

Coverage and Publication of INCHIPS in the Mass Media

(October - November 2024)

The Launch Ceremony of the Indonesia-China Partnership Studies (INCHIP) held at Atma Jaya University Yogyakarta (UAJY) on Wednesday (9/10) was a lively event. The ceremony was attended by UAJY's Rector, Dr. Gregorius Sri Nurhartanto, S.H., LL.M., John Wu, Director of Strategic Communication at Huawei Indonesia, Dr. Veronika S. Saraswati, Director of the Saraswati Institute, and others. This positive news was not only covered by local media such as [SI Jogja](#), [Kumparan](#), [Universitas Atma Jaya Yogyakarta](#), [Indonesia Window](#), and [BeritaBaru.co](#), but also by [CRI Online](#), [CGTN Indonesia](#), and [CGTN Indonesia China Radio International](#), which also spread the news.

INCHIP is optimistic about contributing to strengthening the strategic partnership between Indonesia and China, as reported by [Chinaneews.com](#), [Yogya Pos](#). According to [KR Jogja](#), the Indonesia-China cooperation is expected to play a significant role in achieving the "Golden Indonesia 2045" vision. This topic was further discussed by Antonius Sumarwan in his article published in [The Conversation](#). This partnership also provides opportunities for interaction between universities in Indonesia and China, giving Indonesian students and faculty a great chance to study in China. News about campus-to-campus cooperation has already been published in [Suara Merdeka Kedu](#) and [Radar Jogja](#).

INCHIP also addresses international issues, such as the visit of Indonesia's 8th President to China, which is seen as a positive signal for both countries. Reviews related to this topic can be found on the [China News Network](#) website. Additionally, articles discussing the potential and impact of the trilateral security partnership between Australia, the United Kingdom (UK), and the United States (US) (AUKUS), which could trigger an arms race in the Asia-Pacific region, have been published in [Global Times](#), [Antara](#), and [Warta Buana](#). In terms of the economy, an article in [Media Indonesia](#) outlines the impact of Singles Day (China's National Shopping Day) in boosting the country's economy and supporting the global supply chain.

INCHIPS Coverage and Publication in Mass Media

(December 2024)

Economy is the most studied topic at the end of 2024. Articles on China's economy have been published on *Kumparan* that cover issues ranging from digitalisation such as [innovation and regulation of China's digital economy](#), and [the role of the digital Yuan in China's economy](#), to strategic issues regarding [China's economic strategy: Made in China 2025](#). Several other articles discuss China's fantastic economic transformation starting from [how it happened](#), [China's economic development model](#), and one of the keys to the success of China's economic transformation called [Hybrid Economy](#). Articles on [China's current economic landscape](#) and [the new face of the Chinese economy, including China's failed ghost cities](#) have also been published.

Talking about the Chinese economy is endless. Several articles have been published on *Kompasiana* with equally interesting economic topics such as the role of [generation Z](#), [e-commerce](#), [small companies](#), and [mayors](#) in the economic dynamics of the Bamboo Curtain country are interesting to watch. Not to forget the discussion of the hidden aspects of China's economic [transformation from the manufacturing sector to high technology](#) which has become the pillar of the country's economy and its [resilience in maintaining its dominance after the co-19 pandemic](#).

Another article in [The Conversation](#) looks at China's economic growth based on meritocracy and the lessons that Indonesia can learn from it in accelerating its economic growth. Another article in [Berita Bernas](#) explores the role of villages in changing the face of China's economy. The hot issue of China's economic downturn is inevitable to follow, but not many people know what ace up their sleeve China has prepared to overcome the issue. Articles about China's ace card can be found on [WartaBuana](#) and [BeritaBaru.co](#).

China's impressive economic growth cannot be separated from its cultural aspects. An article on the culture and lifestyle of the Chinese people that drives the country's economic rise can be accessed at [Kompasiana](#). Of course, we can learn what Chinese cultural values can be modelled for the young generation of Indonesia who will be the successor of the nation as presented in the article published on [Kompasiana](#). In the modernisation era, China still maintains its traditions, even the inherited traditions contribute to the progress of China's Chinese economy today. An article discussing that issue has been published on [Kumparan](#).

