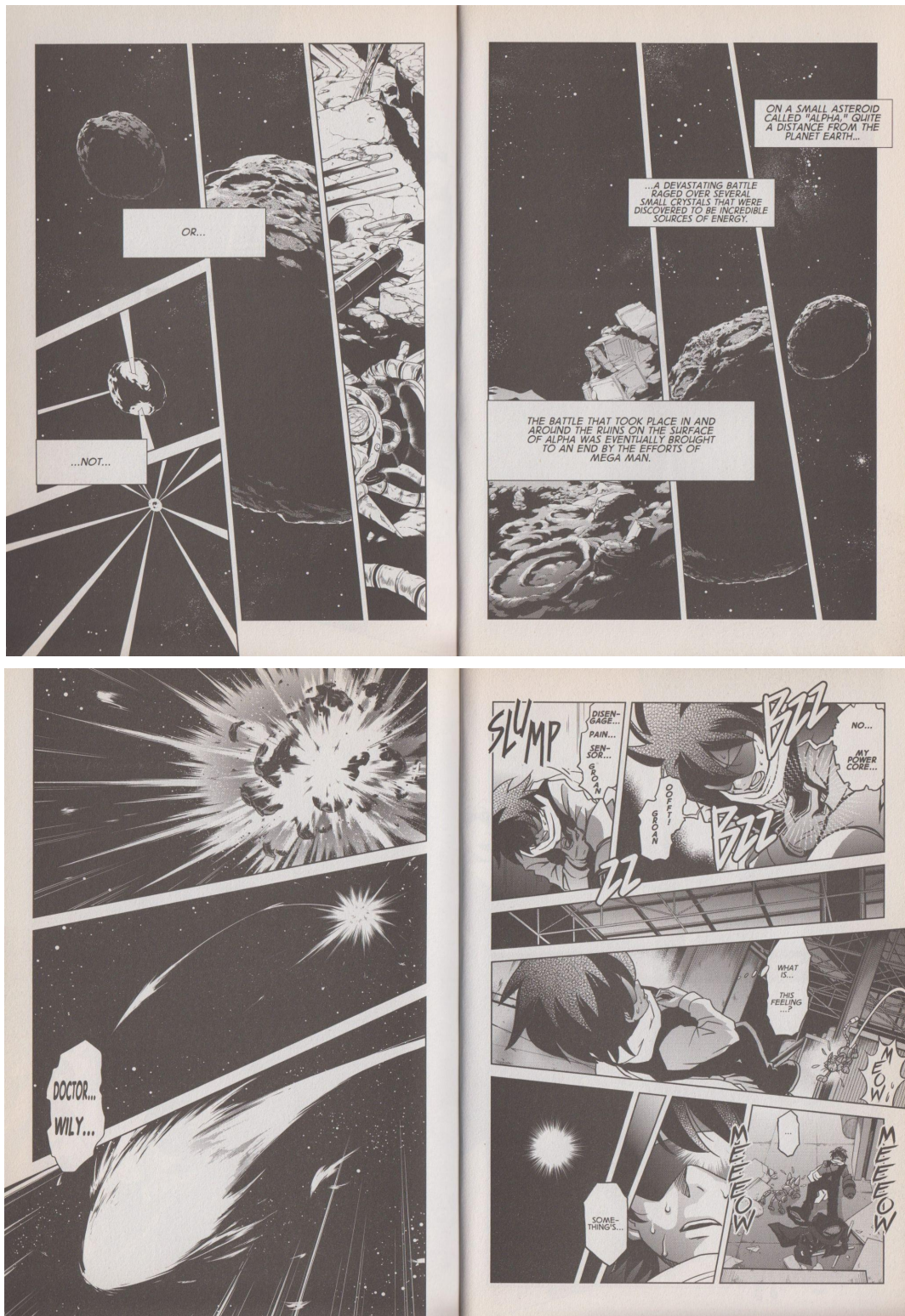
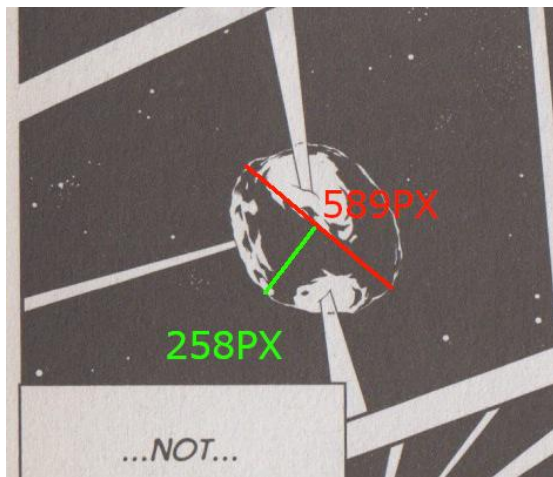


Hello, everyone! Mikhail here to give you all another Mega Man calc after some time. This time, I journey back into the Megamix/Gigamix mangas to calculate more accurately Duo destroying this huge asteroid called Alpha. There's no need for doing this, but I am bored, and when you put 2 things that I fucking adore (Mega Man in general and Calculus lol) together, that's when I get motivated.



