

The Title Is Placed Here With The The Initial Of The Word Are Capital Letters Except The Conjunctions

(The title is no more than 10 words. Use Microsoft Word with style: article title)

Author^{1,a)} Author^{2,3)}
(Use Microsoft Word with the same style : author)

¹Author's affiliation (use Microsoft Word style: Author's affiliation)

^{a)}author correspondence : xxxx@alamatemail.xxx

²second Author's affiliation (use Microsoft Word style: Author's affiliation)

³third Author's affiliation (use Microsoft Word style: Author's affiliation)

⁴fourth Author's affiliation and (use Microsoft Word style: Author's affiliation)

DOI: <https://doi.org/10.21107/ilkom.v17i1.15408>

ABSTRACT

Abstracts in the Journal Communicators are divided into 2, namely abstracts of English at the beginning and abstracts of Indonesian in the second. English abstracts are placed in the first abstract. Using past tense

(abstract format using Microsoft Word style: *Abstract*)

Keywords: keyword 1; keyword 2; keyword 3; keyword 4; keyword 5

Article

History:

Received

July 07th 2022

Revised

March 25th
2023

Accepted

March 27th
2023

ABSTRAK

Abstracts are limited to 200 words. Contains research background, object studied and research findings. End with keywords with semicolon separators. Maximum keywords are 5 keywords.

Keywords: keyword 1; keyword 2; keyword 3; keyword 4; keyword 5

Cite this as (APA Style):

Aulia, Inayah. (2023). Comparison of Alshad Ahmad's Reporting Framing on Media Kompasiana and Okecelebrity. *Jurnal Komunikasi*, 18(1), 1-11. doi: <https://doi.org/10.21107/ilkom.v17i1.15408>

INTRODUCTION

(“Introduction” use Microsoft Word style: *Heading 1*)

Content the introduction using Microsoft Word style: paragraph. The font used is the Times New Roman with a font size of 10 points.

Introduction contains are follow;

1. Introduction must contain a clear background, such as a problem statement and relevant literature on the topic.
2. There is an element of novelty, innovation and explanation of why this research is important to study.
3. Introduction contains research objectives and research questions.
4. In the Introduction, explain the focus of the study. Example; study of multicultural communication, media studies, health communication studies, tourism communication studies and so on.
5. In Introduction must present a relevant theory or concept. The literature is prioritized to cite textbooks, electronic books, journals, or in the form of research reports. Prioritize the latest issue.
6. May be self-citation, but based on the same research before. Maximum 1 (one) citation.
7. **Cite one of the articles in the Communicator Journal, at least 1 (one) article.**
8. Able to link research with literature.

Quotes in the Communicator Journal use the APA style, as follows

1. The last name followed by the year and the quote page, for example (Mulyana, 2003).
2. Citations use two names (Littlejohn and Foss, 2005)
3. Consisting of three names, then write the last name in the name of the first author (Rakhmat, et al., 1998). The same thing if the author is more than three.

It is recommended to use Mendeley, endnote or zatura to facilitate citation. Use APA Style.

METHODS

(“research methods” using capital letters, use Microsoft Word style: *Heading 2*)

Content of reseach methods use Microsoft Word style : *paragraph*.

The research method contains are follow;

1. How data is collected.
2. When is the data collected.
3. Explanation of sample profiles.

RESULT AND DISCUSSION

(Result and Discussion use Microsoft Word style: *Heading 1*)

Result and Discussion are research findings and analysis of researchers. The contents of Result and Discussion using Microsoft Word Style: Paragraph.

In Result and Discussion, it contains the following ;

1. Result ;
 - Answering research questions.
 - Findings can be equipped with tables, graphs, illustrations and the like to facilitate explanation.
2. Discussion ;
 - What happens to objects after the phenomenon.
 - Describe findings more specifically by explaining relevant research data.
 - Discuss findings with relevant literature review.
3. Discussions can be made in sub-sections.

The direct quotation procedure is as follows;

1. Direct quotes are made if the sentence quoted is more than 3 lines.
2. Direct quotes using Microsoft Word style: direct quote

“Tourism is a total number of phenomena and the emergence of relationships from interactions between tourists, business supply, local government, local communities, universities, education communities and non-governmental organizations, in the process of interacting transportation, lodging and managing tourists and other visitors” (Weaver dan Oppeman, 2000:3)

Numbering using Microsoft Word style : *paragraph (number)*, so also if you want to use bullets using Microsoft Word style : *paragraph (bullet)*

Sub Discussion

(the sub discussion contains sub-headings in the discussion. Written in a sentence with a capital letter prefix. Using Microsoft Word style : *heading 2*)

Position the image using the center. If more than one picture is sorted (a), (b), (c), and so on. Image captions begin with the word "**figure**", accompanied by a picture number with **bold** text. Information is placed **below** the image with Microsoft Word Style : *(image and table)*



Figure 1. (a) Explain the picture referred to above. (b) if more than one picture, mention the new letter image description. (source)

For tables using the center. The caption begins with the word "table", accompanied by a table number with **bold** text. Information is placed **above** the table with Microsoft Word style: images and tables)

Table 1. Put description below the table

Title Column	Title Column	Title Column
	X	x
	X	x
	X	x

CONCLUSION

(CONCLUSION using Microsoft Word style: *Heading 1*)

Content of the Conclusion using Microsoft Word style: paragraph. The font used is the Times New Roman with a font size of 10 points.