One of the legacies of the imperial era that is still used today is the administrative system known as *tiaotiao-kuaikuai*. As written in an article published on [Kumparan](#), this system was so effective when handling covid-19 and led China to become the king of world infrastructure through one of its ambitious projects known as the Belt and Road Initiative (BRI). A review of BRI and its benefits for other countries including Indonesia has been published on [Kompasiana](#).

Not to forget the field of education in China, which turns out to be very influenced by things that are not expected. Such as the writing that has been published in [Kompasiana](#) which presents the idea of *bonum commune*—a term born in the West—contributing to Chinese education. On the other hand, the controversial one-child policy has also encouraged the creation of a competitive educational climate in the panda country. According to an article published on [Kumparan](#), no one expected that the population policy would have such a significant impact on Chinese education. Not only that, because this policy lasted longer than it should have, it affected China's social and economic landscape in unthinkable ways as mentioned in the article published in [Kumparan](#).

INCHIPS' Publication List:

INCHIPS Researchers:

- Raditya, Y. (2024). *Kartu As Tiongkok dalam Menghadapi Penurunan Ekonomi*. Berita Baru.co. <https://beritabaruc.co/kartu-as-tiongkok-dalam-menghadapi-penurunan-ekonomi/>.
- Raditya, Y. (2024). *Kartu As Tiongkok dalam Menghadapi Penurunan Ekonomi*. Warta Buana. <https://wartabuana.com/berita-global/687338/>.
- Raditya, Y. (2024). *Meningkatkan Kualitas Pendidikan Melalui Kebijakan Populasi*. Kumparan. <https://kumparan.com/jon-pohon/meningkatkan-kualitas-pendidikan-melalui-kebijakan-populasi-248RbTYIK93>.
- Sumarwan, A. (2024). *Cina tetap jadi mitra strategis kebijakan ekonomi luar negeri Indonesia*. The Conversation. <https://theconversation.com/cina-tetap-jadi-mitra-strategis-kebijakan-ekonomi-luar-negeri-indonesia-241907>
- Saraswati, V.S. (2024). 擦亮中印尼共建“一带一路”的金字招牌(国际论坛) (*Polishing the golden signboard of China-Indonesia joint construction of the "Belt and Road" (International Forum)*) <https://baijiahao.baidu.com/s?id=1817728553089887639&wfr=spider&for=pc>
- Saraswati, V.S. (2024). 开展互利共赢合作 促进亚太发展繁荣(国际论坛) (*Carry out mutually beneficial and win-win cooperation to promote the development and prosperity of the Asia-Pacific region (International Forum)*) http://paper.people.com.cn/rmrb/html/2024-11/19/nw.D110000renmrb_20241119_2-02.htm
- Saraswati, V.S. (2024). *Indonesian think tank analyzes peaceful foundations of China's development* http://en.chinadiplomacy.org.cn/2024-11/11/content_117538026.shtml
- Saraswati, V.S. (2024).【印尼】韦珍玉:东盟需要重新认识和评估“奥库斯”【Indonesia】*Wei Zhenyu: ASEAN needs to re-understand and re-evaluate "AUKUS"* <https://hqttime.huanqiu.com/share/article/4K1DjKoOpPX>
- Saraswati, V.S. (2024). 研究报告】AUKUS及其对东南亚安全稳定的影响 | 南大南海中心【Research Report】*AUKUS and its impact on security and stability in Southeast Asia | NTU South China Sea Center* <https://mp.weixin.qq.com/s/UAo6TIBQC3IUnzNtTa7Cow>
- Tjahjadi, A. M. (2024). *Adaptasi Konsep Meritokrasi untuk Akselerasi Pertumbuhan Ekonomi Dalam Negeri*. The Conversation. <https://theconversation.com/adaptasi-konsep-meritokrasi-untuk-akselerasi-pertumbuhan-ekonomi-dalam-negeri-243961>.

