

Title of The Article (14 pts)

(The title is capitalize each word and bolded in the middle margin; no more than 20 words; must be clear, informative, and representative of the entire contents of the article; and avoid using abbreviations)

Main Author or First Author (10,5 pts)¹, Second Author (10,5 pts)², (etc)³

Abstrak (10,5 pts)

Abstrak dan kata kunci ditulis dalam dua bahasa (Indonesia dan Inggris). Panjang masing-masing abstrak berkisar antara 100-150 kata, dengan jumlah kata kunci sekitar 3-5 kata. Abstrak harus berisikan tujuan dan argumentasi utama penulis; metode penelitian; serta hasil pembahasannya (9 pts, spasi 1).

Kata kunci: kata kunci 1, kata kunci 2, dan seterusnya (9 pts, spasi 1)

Abstract (10,5 pts)

This abstract section should be typed in Italic font and font size of 9 pt and number of words of 100-150. The single spacing should be used between lines in this article. If an article is written in Bahasa Indonesia or English, the abstract should be typed in Indonesian and English.

Key words: keyword 1, keyword 2, etc (9 pts, single space)

Introduction

*(the title of the main section of the article such as the **introduction, methods, result, discussion, conclusion, and references** written in capital, bold, 10,5 pts and 1.0 space. For the main sub-section of the article written in capital letters at the beginning, bold, 10,5 pts and 1.0 space)*

The content of the introduction should at least include the background of the study; research question; and the main arguments and/or research hypotheses.

Theoretical Framework

The theoretical framework part must explain in detail the theories which are used by the author in the research analyzing process.

Methods

The method section contains an explanation of the method or method that the author used during the research. The contents in this method section must at least include the research design; data collection techniques, and; data analysis techniques used by the author in the study.

Result

The research results section contains detailed explanations of the research findings found by the author based on data on the object of research.

Discussion

The discussion section contains the results of the elaboration of the research results which are then further developed into a discussion that is supported by the addition of adequate data. This discussion must be able to answer or at least provide an explanation of the research questions or problems which were previously mentioned in the introduction.

Conclusion

The last part of the contents of the text must explain the conclusions and suggestions. Conclusions must represent an explanation or answer to the hypothesis and/or research objectives based on the findings obtained. Conclusions should not contain a repeated explanation of the results

¹ Affiliation of institution (email correspondence:)

² Affiliation of institution (email:)

³ Affiliation of institution (email:)

of the research and discussion. Suggestions should present recommendations concerning the development of relevant knowledge and practice.

References

The reference section or reference list only contains the sources referenced and all sources referenced must be listed in the reference list. References which are used at least 70% published in the last 10 years. More or at least 60% of references are research articles from **internationally reputable journals (indexed by SCOPUS/Web of Science/Thompson Reuters) or nationally (indexed by Sinta Dikti)**.

Recitation and citation use the 6th edition of APA Style citation techniques. Indirect quotations must not exceed 100 words and should be accompanied by a description of the page number where the citation came from, using single quotes '.....'. Example: 'the impact from globalization is revolving around the economy growth, especially in the stock market....' (Deacon, 2007, p. 8). If more than 100 words, direct quotations must be placed in a separate paragraph, write in italic, and use double quotation marks "....." Example:

"This may not be entirely surprising from a thinker who had studied both Aristotle and Smith with such involvement" (Sen, 2006: 82)

Reference sections are arranged in the following manner and are arranged alphabetically and chronologically. (It is recommended to use feature references in Microsoft Word programs or the Mendeley application to make it easier for authors to compile and sort reference lists).

Books:

Soetomo. (2013). *Masalah sosial dan upaya pemecahannya*. Yogyakarta: Pustaka Pelajar.

Taylor, S. J., & Bogdan, R. (1984). *Introduction to qualitative research methods: The search for meanings*. New York: Wiley & Sons. Inc.

Translated Books:

Lefebvre, H. (1991). *The production of space* (Translated by D. Nicholson-Smith). Oxford & Cambridge: Blackwell.

Section or Article on Books:

Clark, E. (2005). The order and simplicity of gentrification: A political challenge. In: R. Atkinson & G. Bridge (Eds.), *Gentrification in a global context: The new urban colonialism* (pp. 256–264). London: Routledge.

Gaffard, J. L. (2009). Innovation, competition, and growth: Schumpeterian ideas within a Hicksian framework. In: U. Cantner, J. L. Gaffard, & L. Nesta (Eds.), *Schumpeterian perspectives on innovation, competition and growth* (pp. 7–23). Heidelberg: Springer.

Nurhadi. (2015). Peran modal sosial dalam pengembangan ekonomi lokal. In: A. Sunartiningsih (Ed.), *Pemberdayaan masyarakat melalui institusi lokal*. Yogyakarta: Aditya Media.