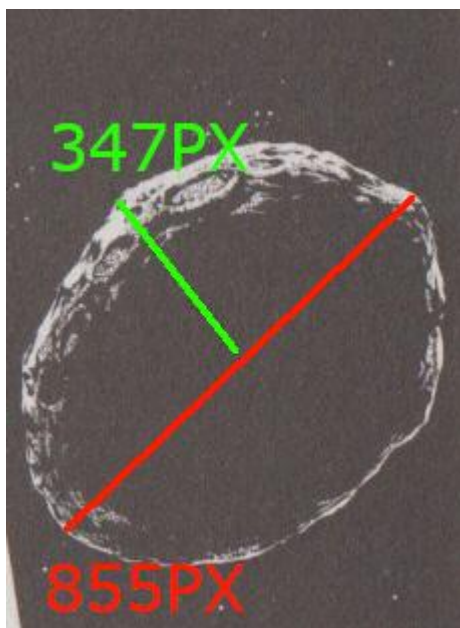
As stated here, it's 200km long across. This means 2 things: one is that this asteroid is bound together [mostly by gravity](#). And two is that this asteroid is not of a spherical shape (as we can clearly see in the pictures above). So, I am going to derive the formula to find the asteroid's Gravitational Binding Energy assuming it's an ellipsoid. So... here we go.

First step before getting into derivation hell, I shall find the 3 dimensions of this ellipsoid in terms of 'r'- which is the length of Alpha. Keeping this in terms of 'r' will make things hella easy. So... Yeah!



$$589\text{px} = r$$

$$258\text{px} = 0.438r$$



$$855\text{px} = r$$

$$347\text{px} = 0.406r$$

So our 3 dimensions are... r , $0.438r$, and $0.406r$. Wonderful. We'll be needing this. Now... how GBE is calculated is by assuming that shells are pulled from a central object of identical shape to infinity (like how a spherical shell is pulled from a sphere). So, with that in mind, I shall assume it's all in the shape of an ellipsoid with those 3 dimensions I mentioned!

So... let us do it.

$$m_{shell} = 4\pi \left(\frac{(0.406r^2)^{1.6} + (0.438r^2)^{1.6} + (0.177828r^2)^{1.6}}{3} \right)^{1/1.6} \rho dr = 4\pi(0.3528r^2)\rho dr$$

$$m_{ellipsoid} = \frac{4}{3}\pi(0.177828r^3)\rho$$

Okay. I shall combine both of these using the gravitational potential energy equation.

$$dU = -G \frac{m_{shell} m_{ellipsoid}}{r} = -G \frac{(\frac{4}{3}\pi(0.177828r^3)\rho) \cdot (4\pi(0.3528r^2)\rho)}{r} dr$$

Now... This is my favorite part: Integration!

$$U = -G \int_0^R \frac{(\frac{4}{3}\pi(0.177828r^3)\rho) \cdot (4\pi(0.3528r^2)\rho)}{r} dr = -G \frac{16}{3} \pi^2 \rho^2 \int_0^R 0.0627r^4 dr = -0.06688G\pi^2 \rho^2 R^5$$

Whew... That seemed a little tricky and tiresome. Now... we're almost done finding the equation.

Rho (the p looking symbol) is density, which is just mass divided by volume. Volume here is... that of an ellipsoid ofc. So...

$$U = -0.06688G\pi^2 R^5 \left(\frac{M}{(\frac{4}{3}\pi(0.177828r^3))} \right)^2 = -\frac{0.12GM^2}{R}$$

Theeeeeeeeere we go... So now we simply... Plug in the values...

Mass: 2.011e18 kg

$$\text{Gravitational Binding Energy: } -\frac{0.12 \cdot (6.67 \times 10^{-11}) \cdot (2.011 \times 10^{18})^2}{100,000} =$$

325,138,750,767,281,400,592 Joules or 77.7 fucking Gigatons of TNT (**Island level+**)

Bro, we (IRL humanity) can deadass destroy this 200km asteroid if we mine all of the uranium in our planet and allocate it to nukes!