**Students Participating in The Economy of China Course in the Faculty of Economics,
Sanata Dharma University (Lecturer: Antonius Sumarwan, PhD)**

- Adhi, J. M. (2024). *Sumbangan Pemikiran Bonum Commune bagi Perkembangan Pemikiran China dalam Bidang Pendidikan*. Kompasiana.
<https://www.kompasiana.com/johanes31213/675bfb9c925c462f25f5fc2/sumbang-an-pemikiran-bonum-commune-bagi-perkembangan-pemikiran-china-dalam-bidang-pendidikan>.
- Alexander, J. Y., & Wicaksono, L. (2024). *Dinamika Ekonomi Digital di Tiongkok: Antara Inovasi dan Regulasi*. Kumparan.
<https://kumparan.com/justin-yuri-alexander/dinamika-ekonomi-digital-di-tiongkok-antara-inovasi-dan-regulasi-245fwzCZJqQ>.
- Azzahra, R., & Diandaputri, R. (2024). *"Hidden Champions", Perusahaan Kecil Tiongkok yang Menguasai Dunia*. Kompasiana.
<https://www.kompasiana.com/azzahrariastuti5166/675058a8c925c47e735a9232/hidden-champions-perusahaan-kecil-tiongkok-yang-menguasai-dunia>.
- Beka, M. K. (2024). *Digital Yuan: Senjata Baru Tiongkok dalam Perekonomian Global*. Kumparan.
https://kumparan.com/katarina-beka/245h3oI3iUi?utm_source=Desktop&utm_medium=copy-to-clipboard&shareID=ZMBMJo2rducx.
- Cornelia, D. (2024). *Dampak Kebijakan Satu Anak: Transformasi Demografis Tiongkok*. Kumparan.
<https://kumparan.com/dini-1730730656153509734/dampak-kebijakan-satu-anak-transformasi-demografis-tiongkok-245369qNt0d>.
- Gardina, R. (2024). *Melampaui Kapitalisme dan Sosialisme: Ekonomi Hybrid Tiongkok untuk Dunia*. Kumparan.
<https://kumparan.com/risma-gardina/melampaui-kapitalisme-dan-sosialisme-ekonomi-hybrid-tiongkok-untuk-dunia-240T6wdU2tA>.
- Handewi, P. W., & Kunia, A. E. (2024). *Wajah Baru Ekonomi Tiongkok: Dari Eksportir Murah ke Importir Strategis Global*. Kumparan.
<https://kumparan.com/pinan-wh/wajah-baru-ekonomi-tiongkok-dari-eksportir-murah-ke-investor-strategis-global-241sZCajITP>.
- Krisnawan, B. N. A., & Oktavian, A. D. (2024). *Model Pembangunan Unik Tiongkok: Antara Kapitalisme Negara dan Pasar Bebas*. Kumparan.
<https://kumparan.com/nosa-krisna/model-pembangunan-unik-tiongkok-antara-kapitalisme-negara-dan-pasar-bebas-242bqqLc5vg>.
- Kristianti, S. C. (2024). *Kisah Kota Hantu Tiongkok yang Gagal dan Pelajaran untuk IKN*. Kumparan. <https://kumparan.com/stevani-cheasa/240hir9OPZE>.
- Ladjar, T. T. (2024). *Budaya Masyarakat Tiongkok yang Menginspirasi bagi Generasi Muda Indonesia*. Kompasiana.
<https://www.kompasiana.com/theresiatutuladjar2336/675c0816ed641577e63bec52/budaya-masyarakat-tiongkok-yang-menginspirasi-bagi-generasi-muda-indonesia>.