Journals:

Wijayanti, A. & Damanik, J. (2019). Analysis of the tourist experience of management of a heritage tourism product: Case study of the Sultan Palace of Yogyakarta, Indonesia. *Journal of Heritage Tourism*, 14(2), pp. 166-177.

Suyatna, H & Nurhasanah, Y. (2017). Sociopreneurship sebagai tren karir anak muda. *Jurnal Studi Pemuda* 6(1), pp. 527-537.

Yuda, T. K. (2019). Welfare regime and the patrimonial state in contemporary Asia: Visiting Indonesian cases. *Journal of Asian Public Policy*, 12(3), pp. 351–365.

Journal with DOI:

Robinson, K. (2014). Citizenship, identity and difference in Indonesia. *Review of Indonesian and Malaysian Affairs*, 48(1), pp. 1–14. doi: 10.1177/1049731502012005003.

Sorensen, A., & Sagaris, L. (2010). From participation to the right to the city: Democratic place management at the neighbourhood scale in comparative perspective. *Planning Practice and Research*, 25(3), pp. 297–316. doi: 10.1080/02697459.2010.503424.

Susetiawan, Mulyono, D. C., Roniardin, M. Y., (2018). Penguatan peran warga masyarakat dalam perencanaan, penganggaran, dan evaluasi hasil pembangunan desa. *Jurnal Pengabdian kepada Masyarakat* 4 (1), pp. 109-118. doi: 10.22146/jpkpm.27512.

Proceeding Articles:

Amaral, S. P. (2002). Sustainability indicators on environmental, social and economic performance: A proposal for the Brazilian oil industry. *Sustainability Indicators on Environmental, Social and Economic Performance: A Proposal for the Brazilian Oil Industry* (pp. 686-696). Kuala Lumpur: SPE International.

Blakey, N., Guinea, S., & Saghafi, F. (2017). Transforming undergraduate nursing curriculum by aligning models of clinical reasoning through simulation. In: R. Walker, & S. Bedford (Eds.), *HERDSA 2017 Conference: Research and Development in Higher Education: Curriculum Transformation* (pp. 25-37). Hammondville, NSW: Higher Education Research and Development Society of Australasia. <http://www.herdsa.org.au/research-and-development-higher-education-vol-40-25> accessed on 14 July 2018.

Zheng D. (2014). The adoption of green information technology and information systems: An evidence from corporate social responsibility. *Proceedings - Pacific Asia Conference on Information Systems*. Chengdu: PACIS 2014.

Working Paper:

Taylor, J. B. (2007). *Housing and monetary policy* (NBER Working Paper Series No. 137682). Cambridge.

Hochstenbach, C., & Musterd, S. (2016). *Changing urban geographies through boom and bust periods: gentrification and the suburbanization of poverty* (CUS Working Paper Series No. 17). Amsterdam.

Government Documents:

Pemerintah Kota Magelang. (2016). *Rencana pembangunan jangka menengah Kota Magelang 2016-2021*.

<http://ppid.magelangkota.go.id/download/rpjmd-kota-magelang-2016-2021/?wpdmdl=1426&ind=1524029101517> accessed on 14 July 2019.

Policy Paper:

Departement for Exiting the European Union. (2018). *Citizen right: EU citizen in the UK and UK nationals in the EU* (Policy Paper No. 69). https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/790570/Policy_Paper_on_citizens_rights_in_the_event_of_a_no_deal_Brexit.pdf accessed on 20 June 2019.

Policy Brief:

United Nation. (2018, March). *Navigating financial risks through macro-prudential policies: Recent experiences of emerging economies* (UN/DESA Policy Brief No. 57). <https://www.un.org/development/desa/dpad/publication/un-desa-policy-brief-57-navigating-financial-risks-through-macroprudential-policies-recent-experiences-of-emerging-economies/> accessed on 14 August 2018.

Newspaper:

Bahrudin. (2015). Freeport, CSR, dan kebatilan. *Kompas*. <https://nasional.kompas.com/read/2015/12/07/15000061/Freeport.CSR.dan.Kebatilan?page=all> accessed on 12 November 2019.

Kresna, M. (2016). Mengapa non-pribumi tak boleh punya tanah di Yogya? *Tirto*. <https://tirto.id/mengapa-nonpribumi-tak-boleh-punya-tanah-di-yogya-bQZl> accessed on 20 October 2019.

Mariani, E. (2016). "Get off the square!": The unsubtle gentrification of Jakarta's old town. *The Guardian*. <https://www.theguardian.com/cities/2016/nov/23/fata-square-unsubtle-gentrification-jakarta-old-town> accessed on 4 January 2020.

