

The title of articles is written with book antiqua (14pt) bold

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ABSTRACT

Abstract are written in English with Book Antiqua 10 pt Italic. The abstract should be clear, concise, and descriptive. This abstract should provide a brief introduction to the problem, objective of paper, followed by a statement regarding the methodology and a brief summary of results. The abstract should end with a comment on the significance of the results or a brief conclusion. Abstract preferably between 150 and 275 words.

Keywords:

Minimum 3, Maximum 5 keywords, Separated by comma (,). The keywords should be in alphabetical order.

1. Introduction

The introduction part (recommended length: 500-1000 words) gives the reader an enticing glimpse of what is to come. It must grab the reader's attention by stimulating attention, interest, desire, and action. In other words, the introduction must effectively "sell" the manuscript.

The introduction generally consists of a broad statement about theme or topic of the study; summary of available literatures and cites the most important studies that are relevant to the current research; statement about controversies, gaps, inconsistencies in the literature that the current study will address; statement about problems or questions to be addressed in the study or objectives of the study. You can also state at the end of the introduction outline of the structure of the rest of the article.

Manuscript Preparation

Authors are recommended to follow the Author Guidelines to prepare their manuscript accordingly. **The manuscript is not allowed to be more than 10 pages.** A single word processor containing, manuscript, figure(s) and/or table(s) **should be uploaded in a SINGLE file.** Keep the file of the manuscript **under 5 MB.**

2. Methods

A brief justification for the method used is stated, so the readers can evaluate the appropriateness of the method, reliability, and validity of the results. **All materials used in the methods should be provided in detail including those on the method of analysis.**

Equations, Mathematical Expressions and Physical Quantities

For longer equations, use the **equation editor** or **Math-type**. Number the equations consecutively. Write it as the following equation.

$$x = yz (\cos 2a + 1) \quad (1)$$



Simple chemical reactions can be handled as simple equations by **symbol or equation editor**.

All physical quantities, especially the experimentally determined ones, should be given with **uncertainties** together with proper units. Units follow the numbers after a space and are written with normal font. Separate the basic units with hard spaces. Division is to be avoided in units, use negative powers instead, *e.g.* 700 cm, 90.5 t.ha⁻¹, 1.70 × 10⁻¹⁰ kg.m.s⁻¹. Use SI units (base or derived). Accepted units (min, hour, ° (degree), liter (l or L), eV) and certain commonly used units (atm, bar, Å (angstrom), b (barn)) are acceptable.

Note:

- Names of chemical elements and simple compounds are written in lower case without hyphens, *e.g.*, carbon, sodium hydroxide; follow the IUPAC nomenclature. Chemical symbols can also be used, *e.g.*, Fe, CaCO₃.
- For organic compounds, use their common names, when possible. Check the IUPAC nomenclature.
- Isotopes of chemical elements can be written as ⁶⁰Co or Co-60.
- Oxidation states appear in parentheses written with Roman numbers: U(VI) or uranium (VI).

3. Results and Discussion

Results should be clear and concise. The results should summarize (scientific) findings rather than providing data in great detail. Please highlight differences between your results or findings and the previous publications by other researchers. The discussion should explore the significance of the results of the work, not repeat them. Separation or combination of Results and Discussion section is accepted. Avoid extensive citations and discussion of published literature.

3.1. Subtitle

3.1.1. Sub-subtitle

In discussion, it is the most important section of your article. Here you get the chance to sell your data. Make the discussion corresponding to the results, but do not reiterate the results. Often should begin with a brief summary of the main scientific findings (not experimental results). The following components should be covered in discussion: How do your results relate to the original question or objectives outlined in the Introduction section (what)? Do you provide interpretation scientifically for each of your results or findings presented (why)? Are your results consistent with what other investigators have reported (what else)? Or are there any differences?

