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
important but so is how we eat <u>it</u> .	t most different in Chinal Hara are a
Table manners are different in different places – bu	t most different in China! Here are a
number of examples: • In most parts of the world, plates and bowls shou	ld ramain on the table. Deople raise the
food from their plate to their mouth. However, in (-
• In some countries people think it is impolite to m	•
However, in China people consider it acceptable to	•
• In most countries it is normal to finish all the food	•
However, in China it is polite to leave some food o	•
you empty your plate, people will think you are sti	• •
1. What does it mean if you finish your food in	most countries?
2. What does it mean if you finish your food in	China?
3. Give an example about an important table m	anner in Palestine .
4. What do the underlined pronouns refer to ?	
	heir – line 6
5. Mark the sentences with <i>True / False</i> . Then	
1. Table manners are not the same in all part	` ,
2. In China, it is normal for rice bowls to rer	
3. It is acceptable to make noise when you e	at in many countries.(
Question 2:Read and circle the correct words.	(5 points)
1. It's my birthday. Let's go out for (a meal / re	` -
2. When we get to the restaurant we must order	
3. The waiter will (order / offer)us a knife and	`
4. Do you think it is (acceptable / empty) to ta	
5. You need to (hang / program) a computer to	o make it work.

[way – stick – remain – delici	ous – traffic – empty]		
1. My grandfather uses a made of wood to help him walk – it is much bigger than the ones they eat with in China!			
much bigger than the ones the	y eat with in China!		
2. This meal is	 we must come back to this rest 	aurant again.	
3. The children were very hungry	y – all their plates are		
4. When you have finished eating	y — all their plates are g, I want you to	in your seats.	
5. Can you tell me the	to the market, please?		
Question 4:Read and circle the corr	rect answer.	(4 points)	
1 Some neonle are awful (arer	n't they? /aren't some? /are they?)		
2. He is not a taxi driver . (isn't h			
3. Hani says he (have /had/ has)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
4. I like reading English (storys	-		
Time reading English (storys	, stories (stores)		
Question 5: Read and match the fo	ollowing .	(5 points)	
-	_	, -	
2. Vou went to try:	a- It doesn't look nice / good.b- It looks good / nice / interesting.		
3- You don't want to try: ()	c- It's awful / terrible. or It doesn't	tasta good / nica	
4- You like it: ()		~	
5- You don't like it: ()	d- Would you like / Do you want to try this?e- It's delicious / tasty / excellent / amazing.		
3- Tou don't fike it. ()	c- it's deficious / tasty / excellent /	amazing.	
Question6: Put sentences from A	and B together. Join them with (how	ever). <i>Then write</i>	
the sentences again .	·	(4 points)	
\mathbf{A}	В	, ,	
1- Most people leave their plate or bowl	a-My mother prefers coffee.		
on the table when they eat.		2 1	
2 -I want to go to a Chinese restaurant.3- We ordered fish and rice.	b- My mother doesn't like Chines c-In China it is normal to raise bo		
4- I always drink tea with my breakfast.	d- You gave us fish with potatoes.		
•		•	
1		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
3			
4.			
Question 7: Add punctuation marks		(3 points)	
1. he's not coming back is he			
2. we can't start yet can we			
3. she'll help us won't she			
	$C \circ \circ D \sqcup UCV$		

 $G \odot \odot D LUCK$

T.Mr.Majed Zraiqi