Website:

Kafaa, A. K. (2019, 19 May). Potret kewirausahaan sosial di Indonesia. <http://akmindonesia.org/article/14/potret-kewirausahaan-sosial-di-indonesia> accessed on 2 January 2020.

SMERU. (2019, 17 May). Linking social protection to sustainable livelihoods: The way forward for Indonesia.

<https://www.smeru.or.id/en/content/linking-social-protection-sustainable-livelihoods-way-forward-indonesia> accessed on 4 December 2019.

Agus, T. (2018, 24 July). Gotong royong meluruskan 'jalan' desa. <https://www.ireyogya.org/gotong-royong-meluruskan-jalan-desa/> accessed on 27 December 2019.

Documents from Website:

UN Habitat. (2016). *The new urban agenda*. <http://habitat3.org/wp-content/uploads/NUA-English.pdf> accessed on 4 January 2020.

Konsorsium Pembaharuan Agraria. (2017). *Catatan akhir tahun 2017: Reforma agraria di bawah bayangan investasi*. <http://kpa.or.id/publikasi/download/d5a29-catahu-2017-kpa.pdf> accessed on 4 January 2020.

Table(s) and Figure(s) Format

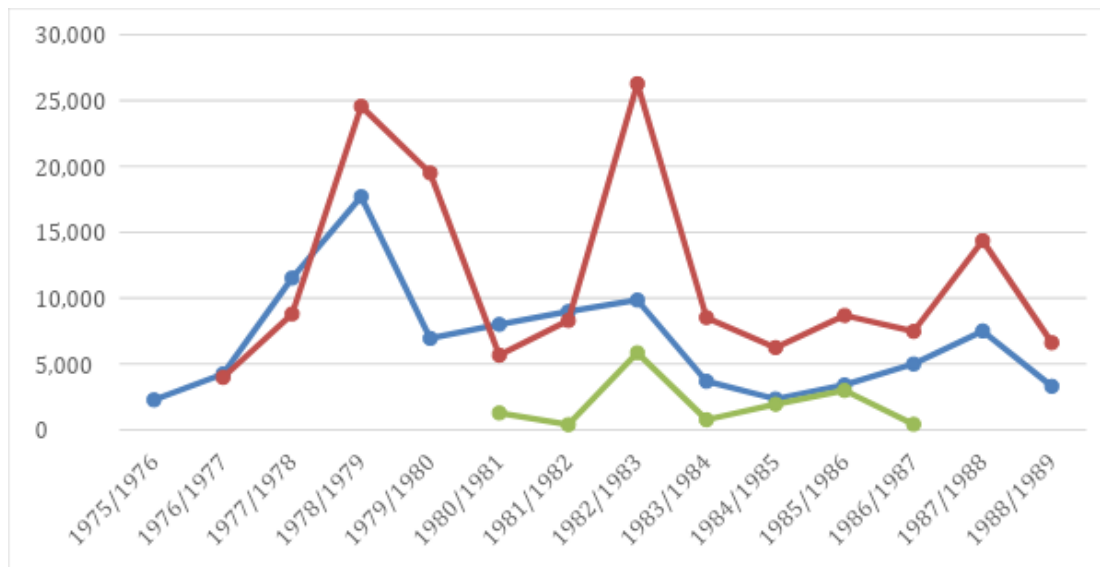
1. Table(s) must be given a title placed at the top, single-spaced, with font size 9 pts and source information placed under the table with a font size of 10,5 pts.
2. Feature image(s), and/or illustration(s) must be given a title placed at the top of the picture(s)/figure(s)/illustration(s) and source information placed at the bottom with a font size of 10,5 pts.
3. You can use the published table(s), diagram(s), figure(s) or chart(s), but ensure you have permission to use it all you are reproducing from another source. Instead, you can modify it completely and must properly attribute the source of the table(s), diagram(s), figure(s) or chart(s) is not yours
4. Table(s), figure(s), chart(s), or diagram(s) must be written in white-black format.
5. Here some of table and figure format examples:

Table 1
Yogyakarta Special Region Province Population Density

Regency/Municipal	Area (km ²)	Population Density (person/km2)				
		2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Kulonprogo	586,27	672	680	688	695	703
Bantul	506,85	1.819	1.844	1.869	1.893	1.917
Gunungkidul	1.485,36	461	466	471	477	482
Sleman	574,82	1.942	1.964	1.986	2.008	2.031
Yogyakarta	32,5	12.077	12.234	12.390	12.544	12.699
DIY	3.185,8	1.102	1.115	1.128	1.142	1.155

Source: Badan Pusat Statistik, 2016

Figure 1
Indonesia Housing Condition in New Order Era



Source: Author, 2019

Figure 2

Focus Group Discussion by *Kelompok Usaha Bersama (KUBE)*



Source: Author, 2019