3.2. Table, Figure, and Image

All tables should be numbered consecutively with Roman numerals. Explanatory material should be given in the table legends and footnotes. Each table should be prepared on a new page, embedded in the manuscript. They are provided after references. Submit an original figure or photograph. **Line drawings or charts must be clear, with contrast symbols.** These should be numbered consecutively with Roman numerals.

Figures or photographs should also be listed in manuscript as TIFF, JPEG, or Excel files. Figures or photographs submitted in low-resolution embedded in the manuscript cannot be accepted for publication. For electronic figures, create your figures using applications that are capable of preparing high-resolution TIFF files. In general, **300 dpi** or higher resolution **for colored** and half-tone artwork, and **1200 dpi** or higher **for line drawings** are required. **Note: Failure to comply with these specifications will require new figures and delay in publication.**

General Rules on Figures and Tables

All figures and tables should be numbered sequentially (e.g. Table 1, Table 2, Figure 1, Figure 2, etc.). Each figure and table should have an individual title.

Table 1. Characteristics of maltodextrin obtained from broken rice starch

Characteristics	Values
Yield (%)	74.47 ± 3.68*
Moisture content (% d.b.)	3.90 ± 0.00*
Ash (% w.b.)	0.31 ± 0.02*
pH	6

* Means ± standard deviation

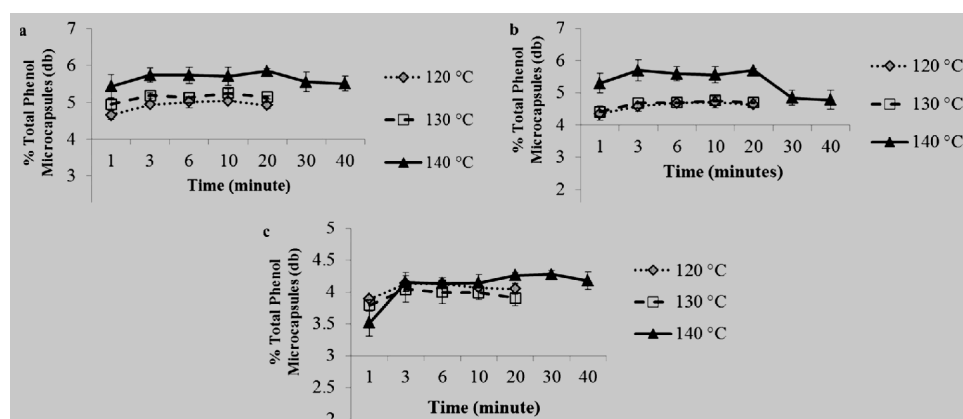


Figure 1. Phenol time release of refined liquid smoke microcapsules with (a) 20% total soluble solid (TSS), (b) 25% TSS and (c) 30% TSS

4. Conclusion

Conclusions should answer the objectives of research. Tells how your work advances the field from the present state of knowledge. Without clear Conclusions, reviewers and readers will find it difficult to judge the work, and whether it merits publication in the journal. Do not repeat the Abstract, or just list experimental results. Provide a clear scientific justification for your work and indicate possible applications and extensions. You should also suggest future works and/or policy implications.

Acknowledgements

Recognize those who helped in the research, especially funding supporters of your research. Include individuals who have assisted you in your study: Advisors, Financial supporters, or may other supporters i.e., Proofreaders and Suppliers etc. who may have given materials. Should be kept to the absolute minimum.

References

Cite the main scientific publications on which your work is based. Cite only items that you have read. Do not inflate the manuscript with too many references. Avoid excessive citations of publications from the same region. Check each reference against the original source (author name, volume, issue, year, DOI Number). Please use Reference Manager Applications like **EndNote, Mendeley, Zotero, etc.** Use other published articles in the same journal as models. If you use **Mendeley** as reference manager, choose **Elsevier – Vancouver as citation style without brackets in the bibliography (references list)**. Author should erase the brackets in the references list manually. The manuscript will be accepted only with more than 60% of the total up to date articles from journals indexed in Scopus, Web of Science, DOAJ, Copernicus, and CABI. The sources must be updated (last 7 years). The minimum number of primer references from journal articles is more than 60%. The minimum number of references is 20 and uses related references with the article's topic. Please use reference manager tools such as Mendeley, Endnote, Zotero, etc. Please cite at least one article from ANJORO's publications.

