Hospital trips

1. People get taken to the hospital by two different methods: ambulance or helicopter. Consider the following (made-up) data table for a month at O.H.S.U.:

Method	Survive d	Die d	Tota I
Ambulanc e		66	683
Helicopter	25		
Total			733

- A. Fill in the missing cells in the table using addition and subtraction.
- B. What's the probability a patient survived if they were brought to the hospital by ambulance?
- C. What's the probability a patient survived if they were brought to the hospital by helicopter?
- D. Do your answers to (B) and (C) seem right to you? Why or why not?
- E. Do you have any initial thoughts about what is going on?

2. We're going to look at the same (made-up) data, but this time, it's going to be disaggregated (split apart) into two separate tables:

High-risk patients	Survive d	Die d	Tota I
Ambulance		58	60
Helicopter	21		
Total		83	

Low-risk patients	Survive d	Die d	Tota I
Ambulance			
Helicopter			
Total			

- A. Fill in the missing cells in the table using addition and subtraction. You'll need to use the table in problem 1 to finish.
- B. What's the probability a **high-risk** patient survived if they were brought to the hospital by ambulance?
- C. What's the probability a **high-risk** patient survived if they were brought to the hospital by helicopter?
- D. What's the probability a **low-risk** patient survived if they were brought to the hospital by ambulance?
- E. What's the probability a **low-risk** patient survived if they were brought to the hospital by helicopter?
- F. Which form of transportation—ambulance or helicopter—has a higher survival rate for **high-risk** patients?
- G. Which form of transportation—ambulance or helicopter—has a higher survival rate for **low-risk** patients?
- H. Explain what is going on in such a way that a non-statistician could understand it.
- I. Name the spurious correlation.