Preparation of Full Paper for IMSS'25 at Düzce University, Türkiye, 25-27 September 2025

First Author[1], Second Author[2] and Third Author[1]

[1] Name of Institution/Department, City, Country
author.one@institution.org, author.three@institution.org

[2] Name of Institution/Department, City, Country
author.two@institution.org

KEYWORDS - Keyword1, keyword2, keyword3, …. (4-8 keywords).

ABSTRACT

This file provides a template for writing papers for the symposium. The symposium proceedings will be published in an electronic format only and abstracts will also be printed to hand outs. The full paper in MS Word file shall be written in compliance with these instructions. An abstract not exceeding 500 words should appear on the top of the first page, after the title of the paper in chapter titled "Abstract" (without chapter number), after the names of the authors and the contact information of the corresponding author.

1 INTRODUCTION

It is expected that authors will submit carefully written and proofread material. Spelling and grammatical errors, as well as language usage problems, are not acceptable. There is no strict limitation to the number of pages, but it is suggested that the **paper length should not exceed 10 pages**.

Papers should clearly describe the background of the subject, the authors work, including the methods used, and concluding discussion on the importance of the work. Papers are to be prepared in English (British or American) and SI-units shall be used. Technical terms should be explained unless they may be considered to be known to the broader nuclear community. Acronyms should be written out at their first appearance.

2 PAPER FORMAT

The uniform outlook will help the reader to follow the proceedings. This can be obtained most easily if authors use this template file to construct their papers. Please note the following details: this template is an A4 format with 20 mm margins left, right, top and bottom. Header and footer shall be positioned 16 mm from the edge.

All text paragraphs should be single spaced, with first line intended by 10 mm. Double spacing should only be used before and after headings and subheadings as shown in this example. Position and style of headings and subheadings should follow this example. No spaces should be placed between paragraphs.

2.1 Header, Footer, Page Numbering

If this template is used when writing the full paper, headers and footers will be set automatically. Authors are only asked to replace the "**SX-YY**" number with the paper code that has been assigned when the abstract was accepted) on the header of the first page and on the footer of other pages in order to set a unique page number in the Proceedings.

2.2 Fonts

Papers should use 12-point Times New Roman font. The styles available are bold, italic and underlined.

It is recommended that text in figures is not smaller than 10-point font size.

2.3 Tables and Figures

Figure captions and table headings should be sufficient to explain the figure or table without needing to refer to the text. Figures and tables not cited in the text should not be presented. Styles Heading Table and Caption Figure are available in this template for tables and figures.

The following is the example for Table 1.

Table 1 Title of Example Table

Header	X	Improved
(Flow control valves) Air operated valves	4	Yes
Check valves	2	Yes
Line discharge check valves	4	Yes
Pump discharge check valves	3	Yes
Motor driven pumps	2	Yes
Motor driven pumps	2	No

Tables and figures should be placed close after their first reference in the text. All figures and tables should be numbered with Arabic numerals. Table headings should be centred above the tables. Figure captions should be centred below the figures.

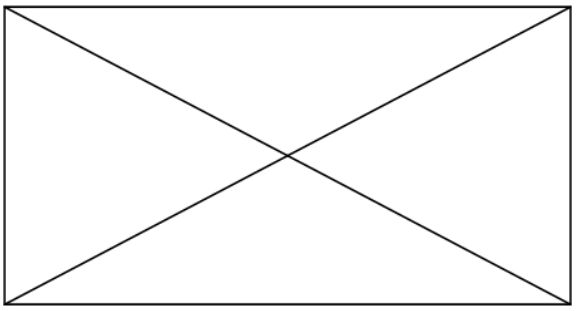

Figure 1: Caption for figure goes at the bottom

2.4 Equations

Each equation should be presented on a separate line from the text with a blank space above and below. Equations should be clear and expressions used should be explained in the text. The equations should be numbered consecutively at the outer right margin, as shown in Eq. (1) and (2) below. Here is one example. The number of different ways that a specified component can fail with *(k-1)* other components in a group of *m* similar components is:

$$\binom{m-1}{k-1} = \frac{(m-1)!}{(k-1)!(m-k)!} \tag{1}$$

Thus, the total failure probability, Q_t, of component in a common cause group of *m* components is:

$$Q_t = \sum_{k=1}^{m} \binom{m-1}{k-1} Q_k^{(m)} \tag{2}$$

2.5 Bibliography

References in the text should be indicated by Arabic numerals in square brackets that run consecutively through the paper. Authors should ensure that all references are cited in the text and vice versa. The reference list should contain only literature references; other information (e.g. experimental details) should be placed either in the body of the text, or as a footnote. Each reference should contain only one literature citation. Authors are expected to check the original source reference for accuracy. Journal titles should be abbreviated according to IEEE guidelines. See examples for journal articles [1], books [2], multi-author books [3], proceedings [4] and personal communications [5], shown in the **REFERENCES** section of this template and also https://ieeeauthorcenter.ieee.org/wp-content/uploads/IEEE-Reference-Guide.pdf.

3 CONCLUSION

Conclusions should state concisely the most important propositions of the paper as well as the author's views of the practical implications of the results.

REFERENCES

[1] A. Rezi and M. Allam, "Techniques in array processing by means of transformations, " in Control and Dynamic Systems, Vol. 69, Multidemsional Systems, C. T. Leondes, Ed. San Diego: Academic Press, 1995, pp. 133-180.

[2] G. O. Young, "Synthetic structure of industrial plastics," in Plastics, 2nd ed., vol. 3, J. Peters, Ed. New York: McGraw-Hill, 1964, pp. 15-64.

[3] S. M. Hemmington, Soft Science. Saskatoon: Univ. of Saskatchewan Press, 1997.

[4] N. Osifchin and G. Vau, "Power considerations for the modernization of telecommunications in Central and Eastern European and former Soviet Union (CEE/FSU) countries," in Second Int. Telecommunications Energy Special Conf., 1997, pp. 9-16.

[5] D. Sarunyagate, Ed., Lasers. New York: McGraw-Hill, 1996.

[6] O. B. R. Strimpel, "Computer graphics," in McGraw-Hill Encyclopedia of Science and Technology, 8th ed., Vol. 4. New York: McGraw-Hill, 1997, pp. 279-283.

[7] K. Schwalbe, Information Technology Project Management, 3rd ed. Boston: Course Technology, 2004.

[8] M. N. DeMers, Fundamentals of Geographic Information Systems, 3rd ed. New York: John Wiley, 2005.

[9] L. Vertelney, M. Arent, and H. Lieberman, "Two disciplines in search of an interface: Reflections on a design problem," in The Art of Human-Computer Interface Design, B. Laurel, Ed. Reading, MA: Addison-Wesley, 1990. Reprinted in Human-Computer Interaction (ICT 235) Readings and Lecture Notes, Vol. 1. Murdoch: Murdoch Univ., 2005, pp. 32-37.

[10] E. P. Wigner, "Theory of traveling wave optical laser," Physical Review, vol.134, pp. A635-A646, Dec. 1965.