



THE TITLE OF THE PAPER
(Center, Times New Roman 14 Bold, UPPERCASE)


First Author Full Name^{a*}

Second Author Full Name^b

Author-n^c (Center, Capitalize Each Words, Times New Roman 12, Bold)

^aAffiliation (Department, Faculties, Institution/University, Country)

**Corresponding Author Email:*

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ABSTRACT

(Center, Times New Roman 12, UPPERCASE)

The abstract should be clear, concise, and informative, presented as a single paragraph. It must be between 150–250 words, including keywords, and typed in Times New Roman, 12-pt, single-spaced. The abstract should provide a complete summary of the manuscript by outlining the research background or gaps, objectives, methodology, main findings, and theoretical or practical contributions, particularly in the context of waqf studies, economics, management, and public policy. The abstract must be able to stand alone, without citations, footnotes, or references to other works. It should clearly convey what the study examines, how it was conducted, and what the key results are, allowing readers to quickly grasp the relevance, novelty, and contribution of the research.

Keywords: Keyword; Keyword; Keyword (3-5 keywords)

JEL:

INTRODUCTION (Times New Roman, 12, Bold, Align Left, UPPERCASE)

The Introduction section should provide the background of the research problem, highlighting its relevance, urgency, and significance both academically and practically. This section must clearly explain the rationale and objectives of the study, emphasizing how the research adds new insights or differs from previous studies. When applicable, a brief review of prior literature and hypothesis development can also be included.

All citations in the Introduction follow The Chicago Manual of Style, 17th Edition. Authors are encouraged to use reference management tools such as Mendeley, Zotero, or EndNote to ensure accuracy, consistency, and to prevent citation or referencing errors.

The manuscript must be typed in Times New Roman, 12-pt, with 1.15 line spacing and justified alignment. At the end of the Introduction, authors are required to explicitly identify the research gaps, demonstrate the novelty of the study, and state the research questions or objectives, as well as the theoretical and/or practical contributions of the research.

(Times New Roman, 12, 1.15 Spacing, Justify)

METHODS (Times New Roman, 12, Bold, Align Left, UPPERCASE)

Methods section describes the methodological approach applied in the study. It should provide a clear and detailed explanation of the research design, study setting, time frame, variables, population, sample selection and sampling techniques, research instruments, data collection procedures, and data analysis methods, including variable measurement where applicable. Authors should also explain the rationale for selecting the methods and provide information regarding ethical clearance if required

The section should be written in paragraph form, presenting a coherent and detailed narrative rather than using bullet points. The editorial team does not recommend a short, one-paragraph description of the methods.

This section should account for approximately 10–15% of the total manuscript length, offering enough methodological detail to ensure the transparency, rigor, and replicability of the study.

Formulas using equation:

$$Y = \beta_0 + \beta_1X_1 + \beta_2X_2 + \varepsilon \dots\dots\dots (1)$$

RESULTS AND DISUCSSION (Times New Roman, 12, Bold, Align Left, UPPERCASE)

The results and discussion must be supported by adequate and relevant data and should directly address the research questions and/or hypotheses formulated in the Introduction. The Results section focuses on describing the outcomes of the data analysis and should summarize the key findings in a clear and systematic manner, rather than presenting excessive raw data.

The presentation of results should emphasize **scientific interpretation** obtained from the analysis. Detailed data tables or extensive numerical outputs should be used selectively and only where necessary to support the main results.

Table 1. Title of the Table (Center, Times New Roman 10)

No	Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
1	Row 1	Row 1	Row 1	Row 1
2	Row 2	Row 2	Row 2	Row 2
3	Row 3	Row 3	Row 3	Row 3
4	Row 4	Row 4	Row 4	Row 4
5	Row 5	Row 5	Row 5	Row 5
6	Row 6	Row 6	Row 6	Row 6
7	Row 7	Row 7	Row 7	Row 7

Source: Source name (Year) (Align Left, Times New Roman 10)

Tables must be numbered consecutively and accompanied by a clear title placed above the table (e.g., Table 1. Descriptive Statistics Results). Tables should be formatted using Times New Roman font, 10-point size, with 1.15 line spacing. Each table must be followed by a concise explanatory paragraph describing its content and relevance.