Only references cited within the text should be included. Ensure that in-text (Citation) references are quoted as per the **Vancouver citation style**.

The in-text citation is placed immediately after the text which refers to the source being cited:

- ...that can improve the physical and chemical properties of flour [1–4].

If you wish to quote or paraphrase an author, and want to emphasize the author, then your citation becomes 'author prominent'. The citation will look something like this:

- ...in their research, Nakamura et al. [5], Makarewicz et al. [6], and Corstens [7] have reported that...
- Achi [8] say that... **(for one author's name in your text)**

If a work has more than one author and you want to cite author names in your text, use 'et al.' after the first author.

- Beta et al. [9] reported that... **(for more than one author's name in your text)**

Citing more than one reference at a time. The preferred method is to list each reference number separated by a comma, or by a dash for a sequence of consecutive numbers. There should be no spaces between commas or dashes, for example:

- ...will affect the PT to be higher due to the need for greater energy [1,6,10–13].

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Journal Articles:

Author AA, Author BB, Author CC, Author DD. Title of article. Abbreviated title of journal. Date of publication YYYY Mon DD;volume number(issue number):page numbers.

1. Tako M, Tamaki Y, Teruya T, Takeda Y. The principles of starch gelatinization and retrogradation. *Food Nutr Sci.* 2014;5(3):280-91.
2. Singh N, Singh J, Kaur L, Sodhi NS, Gill BS. Morphological, thermal and rheological properties of starches from different botanical sources. *Food Chem.* 2003;81:219-31.
3. Achi OK. Effect of natural fermentation of yams (*Discorea rotundata*) on characteristics of processed flour. *J Food Sci.* 1991;56(1):272-3.
4. Beta T, Corke H. Noodle quality as related to sorghum starch properties. *Cereal Chem.* 2001;78(4):417-20.
5. Petitti DB, Crooks VC, Buckwalter JG, Chiu V. Blood pressure levels before dementia. *Arch Neurol.* 2005 Jan;62(1):112-6.

More than six Authors:

6. Nakamura S, Kondo N, Yamaguchi Y, Hashiguchi M, Tanabe K, Ushiroda C, et al. Daily feeding of fructooligosaccharide or glucomannan delays onset of senescence in SAMP8 mice. *Gastroenterol Res Pract.* 2014;20:1-11.

Monograph/Book:

Author AA. Title of book. Edition [if not first]. Place of publication: Publisher; Year of publication. Pagination.

7. Carlson BM. Human embryology and developmental biology. 4th ed. St. Louis: Mosby; 2009. 541 p.

Edited Book:

Editor AA, Editor BB, editors. Title of book. Edition [if not first]. Place of publication: Publisher; Year of publication. Pagination. (*Edited book*)

8. Campo P, Dunn JR, editors. Rethinking social epidemiology: towards a science of change. Dordrecht: Springer; 2012. 348 p.

Chapter in a Book:

Author AA, Author BB. Title of book. Edition. Place of publication: Publisher; Year of publication. Chapter number, Chapter title; p. page numbers of chapter.

9. Speroff L, Fritz MA. Clinical gynecologic endocrinology and infertility. 7th ed. Philadelphia: Lippincott Williams & Wilkins; 2005. Chapter 29, Endometriosis; p. 1103-33.

Chapter in an edited book:

10. Bradley RL. Moisture and total solids analysis. In: Nielsen SS, editor. Food analysis. 4th ed. New York: Springer; 2010. p. 87–104.
11. Blaxter PS, Farnsworth TP. Social health and class inequalities. In: Carter C, Peel JR, editors. Equalities and inequalities in health. 2nd ed. London: Academic Press; 1976. p. 165–78.