- Lamawuran, G. J., & Sitorus, J. R. (2024). *Eksplorasi Tradisi Tiongkok Sebagai Penggerak Perekonomian Global*. Kumparan.
<https://kumparan.com/gabrielawuran04/eksplorasi-tradisi-tiongkok-sebagai-penggerak-perekonomian-global-244PCnH1Zal>.
- Maheswari, N. (2024). *Transformasi China: Negara Agraris menjadi Kekuatan Ekonomi Dunia*. Kumparan.
<https://kumparan.com/nathania-anya/transformasi-china-negara-agraris-menjadi-kekuatan-ekonomi-dunia-242Tc1dUxsi>.
- Mei, B. V., & Duru, I. M. M. (2024). *Sistem Tiaotiao Kuaikuai: Kunci Kekuatan Administratif Tiongkok*. Kumparan.
<https://kumparan.com/brigita-vivi/sistem-tiaotiao-kuaikuai-kunci-kekuatan-administratif-tiongkok-24CuLmUINdK/1>.
- Narwastu, A., & Fidiana, K. I. (2024). *Generasi Z di Tiongkok dan Ekonomi Digital Baru: Kebangkitan E-Commerce Melalui Livestream*. Kompasiana.
<https://www.kompasiana.com/fidiani1899/67599d9c34777c23d44097d2/generasi-z-di-tiongkok-dan-ekonomi-digital-baru-kebangkitan-e-commerce-melalui-livestream>
- Ndiwa, A. R., & Jagut, V. S. (2024). *Dinamika Ekonomi Walikota di Tiongkok: Antara Inovasi, Pertumbuhan, dan Transformasi*. Kompasiana.
<https://www.kompasiana.com/nonarollynndiwa6503/6759a9f234777c2729128073/dinamika-ekonomi-wali-kota-di-tiongkok-antara-inovasi-pertumbuhan-dan-transformasi>.
- Noni, E., & Lonno, J. (2024). *Mengungkap Peran Tiongkok dalam Perdagangan Elektronik Global: Bagaimana E-Commerce Mengubah Lanskap Ekonomi Dunia*. Kompasiana.
<https://www.kompasiana.com/elsawannoni9385/675ce286c925c4710b3d7702/mengungkap-peran-tiongkok-dalam-perdagangan-elektronik-global-bagaimana-e-commerce-mengubah-lanskap-ekonomi-dunia>.
- Oktavia, A. N. (2024). *Di Balik Kemajuan Ekonomi Tiongkok: Desa-Desa Digital Mengubah Wajah Bisnis Lokal*. Berita Bernas.
<https://beritabernas.com/di-balik-kemajuan-ekonomi-tiongkok-desa-desa-digital-mengubah-wajah-bisnis-lokal/>.
- Paskalina, H., & Siahaan, M. D. (2024). *Menyingkap Aspek Tersembunyi Ekonomi Tiongkok: Dari Manufaktur Massal ke Ekonomi Digital yang Mendominasi*. Kompasiana.
<https://www.kompasiana.com/hanna95920/675b18d5ed641565923e0992/menyingkap-aspek-tersembunyi-ekonomi-tiongkok-dari-manufaktur-massal-ke-ekonomi-digital-yang-mendominasi>.
- Poborini, M. P. (2024). *Menyongsong 2024: Ekonomi China dalam Fokus*. Kumparan.
https://kumparan.com/maura-paska/245SPyOk3sq?utm_source=Desktop&utm_medium=copy-to-clipboard&shareID=VQpIAahWcE74.
- Pranayadati, C. A. (2024). *Revolusi Industri China: Langkah Besar Menuju Dominasi Teknologi Dunia*. Kumparan.
<https://kumparan.com/cecillia-advenda/2450U9JOCKu>.

- Prima, P. (2024). *Budaya dan Pola Hidup Masyarakat China dalam Kebangkitan Ekonomi*. Kompasiana.
<https://www.kompasiana.com/pierinariri2096/675c018bed64151dda7b5a12/budaya-dan-pola-hidup-masyarakat-china-dalam-kebangkitan-ekonomi>.
- Saragih, U. (2024). *Ketangguhan Perekonomian Tiongkok Dalam Mempertahankan Dominasinya Pasca Pandemi*. Kompasiana.
<https://www.kompasiana.com/uziasaragih3412/675a9ed5ed64154363787052/ketangguhan-perekonomian-tiongkok-dalam-mempertahankan-dominasinya-pasca-pandemi>.
- Vidi, F., & Sungkalang, G. N. (2024). *Inisiatif Sabuk dan Jalan: Apa Manfaatnya bagi China*. Kompasiana.
<https://www.kompasiana.com/ferdolinvidi2806/67571e73ed6415213c3e83b2/inisiatif-sabuk-dan-jalan-apa-manfaatnya-bagi-china>.