

Newton's gravitational law

Useful data

$$G = 6.67 \times 10^{-11} \text{ N m}^2 \text{ kg}^{-2}$$

$$\text{Earth's mass} = 5.97 \times 10^{24} \text{ kg}$$

$$\text{Moon's mass} = 7.34 \times 10^{22} \text{ kg}$$

$$\text{Sun's mass} = 2.0 \times 10^{30} \text{ kg}$$

$$\text{Radius of the Moon} = 1.64 \times 10^6 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{Radius of the Earth} = 6.37 \times 10^6 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{Earth-Moon distance} = 3.8 \times 10^5 \text{ km}$$

$$\text{Earth-Sun distance} = 1.5 \times 10^8 \text{ km}$$

1. You may sometimes find it difficult to get up from the sofa after watching a TV programme. Assuming the force of gravity acts between the centre of your body and the centre of the sofa, estimate the attraction between you and your sofa.

Answer =

Units =

2. A gravitational field at a point in space is 50 N kg^{-1} . If an electron were placed at that point, what force and acceleration would it feel?

Answer =

Units =

3. At what distance apart would two equal masses of 150 kg need to be placed for the force between them to be $2.0 \times 10^{-5} \text{ N}$?

Answer =

Units =

4. Calculate the gravitational pull of the Earth on each of the following bodies:
the Moon;

Answer =

Units =

satellite A with mass 100 kg at a distance from the Earth's centre 4.2×10^7 m;

Answer =

Units =

and satellite B mass 80 kg at a distance from the Earth's centre 8.0×10^6 m.

Answer =

Units =

5. Show that the unit for G , the universal gravitational constant, can be expressed as $\text{m}^3 \text{s}^{-2} \text{kg}^{-1}$.

Answer =

Units =

6. Calculate the weight of an astronaut whose mass (including spacesuit) is 72 kg on the Moon?

Answer =

Units =

What is the astronaut's weight on Earth?

Answer =

Units =

Comment on the difference.

7. Show that the pull of the Sun on the Moon is about 2.2 times larger than the pull of the Earth on the Moon.

Answer =

Units =

8. Why then does the Moon orbit the Earth?

Answer =

Units =

The American space agency, NASA, plans to send a manned mission to Mars later this century. Mars has a mass 6.42×10^{23} kg and a radius 3.38×10^6 m. $G = 6.67 \times 10^{-11} \text{ N m}^2 \text{ kg}^{-2}$

9. (a) The mass of a typical astronaut plus spacesuit is 80 kg. What would be the gravitational force acting on such an astronaut standing on the surface of Mars?

Answer =

Units =

(b) State whether an astronaut on Mars would feel lighter or heavier than on Earth.

10. Two masses of 3.0 kg and 2.3 kg are separated by a distance of 9.0 m. A third mass of 2.3 kg is placed on the straight line between the first two masses at a distance of 3.0 m from the 3.0 kg mass. What is the net (resultant) force on the middle mass?

Answer =

Units =