Webpage:

Author/organization's name. Title of the page [Internet]. Place of publication: Publisher; Date or year of publication [updated YYYY Mon DD; cited YYYY Mon DD]. Available from: URL

12. Szalay J. Carbohydrates: what they are, where they're found, how they're used [Internet]. Live Science; 2017 [cited 2020 Jan 17]. Available from: <https://www.livescience.com/51976-carbohydrates.html> (*with author and date*)
13. Chaplin M. Starch [Internet]. [cited 2020 Jan 17]. Available from: <http://www1.lsbu.ac.uk/water/starch.html> (*author, no date*)
14. Coconut handbook (composition) [Internet]. Tetrapak; 2019 [cited 2020 Jan 15]. p. 1–16. Available from: <https://coconuthandbook.tetrapak.com/chapter/composition> (*no author, with date*)

Proceeding/Seminar/Conference:

Author AA. Title of paper. In: Editor AA, editor. Title of book. Proceedings of the Title of the Conference; Date of conference; Location of conference. Place of publication: Publisher's name; Year of publication. p. page numbers.

Note: Conference dates should be written in the form YYYY Mon DD-DD ; e.g.: 2009 Sep 12-15.

15. Grassby AJ. Health care in the multi-cultural society. In: Walpole R, editor. Rural health. Proceedings of the Rural Health Conference of the Royal Australian College of General Practitioners; 1978; Melbourne. Melbourne: The Royal Australian College of Practitioners; 1979. p. 49–50.
16. Schrooyen PMM, Meer R van der, Kruif CG De. Microencapsulation: its application in nutrition. In: Proceedings of the Nutrition Society; 2001. p. 475–9.

Thesis and Dissertation:

Author AA. Title of thesis [dissertation]. Place of publication: Publisher; Year of publication. Number of pages.

17. Cortens MN. Encapsulation of lipids to delay lipolysis and reduce food intake: from encapsulate design towards human application [PhD thesis]. Netherlands: Wageningen University; 2018. 200 p.
18. O'Brien KA. The philosophical and empirical intersections of Chinese medicine and western medicine [dissertation]. Melbourne: Monash University; 2006. 439 p.
19. Apriani LN. Analisis efisiensi teknis dan pendapatan usahatani bawang merah (studi kasus: Desa Sukasari Kaler, Kecamatan Argapura, Kabupaten Majalengka, Provinsi Jawa Barat) [bachelor thesis]. Bogor: Institut Pertanian Bogor; 2011. 128 p.

Government/Technical Report:

Author AA, Author BB. Title of report. Place of publication: Publisher; Date of publication. Total number of pages. Report No.:

20. Rowe IL, Carson NE. Medical manpower in Victoria. East Bentleigh (AU): Monash University, Department of Community Practice; 1981. 35 p. Report No.: 4.
21. Australian Bureau of Statistics. Australia's environment: issues and facts. Canberra: Australian Bureau of Statistics; 1992. 354 p. ABS Cat. No.: 4140.0.

Electronic Reports:

Author AA, Author BB. Title of report [Internet]. Place of publication: Publisher; Date of publication [cited YYYY Mon DD]. Total number of pages. Report No.: Available from: URL doi:

22. Li Z, Zeki R, Hilder L, Sullivan EA. Australia's mothers and babies 2010 [Internet]. Canberra: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare; 2012 [cited 2012 Dec 18]. 132 p. Cat. No.: PER 57. Available from: <http://aihw.gov.au/publication-detail/?id=60129542376>

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- The authors are encouraged to use **Mendeley** or to use a recent version of **EndNote** (version 5 and above) or **Reference Manager** (version 10) when formatting their reference list, as this allows references to be automatically extracted.
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Note:

Abbreviations

Abbreviations should be defined when mentioned for the first time in the paper and used consistently thereafter.