Small Business Fair Dismissal Code

Commencement

The Small Business Fair Dismissal Code came into operation on 1 July 2009.

Application

The Fair Dismissal Code applies to small business employers with fewer than 15 employees (calculated on a simple headcount of all employees including casual employees who are employed on a regular and systematic basis). Small business employees cannot make a claim for unfair dismissal in the first 12 months following their engagement. If an employee is dismissed after this period and the employer has followed the Code then the dismissal will be deemed to be fair.

Employees who have been dismissed because of a business downturn or their position is no longer needed cannot bring a claim for unfair dismissal. However, the redundancy needs to be genuine. Re-filling the position with a new employee is not a genuine redundancy. The requirements for determining whether a dismissal was a genuine redundancy are contained in section 389 of the Fair Work Act. The Small Business Fair Dismissal Code Checklist attached to this document can assist in determining whether a redundancy is a genuine redundancy.

Further information on the application of the Code, genuine redundancy and unfair dismissal is available at www.fairwork.gov.au or by contacting the Fair Work Infoline on 13 13 94.

The Code

Summary Dismissal

It is fair for an employer to dismiss an employee without notice or warning when the employer believes on reasonable grounds that the employee's conduct is sufficiently serious to justify immediate dismissal. Serious misconduct includes theft, fraud, violence and serious breaches of occupational health and safety procedures. For a dismissal to be deemed fair it is sufficient, though not essential, that an allegation of theft, fraud or violence be reported to the police. Of course, the employer must have reasonable grounds for making the report.

Other Dismissal

In other cases, the small business employer must give the employee a reason why he or she is at risk of being dismissed. The reason must be a valid reason based on the employee's conduct or capacity to do the job.

The employee must be warned verbally or preferably in writing, that he or she risks being dismissed if there is no improvement.

The small business employer must provide the employee with an opportunity to respond to the warning and give the employee a reasonable chance to rectify the problem, having regard to the employee's response. Rectifying the problem might involve the employer providing additional training and ensuring the employee knows the employer's job expectations.

Procedural Matters

In discussions with an employee in circumstances where dismissal is possible, the employee can have another person present to assist. However, the other person cannot be a lawyer acting in a professional capacity.

A small business employer will be required to provide evidence of compliance with the Code if the employee makes a claim for unfair dismissal to Fair Work Australia, including evidence that a warning has been given (except in cases of summary dismissal). Evidence may include a completed checklist, copies of written warning(s), a statement of termination or signed witness statements.

Small Business Fair Dismissal Code Checklist

The Checklist is a tool to help small business employers comply with the Small Business Fair Dismissal Code. Completing the Checklist does not mean that the Code has been complied with, nor is it a requirement of the Code that the Checklist be completed. However, completing the Checklist will help small business employers assess and record their reasons for dismissing an employee. It is in the interests of the employer to complete this checklist at the time of dismissal and to keep it in case of a future unfair dismissal claim.

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	und	ployers should read the Code before completing the Checklist, ensuring they derstand their procedural obligations under the Code. Meeting these obligations is an cortant factor in complying with the Code.
1.		w many employees are employed in the business? (Include the dismissed employee and other employee dismissed at the same time).
	€	Under 15 employees
	€	15 employees or more
	[If t	under 15 employees, the Fair Dismissal Code applies.]
2.		s the employee been employed in this business as a full-time, part-time or regular casual ployee for 12 months or more?
	€	Yes
	€	No
	[If I	No, the employee cannot make an unfair dismissal claim.]
3.		d you dismiss the employee because you didn't require the person's job to be done by one because of changes in the operational requirements of the business?
	€	Yes
	€	No

If Yes YES

	a. Did you comply with any requirements to consult about the redundancy in the modern award, enterprise agreement or other industrial instrument that applied to the employment?	€	€
	b. Did you consider if the employee could have been redeployed in your business or the business of an associated entity?	€	€
4.	Do any of the following statements apply?		
	I dismissed the employee because I believed on reasonable grounds that:	YES	NO
	a. The employee was stealing money or goods from the business.	€	€
	b. The employee defrauded the business.	€	€
	c. The employee threatened me or other employees, or clients, with violence, or actually carried out violence in the workplace.	€	€
	d. The employee committed a serious breach of occupational health and safety procedures.	€	€

5. Did you dismiss the employee for some other form of serious misconduct?

€	Yes				
€	No				
If Yes, what was the reason?					
			_		
_					
_					
	you answered Yes to any question in parts 3, 4 o	r 5, you are not	required to ansv	wer the	
re	any discussion with the employee where dismiss equest to have a support person present, who was apacity?	-			
€	Yes				
€	No				
7. If	If Yes, did you agree to that request?				
€	Yes				
€	No				
	id you dismiss the employee because of the emplerformance or capacity to do the job?	oyee's unsatisfac	tory conduct,		
€	Yes				
€	No				
If Y	'es	YES	NO		
a.	Did you clearly warn the employee (either verbally or in writing) that the employee was not doing the job properly and would have to	€	€		

8.

improve his or her conduct or performance, or otherwise be dismissed?

b.	Did you provide the employee with a reasonable amount of time to improve his or her performance or conduct? If yes, how much time was given?	€	€
c.	Did you offer to provide the employee with any training or opportunity to develop his or her skills?	€	€
d.	Did the employee subsequently improve his or her performance or conduct?	€	€
e.	Before you dismissed the employee, did you tell the employee the reason for the dismissal and give him or her an opportunity to respond?	€	€
f.	Did you keep any records of warning(s) made to the employee or of discussions on how his or her conduct or performance could be improved? Please attach any supporting documentation.	€	€
Di	d you dismiss the employee for some other reason?		
€	Yes		
€	No		
lf `	Yes, what was the reason?		

9.

			_
			_
	Did the employee volu	ntarily resign or abandon his or her employment?	
€	Yes		
€	No		
€ If Ye	/es, please provide detai	ls	
DE	CLARATION		
I d	eclare that I believe ever	y statement or response in this checklist to be true.	
		Date	

Updated 1 January 2011