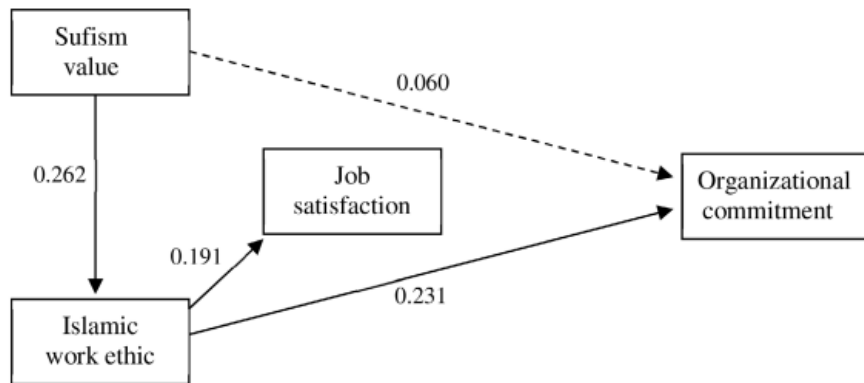


Figure 1. Result path of analysis
 Source: Source name (Year) (Align Left, Times New Roman 10)

Figures must be numbered consecutively and include a descriptive title placed below the figure. Figures should follow the same font and spacing specifications and be accompanied by an explanatory paragraph in essay form.

For qualitative studies, interview excerpts or quotations may be used to substantiate and clarify the findings. Such quotations should be presented systematically and integrated into the narrative to support the analytical interpretation of the results:

“I think the waqf systems in Indonesia

” (Code of the data).

The Discussion provides an in-depth research results by interpreting their meaning, significance, and implications. The Discussion should not merely restate the results; rather, it should critically examine and explain the results, demonstrating their relevance within the broader scholarly discourse. This section represents a central component of the manuscript, where authors are expected to articulate the scientific value and contribution of their study.

The Discussion typically begins with a brief synthesis of the results, followed by a systematic interpretation grounded in relevant theories, conceptual frameworks, and prior empirical studies. Authors should clearly explain how and why the results address the research questions or objectives outlined in the Introduction. Where differences from previous research are identified, authors should provide plausible explanations and discuss their theoretical or contextual significance. The section should conclude with a discussion of the theoretical, practical, and/or policy implications of the findings, as well as the limitations of the study that may inform future research.

CONCLUSION (Times New Roman, 12, Bold, Align Left, UPPERCASE)

This section presents the concluding remarks of the study by summarizing and synthesizing the main findings. The Conclusion should concisely restate the key arguments

and empirical insights of the paper, emphasizing the most significant contributions without repeating the Abstract or merely listing research results. Authors are expected to clearly articulate how the findings advance current knowledge and contribute to the development of waqf studies, economics, business, or public policy. The Conclusion should also highlight the practical and/or policy implications of the results and reflect the author's critical perspective on their relevance and applicability. In addition, this section should acknowledge the scientific limitations of the study and outline potential applications, extensions, or directions for future research. Where appropriate, authors may also indicate ongoing or planned research that builds upon the findings presented in the article. A well-structured Conclusion enables reviewers and readers to assess the scholarly merit and contribution of the manuscript.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT (if any)

REFERENCES (Times New Roman, 12, Bold, Align Left, UPPERCASE)

This section lists all sources cited in the manuscript and must correspond exactly to the citations used throughout the article. References should primarily consist of scholarly sources, including academic books, peer-reviewed journal articles, research reports, and etc.

At least 70 percent of the references must be derived from primary sources and should have been published within the last five years to ensure the relevance and currency of the literature. The References section should be formatted using Times New Roman font, 12-point size, with single line spacing, and 3-point spacing after each entry, applying the designated "Reference" style provided in the journal template.

All references must be prepared in accordance with The Chicago Manual of Style, 17th Edition, ensuring consistency and accuracy in citation and bibliographic formatting.

Example

Journal Article:

Kuran, Timur. "The Provision of Public Goods under Islamic Law". *Law & Society Review* 4, No. 1: 841-898. <https://doi.org/10.2307/3185418>, 2001

Book:

Kahf, Monzer. *Waqf: A Quick Overview*. Jeddah: Islamic Research and Training Institute, 2014.

Chapter in a Book:

Çizakça, Murat. "Awqaf in History and Its Implications for Modern Islamic Economies". In *Islamic Economic Studies*, edited by Abbas Mirakhor, 101–125. London: Routledge, 2015

Report / Policy Document

Indonesian Waqf Board. (2023). *National Waqf Report 2022*. Jakarta: BWI

Writing of Footnotes

Example:

a. Article Journal:

¹Timur Kuran, . “The Provision of Public Goods under Islamic Law”, *Journal of Management History, Law & Society Review*, Vol. 4, No. 1 (2001), p. 841-898.

b. Books:

²Monzer Kahf, *A Quick Overview*, (Jeddah: Islamic Research and Training Institute), p. 20.