The conclusions contain the research implications for the study, as follows;

1. Can be a positive change.
2. The possibilities of a problem occur based on the findings.
3. Policy implications.
4. Research implications in the form of concepts, theories, or methods for the development of further communication studies. For example; What are your

research findings for the contribution of cultural communication studies / health communication / interpersonal communication and so on.

The terms of the articles received are as follows ;

1. **Articles of at least 5000 words and a maximum of 7000 words. Includes titles, abstracts, contents of articles and references**
2. **Pay Rp. 400,000 for the purpose of translating English. (Information awaits university policy)**
3. **Payments are made after the official article will be published in the closest edition. Sent to an account in the name xxxxxxxxx (Information awaits university policy)**
4. **No. Account xxxxxxxxx (Information awaits university policy)**
5. **Send proof and confirmation has been transferred to one of the numbers below;
085645471191 (onik)**

REFERENCES

(REFERENCES using microsoft word style : *Heading 1*)

Content of references using Microsoft Word Style : *reference*. Sort in alphabetical order from the prefix A to the last letter Z. **Not separated between books, journals, or other sources.**

It is recommended to use Endnote, Mendeley or Zatura. Use APA Style

Must submit articles in Communicator Journal, at least 1 article

Example of writing a bibliography manually:

Book (one author)

Last name, initial name (year), book title, place of publication, publication company
Griffin, EM (2003), *A First Look at Communication Theory*, USA, McGraw Hill Corp.

Book (two authors)

Last name, first name, and last name, first name (year), Book Title, place of publication, publication company.

Adimihardja, Kusnaka, dan Hikmat, Harry, (2003), *Participatory Research Appraisal: dalam Pelaksanaan Pengabdian kepada Masyarakat*, Bandung, Humaniora.

Book (more than two authors)

Last name, first name, last name, first name, last name, first name, (year), book title, place of publication, publication company.

Giyarsih, Sri Rum., Listinyaningsih, Umi., Budiani, Sri Rahayu, (2013), *Aspek Sosial Banjir Lahar*, Yogyakarta, Gadjah Mada University Press.

Book collection of writings

Last name, initial name (eds.) (Year), book title, place of publication, publication company.

Mansfeld, Yoel dan Pizam, Abraham (eds.)(2006), *Tourism, Security and Safety : from Theory to Practic*, USA ELSEVIER.

Translation book

Last name, first name, (year of book used), book title, (name of translator), place of publication, publication company.

Yin, Robert, k, (2006), *Studi Kasus, Desain dan Metode*, (Penerjemah M. Djauzi Mudzakir), Jakarta, Rajawali Press.

Journal (one author)

Last name, initial name (year), article title, journal name, volume: journal page

Sharpley, R (2006), *Ecotourism: A Consumption Perspective*, Journal of Ecotourism, vol. 1 No. 2: 7- 22.

Journal (two authors)

Last name, first name, and last name, first name (year), Article title, Journal name, volume: journal page.

Priowidodo, Gatut dan Luik, Jandy, (2014), *Communicating Disaster Mitigation Literacy to Coastal Communities in Pacitan, Indonesia*, American International Journal of Research in Humanities, Arts and Social Sciences, Vol. 5 No. 2 : 245-248.

Journal (more than two authors)

Last name, first name, last name, first name, last name, first name, (year), article title, journal name, Journal volume: journal page.

Lopez, Muguel Tunuez., Altamirano, Veronica., Valarezo, Karina P., (2016), *Collaborative Tourism Communication 2.0: Promotion, Advertising and Interactivity in Government Tourism websites in Latin America*, Revista latina de Comunicacion Social No.71 : 249-271

website (one author)

Last name, first name, (year), Title, website page URL.

Muktaf, Zein Mufarrih (2016), *Teknik Penelitian Studi Kasus, Etnografi, dan Fenomenologi dalam Metode Kualitatif*,
https://www.academia.edu/33411054/Teknik_Penelitian_Studi_Kasus_Etnografi_dan_Fenomenologi_dalam_Metode_Kualitatif

Website (two authors)

Last name, first name, and last name, first name (year), Title, website page URL

Muktaf, Zein Mufarrih dan Junaedi, Fajar, (2014), *Pertarungan Wacana dalam Representasi Identitas Keistimewaan Yogyakarta dalam Iklan Politik Luar Ruang Pemilu 2014*,
https://www.academia.edu/27169692/Pertarungan_Wacana_dalam_Representasi_Identitas_Keistimewaan_Yogyakarta_dalam_Iklan_Politik_Luar_Ruang_Pemilu_2014