

Grammar Unit 9 ★★

Present and past passive: affirmative and negative

- 1 Complete the sentences with the present or past passive form of the verbs in the box.

buy not locate make not paint
not permit sell steal visit

- The *Mona Lisa* _____ from the Louvre in 1911.
- Some exhibitions _____ by thousands of people every day.
- Michelangelo's sculpture *David* _____ between 1501 and 1504.
- Some art _____ for a lot of money.
- Visitors to art galleries _____ to touch the paintings.
- The Prado Museum _____ in Malaga. It's in Madrid.
- Not all the paintings in the exhibition _____ by the same collector.
- This portrait _____ by a famous artist.

- 2 Write present or past passive sentences. Add extra words where necessary.

present

the sculptures / make / from bronze
The sculptures are made from bronze.

- the paintings / not protect / very well

- the Louvre Museum / visit / millions of people

past

- the sculpture / not steal / the museum worker

- the artist's work / criticize / the public

Active to passive

- 3 Write the active sentences in the passive form.

The Prado Museum exhibits Goya's paintings.
Goya's paintings are exhibited by the Prado Museum.

- He painted his first pictures in bright colours.
_____ in bright colours.
- They show the viewer scenes of happiness and humour.
_____ scenes of happiness and humour.
- A disease destroyed his hearing in 1792.
_____ a disease in 1792.
- France invaded Spain in 1808.
_____ France in 1808.
- These problems changed Goya's paintings.
_____ these problems.

Present and past passive: questions

- 4 Write present or past passive questions for the answers.

How many paintings were stolen?

Three paintings were stolen.

- _____?
No, the sculptures aren't owned by the gallery.
- _____?
The museum was built in 1930.
- _____?
The sculpture is made from bronze.
- _____?
Yes, the gallery was opened last year.
- _____?
Yes, the museum is used for conferences.

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1

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Vocabulary Unit 9 ★★

Summary

Nouns: art

art movement auction collector critic exhibition gallery landscape masterpiece museum painting portrait sculpture

Adjectives: describing art

amusing beautiful colourful controversial dull imaginative original provocative ridiculous shocking strange traditional

Nouns: art

- 1 Write words from the summary.



1



2



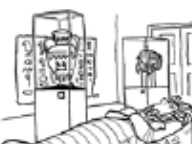
3



4



5



6

- 2 Complete the definitions with words from the summary.

- 1 A great and famous painting is called a _____.
- 2 A _____ is a painting of a person.
- 3 A _____ is someone who buys art.
- 4 A _____ writes good or bad reviews about art for newspapers.
- 5 An _____ of art is shown in a gallery.
- 6 A _____ is a 3D piece of art and it's usually made from marble.
- 7 A style of art (for example, Dada) is called an _____.
- 8 People can buy art at an _____.

Adjectives: describing art

- 3 Match 1–6 with a–f to make sentences.

- 1 When a piece of art is funny.
 - 2 When a piece of art doesn't interest you.
 - 3 Traditional styles of paintings
 - 4 When you find something strange.
 - 5 When something is very silly.
 - 6 When people have very different opinions about a piece of art.
- a are not modern.
 - b it's amusing.
 - c it's controversial.
 - d it's dull.
 - e it's difficult to understand and unusual.
 - f it's ridiculous.

- 4 Write sentences with the same meaning. Use one of the words.

The Dada art movement wanted reactions.
(colourful / provocative)
The Dada art movement was provocative.

- 1 These sculptures make people laugh. (original / amusing)

- 2 People have very different views about Damien Hirst's art. (beautiful / controversial)

- 3 Some art is designed to be surprising but in a negative way. (shocking / traditional)

- 4 Tomma Abts has got a lot of good ideas. (beautiful / imaginative)

- 5 Cézanne's paintings have nothing ugly in them. (beautiful / ridiculous)

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3 _____ 4 _____
5 _____ 6 _____

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2

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(beautiful / ridiculous) _____